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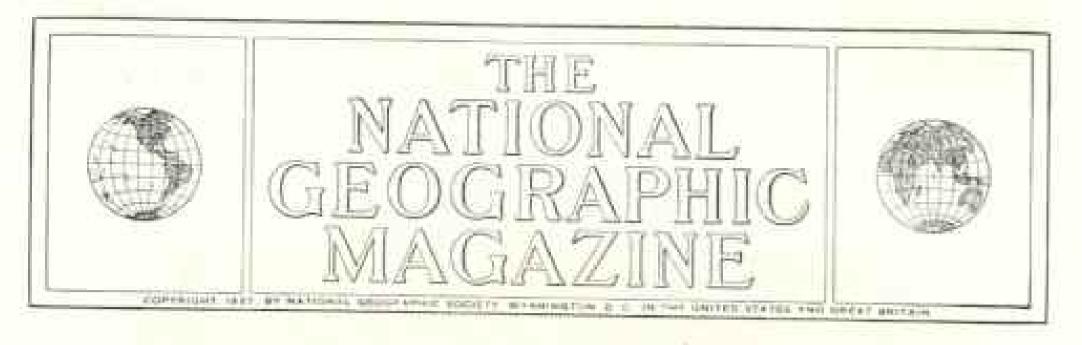
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# A MARYLAND PILGRIMAGE

Visits to Hallowed Shrines Recall the Major Rôle Played by This Prosperous State in the Development of Popular Government in America

By Gilbert Grosvenor, LL. D., Litt. D.

President National Geographic Society

ANTHOR OF "THE HAWAITAN ISLANDS," "THE LAND OF THE BEAT," "PEARY'S POLIS EXPLORATIONS IN THE STAR NORTH," "YOURK RUSSIA," "THE CAPITOL. WOMER BUILDING OF THE WILLS," EYES, IN THE NATIONAL GREENING MAGAZINE

HE visitor to Maryland, motoring over the thousands of miles of her splendid highways, soon discovers that the Old Line State is a delightful geographic miniature of America.

Her Eastern Shore is as level as any prairie State and, under modern cultivation, becomes as fertile. Southern Maryland, romantic with manorial mansions that are centuries old, is a counterpart of tidewater Virginia and the old South.

The rolling green fields and forested hills of Montgomery and Frederick counties remind one of the Blue Grass country of Kentucky and of the loveliest valleys of New York and New England, while the long climbs of Big Savage Mountain, Negro Mountain, and Keysers Ridge have made many a Western motorist feel that they were as high as the Rockies and the Sierra Nevada (see Special Map Supplement with this number).

Her tiny area is a museum of geology, disclosing the most ancient rocks of our globe and others still in the process of making, and running the scale through every major geological epoch.

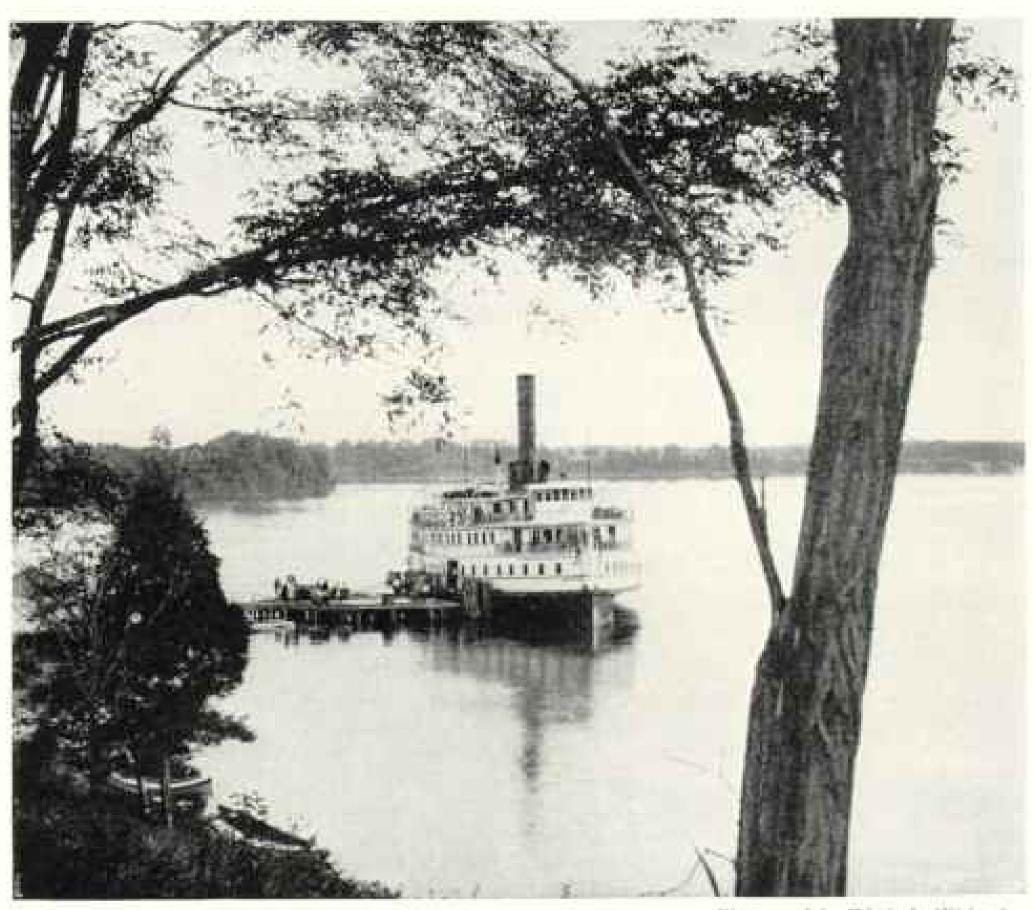
From little St. Marys, where the colonists of the Ark and the Dore established the first community in the world where Protestant and Catholic could worship in friendship together, in an age when Europe was red with blood shed in the name of religion, to the mountains of Western Maryland, where George Washington, fighting the Indians, gained his first military experience, a continuous panorama unfolds of colonial landmarks and scenes sacred and momentous in our national life.

In this State, whose finest tradition is tolerance, intellectual giants and bigsouled men and women originated notable principles of government and new ideals of human society.

MOST LIBERAL CHARTER EVER GRANTED BY AN ENGLISH SOVEREIGN

It is impossible definitely to fix the date when white men first saw what is now Maryland.

But certainly the Chesapeake Bay region was carefully explored by Captain John Smith, of Jamestown, in 1608. In that year he went up one side of the bay and down the other, going up the rivers and inlets as he pushed onward. He visited what is now the site of Baltimore and



Photograph by Edwin L. Wisherd

# ST. MARYS RIVER, WHERE THE MARYLAND COLONISTS DISEMBARKED

The high bluffs of a beautiful river, which he named St. Marys, was the site chosen by Leonard Calvert for the first settlement. Here he found a long-established Indian village set in the midst of fertile fields, already cultivated and ready for the plow. By singular good fortune the Indians had made plans to migrate, and were delighted to sell their lands to Calvert for a quantity of axes, hoes, and broadcloth (see, also, text, page 141).

sailed up the Patapsco River. He also went up the Potomac as far, at least, as Indian Head.

After the rigors of the Newfoundland climate had ended his hopes of establishing a colony there, and after Virginia had refused to receive him unless he took the oath of spiritual allegiance to the King of England, Sir George Calvert, the first Lord Baltimore, went back to London and asked the king for a part of the unsettled region north of the Potomac River.

This was granted him, and also a charter (which he wrote himself) that entitled him to set up a palatinate, with the most ample rights and privileges ever conferred by a sovereign of England. Under it, all that the Crown retained was feudal supremacy. Two Indian arrows and a fifth of the gold and silver produced were the sole annual tribute required as a gesture of fealty to the king. Beyond that, the Proprietor was given sovereign powers and the colonists were to retain all the rights of Englishmen.

# SAILING INTO COLONIAL SCENES

Impressed by the crescent form of the southern boundary of the territory granted him by his friend Charles I, Lord Baltimore decided to call it Crescentia. The king, however, wanted to honor his wife, Queen Henrietta Maria, and Maryland the colony became.



Photograph by Edwin L. Wisherd

# A PLACE FOR PILGRIMAGE ST. MARYS CITY

The tall monument stands on the site of the old mulherry tree under which Leonard Calvert signed the treaty by which he bought 30 miles from the Indian king in 1634. The square stones mark the corners of the first statehouse of Maryland. By automobile St. Marys City is 80 miles from Washington, over good roads.

The first Lord Baltimore dying before he could take advantage of his grant, the title was confirmed to his son Cecil.

Maryland had its beginnings between the Potomac River and Chesapeake Bay, and the events that transpired in that peninsula have had such a vital bearing on the destiny of the United States and the course of human history that one needs to journey hither who would understand the rôle of this fine old State in the making of America.

To resurrect the colonial scene and to absorb its atmosphere to best advantage, one should leave his motor car behind and wander down the Potomac and up the Chesapeake aboard one of the little trading steamers which wend their way to all the sturdy landings that reach out of the colonial past for their not-too-frequent contacts with the twentieth-century world.

For while modern Maryland, for the most part, turns its back on the Bay and its tributaries and faces the splendid highways of the present, which have had to keep inland to avoid broad, unbridgeable tidal inlets, historic Maryland gratefully faced the shore that was its great highway to the world beyond the sea and clung close to it.

Forty miles in forty hours—from Washington to Baltimore between Satur-



Phongraph by Edwin I., Wisherd

ROLLING A HOGSHEAD OF TOBACCO DOWN TO THE LEONARDTOWN WHARF FOR SHIPMENT TO BALTIMORE

Leonardtown is the county seat of St. Marys County. The tobacco is rolled down to the landings in great hogsheads to-day, just as it has been for nearly 300 years.

day afternoon and Monday morning! No. the steamer is not so unreasonably slow as it would seem; for its course must thread a dozen tidal rivers and lakelike bays to visit the creaking landings that have survived the centuries and still offer squires; the coachman's whip cracks over their commerce to the outside world. During those forty hours one lives again the life of another age and is in touch with a by-gone social system.

#### WHERE THE PAST COMES BACK

"Again," in the inimitable words of Wilstach, "the vivid features of the early days assert themselves; the canoes of the Indians dart along the river; the shallops of John Smith and other adventurers sail its course; the pinnaces of Lord Baltimore search its shores and find a haven; the square-rigged ships from England bring luxuries and dainties to the planters and their dames; the landings creak and bend or straighten and steady under the tobacco cargoes; the plantations renew the life of plenty and ease and splendor; the big-wigged cavaliers and

the brocaded ladies people the lofty porticoes and broad halls of stately mansions; the candles twinkle and the fiddles scrape the measures of the minuet and reel; the foxes fly before the pink-coated hunting leader and wheel horse, as the coaches roll off to weddings and routs." \*

The Potomac in that classic day was a paradise of game and teemed with divers kinds of fishes. Captain John Smith found fish so abundant that he essayed fishing with a frying pan, but could not keep them from jumping out, and changed to spearing them with his sword!

The trip begins as we set sail, leaving the Capital City astern. Presently the frowning bastions of Fort Washington appear, at the mouth of Piscataway Creek. Upon the site of the parade ground of that fort, which the Government is now arranging to abandon and patriotic citizens are seeking to preserve as a national park, Father White, who was the Andrew

" "Potomac Landings," by Paul Wilstach, Doubleday, Page & Company.



THE FIRST TRAVELING LIBRARY IN AMERICA WAS FOUNDED AT HAGERSTOWN. MARYLAND

The Washington County Free Library at Hagerstown has the distinction of being the first county library to be operated in the country. Stations are established in the small towns in the county, supplied with books from the central library, and a "book wagon," especially planned to carry nearly a thousand volumes, makes regular trips throughout the county with a house-tohouse delivery of books. It was mangurated in 1902.

Bradford and Captain Smith of Mary- from the sovereign weed, but from the land chroniclers, tells us that Governor Leonard Calvert held a powwow with the king of the Piscataways, as his first act in establishing friendly relations with the Indians.

River comes down Port Tobacco through the hills to meet us, with its memories of John Hanson, of Mulberry Grove, President of the United States in Congress Assembled, 1781-1782; Thomas Stone, of Habre de Venture, signer of the Declaration of Independence, and of Dr. James Craik, who saved Washington's life in Braddock's defeat and attended him until his death.

# WHERE "KING ENTERTAINER" LIVED

Many of the fine old manor houses survive, but the years have closed the stream to modern navigation, although it once was deep enough for the four-masted barques from England and did a thriving trade in tobacco. It got its name, not, it is said,

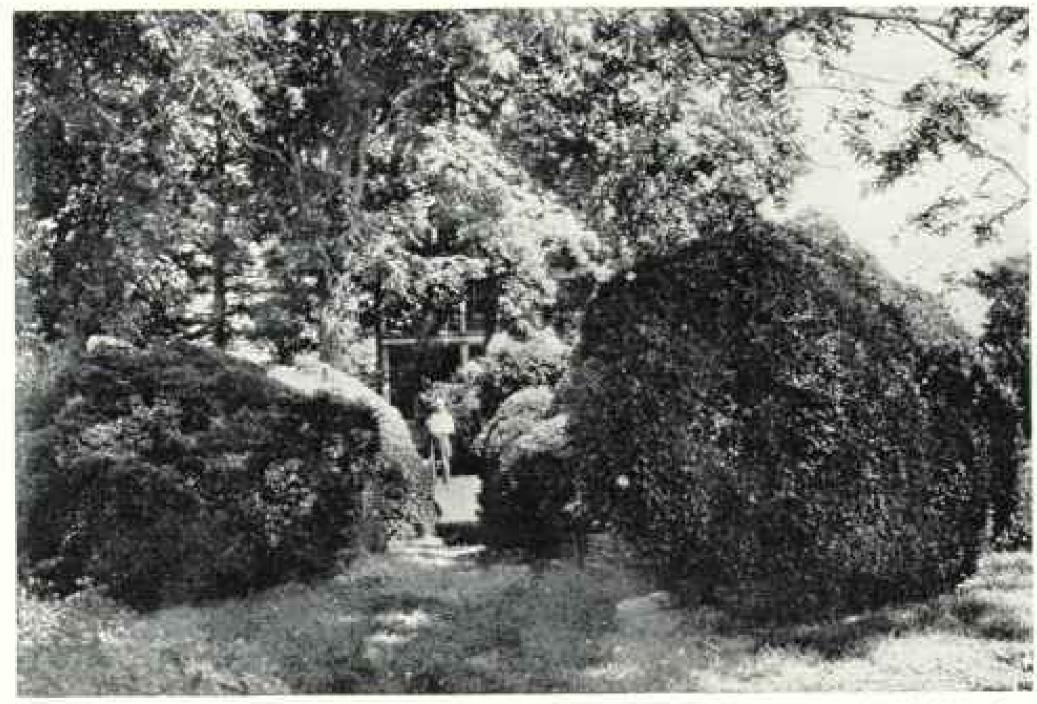
tribe of Indians who once lived therethe Portobacks,

Just before reaching Morgantown, Mount Republican appears beyond a headland, and what memories the walls of this old house could relate if they could speak! For here lived and ruled, history notes, Franklin Weems, known as King Entertainer of Southern Maryland. It is: said that he had a hundred foxhounds in his pack; that be maintained a card game which lasted forty years; that he kept a cellar stocked with fifty barrels of the best brandies and the choicest wines, for the landed gentry or casual traveler coming his way, and he so loved youth and happiness about him that he gave a party for the young people three times a week.

Hard Bargain stands on a bluff overlooking the Wicomico, Gwinn Harris and his wife, Kitty Root Harris, lived near by. When they came to celebrate their golden wedding, so the legend runs, Mr.



Photograph by Gilbert Grossware CROSS MANOR, THE OLDEST HOUSE IN MARYLAND, BUILT IN 1642 BY THOMAS CORNWALEYS, DEPUTY GOVERNOR



Photograph by Edwin L. Winherd

# BOXWOOD HEDGES NEARLY 300 YEARS OLD

One of the finest features of Cross Manor, near St. Marys City, is its boxwood. The bushes were planted shortly after the first settlement on Maryland soil, and in the succeeding three centuries they have grown to treelike proportions (see, also, text, page 141).



Phongraph by Edwin I., Wisberd

#### IN THE HARBOR, SOLOMONS ISLAND

The planters of Maryland's colonial days were not harassed with the problem of good roads, for their estates were so placed that they had deep water at their very doors, insuring direct communication with their neighbors and with England.

Harris promised his brother Tom that if he would drink a glass of wine to Kitty's health on that occasion he would buy the Diggs estate for him and build him a fine house, with bricks imported from England, Tom Harris agreed, and his brother fulfilled his promise. History is regrettably silent as to why Tom should christen his place Hard Bargain, but suspicion has never accredited the name to the quality of the wine served him.

One wishes the steamer would go up the Wicomico as far as Chaptico, for in the churchyard there sleeps a dashing pirate whose dying request was that he be buried standing up!

Late in the night Blakistone Island (known as St. Clement's Island in colonial days) is picked up by an obliging searchlight, and one can fancy he sees coming out of the darkness of the past the Ark and the Dove, bearing the founders of Maryland, commanded by Governor Leonard Calvert, brother of Sir Cecil Calvert, Second Lord Baltimore.

On seeing the Ark, the larger ship, the

Indian scouts reported that the white men had come "in a canoe as big as an island, with so many men as there are trees in a wood." Whereupon every tribe of Indians lit its council fires in consternation.

Never did they cease "wondering, where in the world a tree had grown large enough to be carved into a ship of such huge size; for they supposed it had been cut out from a single trunk of a tree, like an Indian canoe."

#### LANDING ON BLAKISTONE ISLAND

A landing was made March 25, 1634; a huge cross, hewn out of a tree, was erected, with prayers and thanksgiving, and solemn and formal possession of the land, both in the name of the spiritual Christ and the temporal king, was taken.

The waters around the island were shallow and had to be approached in shallops. A hoatload of womenfolk going ashore to stage Maryland's first wash day was overturned. Some of the women narrowly escaped drowning, and Governor Calvert reported much linen lost,



Photograph from Edward Padgett

GALLANT KNIGHTS JOUSTING IN HERRING CHEEK PARISH, MARYLAND
This tournament sport goes back to old English times.

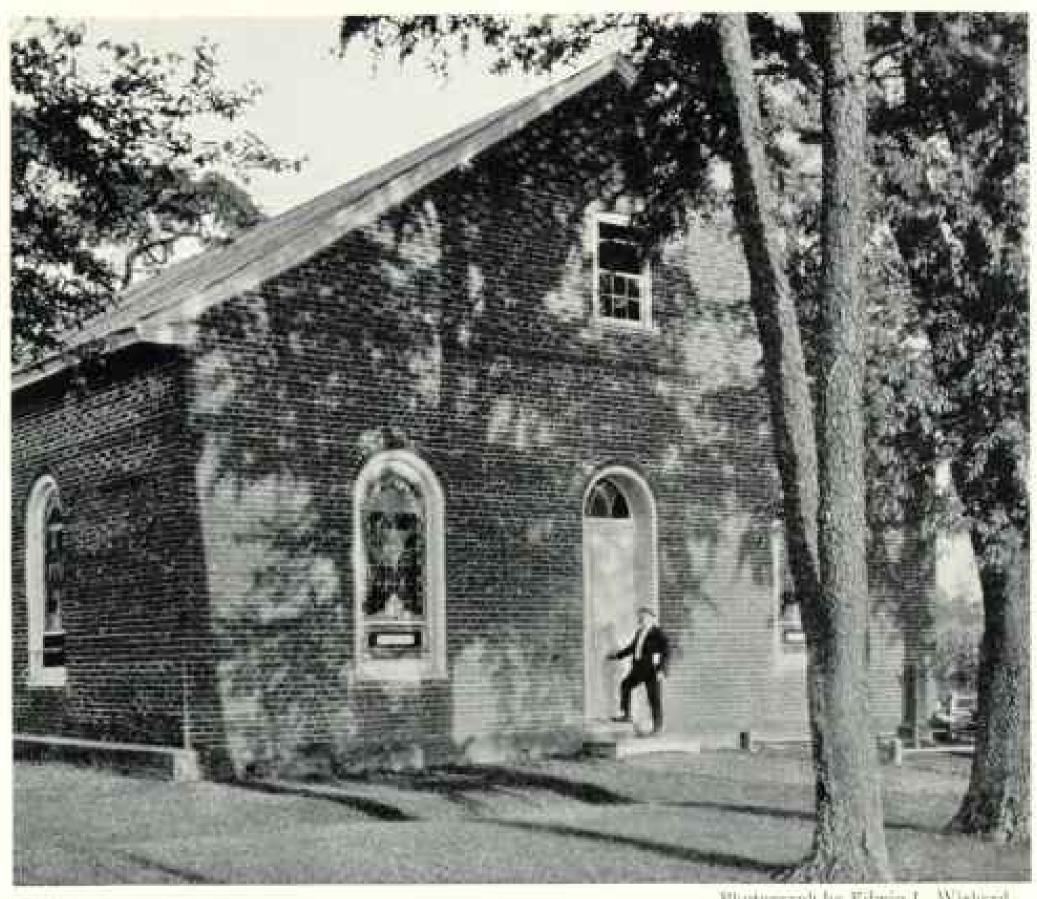
including some of his own, "which was no small matter in these distant parts."

Father White, one of the colonists, thought the lower Potomac "the greatest and sweetest river I have ever seen. The Thames seems a mere rivulet in comparison with it; it is not disfigured with any swamps, but has firm land on each side. Fine groves of trees appear, not choked with briers or bushes and undergrowth, but growing at intervals as if planted by the hand of man, so that you can drive a four-horse carriage, wherever you choose, through the midst of the trees.... The land abounds in cedar and sassafras trees, and flowers and berbs, for making all kinds of salads." \*

Leonardtown is reached at an early hour, and the devotee of Maryland history, of course, will want to be out with the dawn to explore the seat of the State's first county, where lived the forbears of Francis Scott Key.

At sunrise our little steamer casts away once more, calls at several quaint river landings, and then turns its prow toward the Virginia shore, where a half day is spent among the hamlets of Yeocomico and Coan rivers, whence came names writ large on history's page—the Carters, the Washingtons, the Marshalls, and the Lees,

\*"Narrative of a Voyage to Maryland," by Andrew White, S. J. Maryland Historical Society, Baltimore, 1874.



Photograph by Edwin L. Wisherd.

REHOMOTH CHURCH, BUILT BY THE PATHER OF ORGANIZED PRESBYTERIANISM IN THE UNITED STATES

In 1706 Francis Makemie, an Irish minister, who had come to Maryland in 1683, erected this house of worship near Pocomoke. In the same year he organized at Philadelphia the first General Presbytery of America and was chosen the first moderator.

across-the-river neighbors of the lords of the manors of Maryland.

Late afternoon finds our boat again in the inlets, bays, and rivers of the Maryland shore. Presently she ties up at Grason's Wharf, on St. Inigoes Creek. Just another landing it may be to the ordinary traveler, but to the initiated it is Cross Manor, upon which stands the oldest house in Maryland. It peeps out of a noble grove of oaks surrounding a lawn whose one-time boxwood bushes are now great trees with a circumference of 45 feet (see illustrations, page 138).

And hard by is the flower garden, blooming as it did nearly three centuries ago, in the happiest days of Deputy Governor Thomas Cornwaleys, one of the richest manorial lords of his time, who came with Leonard Calvert on the Ark.

# ST. MARYS AFTER NEARLY THREE CENTURIES

The next landing is Brome's! For St. Marys, though a shrine to which Christendom owes a pilgrinnage, is only a memory that has no place in a steamer's timetable.

St. Marys was the site chosen by Leonard Calvert for the first settlement. Here he bought 30 miles from the Indian king, with a quantity of axes, hoes and broadcloth, and the colonists-20 "gentlemen" and 300 artisans, half Catholic and half Protestant—disembarked (p. 134).

The situation of their new home had



Photograph by Edwin L. Wisherd

# ON THE NATIONAL HIGHWAY BETWEEN FROSTBURG AND CUMBERLAND

One could travel all over the United States and find no region of similar length surpassing in interest the great east-west highway of Maryland, stretching 400 miles from Ocean City to Oakland. That highway seems, indeed, a great aisle in a vast outdoor museum, fined with exhibits that constitute a cross-section not only of Maryland life, industry, scenery, and history, but also a cross-section that typifies all eastern America.

been wisely chosen. It lay in the midst of fertile fields, already cultivated by the Indians and ready for the plow. So provident was Calvert's management that the very first autumn the new colonists had grain enough to send a shipload to New England to be exchanged for salt codfish.

It is not surprising that the colonists who founded Maryland sought religious liberty for themselves, but it was a novel proceeding that, in an age when Christendom was torn by fratricidal strife because of differences in creed, they should promise to give the same privilege of freedom of conscience to all others that came to live with them,

While as yet there was no spot in Europe or America where men's religious convictions were too sacred to be invaded by tests of state or assailed by the forces of bigotry, Lord Baltimore's first order to his colonists was that there should be no differences on account of religion.\*

\*The holograph original of Lord Baltimore's instructions to the colonists is one of the carefully guarded treasures of the Maryland Historical Society at Baltimore.



Photograph by Clifton Adams.

# AN OX TEAM AT A COUNTRY STORE NEAR ANNAPOLIS

The records show that at first both Catholics and Protestants used the community church; that a proclamation was issued in 1638 for the suppression of "disputes tending to the opening of a faction in religion," And an act of the Assembly declared that "no person professing to believe in Jesus Christ shall be troubled, molested, or discountenanced, for, or in respect of, his or her religion."

Thus Protestant and Catholic dwelt together in harmony, neither attempting to interfere with the rights of worship of the other, and "religious liberty obtained a home, its only home in the wide world, at the humble village which bore the name of St. Marys" (George Bancroft).

# MANY DENOMINATIONS WERE NURTURED IN LIBERAL MARYLAND

Enjoying an enviable reputation for toleration. Maryland, though founded by Lord Baltimore primarily as an asylum for Roman Catholics, soon became the sanctuary of Puritans and Quakers, and of Protestants of many creeds, who, fleeing persecution in France and the German States, sought happiness within her borders and found it.

A number of America's important religious denominations—notably the Methodists, Presbyterians, the German Reformed Church, the United Brethren, and the Lutherans—either were formally organized in Maryland or gained early American footholds there.

And it was Maryland which laid early and continued emphasis on the complete separation of the State and the Church until that principle became a cornerstone of national policy.

At St. Marys, too, that ideal of democracy which places the origination of laws in the hands of the people and the power of veto in the hands of the executive, the very essence of political freedom, was early established.

# THE HOME OF AMERICA'S FIRST WOMAN SUFFRAGIST

And near by is a tract of land known as the Sisters' Freehold, where lived



Photograph by Esiwin L. Wisherd

THE FRIENDS' MEETING HOUSE, BUILT IN 1682-4, AT EASTON

This and the Old Ship Church of Hingham, Massachusetts, are said to be the oldest wooden buildings for public worship in the United States. It was constructed from timbers bewn on the site. Continuous records of the Society since 1660 are in the archives of the Maryland Historical Society. William Penn preached here in 1700 and "Lord and Lady Baltimore, with their resinue," were present.

Margaret Brent, America's first woman suffragist, and, in fact if not in name, America's first woman governor.

Governor Leonard Calvert on his deathbed deputed Thomas Greene his successor as governor, and Mrs. Margaret Brent his executrix, with the brief instructions, "Take all and pay all,"

Mrs. Brent had come to the province in 1638, with her sister Mary and two brothers, bringing over nine colonists—five men and four women. They took up manors, imported more settlers, and became leaders in the life of the colony.

She anticipated all later suffragettes by appearing before the General Assembly and demanding a seat and vote. The minutes of January 21, 1648, recite:

"Came Mrs. Margaret Brent and requested to have vote in the house for herself and voice also; for that at the last Court 3rd January, it was ordered that the said Mrs. Brent was to be looked upon and received as his Lordship's attorney.

"The Governor denied that the said Mrs. Brent should have any vote in the house.

"And the said Mrs. Brent protested against all proceedings in this present assembly, unless she may be present and have vote as aforesaid."

Presently that same Assembly had occasion to pay her a remarkable tribute,

Leonard Calvert, in his struggles with Claiborne and Ingle, who had deposed him, had raised a small force of Virginians and fugitive Marylanders, pledging his own and his brother's estate to secure their pay, if they would help him recover the colony. His death prevented him from redeeming his pledge, and the soldiers, clamoring for their pay, threatened mutiny if it were not forthcoming.

Comprehending the dangers of the situation. Mrs. Brent sold enough of the Proprietor's cattle to pay the arrears, quieted the soldiers, and so handled the whole situation that the Assembly reported to Lord Baltimore:

"We do verily believe and in conscience report that it was better for the colony's safety at that time in her hands than in



Photograph by H. A. Stroluneyer, Jr.

BATCLIFFE MANOR, AT EASTON, MARYLAND, BUILT IN 1740

On the grounds of this estate are some handsome trees several centuries old, and the boxwood is among the finest in Maryland.

any man's else in the whole Province; for the soldiers would never have treated any other with that civility and respect," and that but for her timely action all would have gone to ruin. Mrs. Brent was a kinswoman of Calvert.

ONE OF THE EARLIEST WOMEN JURIES SAT IN MARYLAND

One of the earliest women juries of which we have knowledge was drawn by the General Provincial Court held at Patuxent on September 22, 1656. The court "ordered that a jury of able women be impanelled and to give in their verdict to the best of their judgment" as to whether Judith Catchpole had been guilty of infanticide. The names of the women serving on this jury were Rose Smith, Mrs. Belcher, Mrs. Chaplin, Mrs. Brooke, Mrs. Battin, Mrs. Cannaday, Mrs. Bussey, Mrs. Brooke, Elisabeth Claxton, Elisabeth Potter, and Dorothy Day.

The jury returned a verdict of "not guilty," and the Court directed that "the

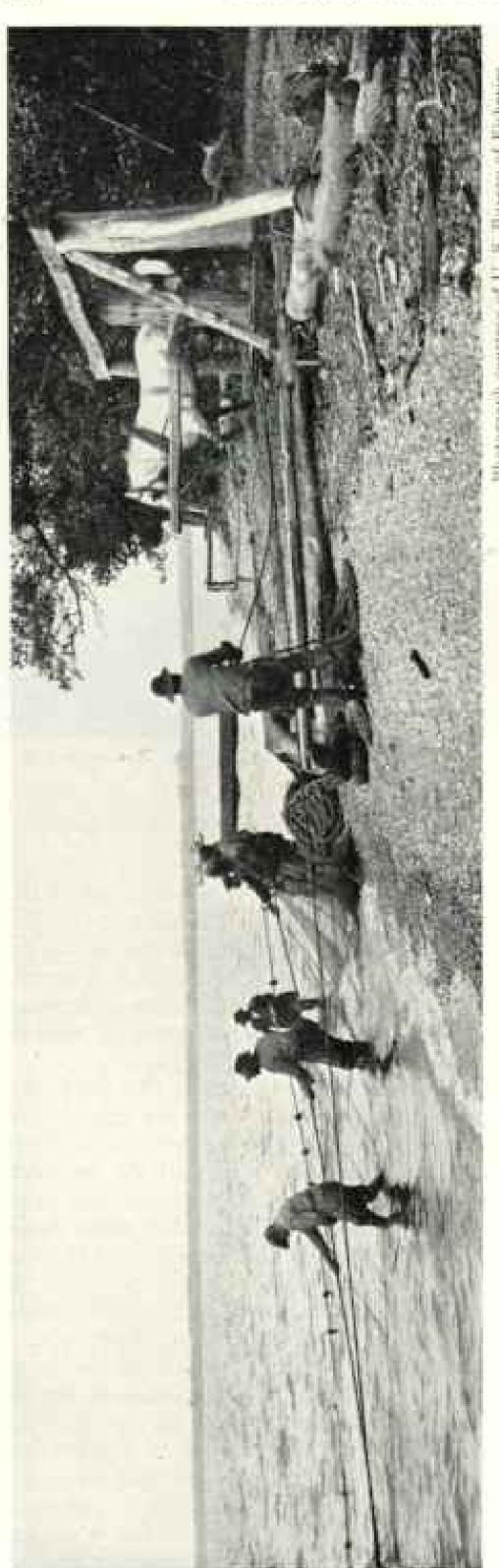
said Judith Catchpole be acquitted of that charge unless further evidence appear."

The records indicate that this was a step in advance of the Old English Common Law, because the latter seems to have required that twelve men should sit with the women in judging the facts.

One climbs reverently the bluff that thrusts its way out into the placid, blue waters of the nearly-a-mile-wide river.

To-day all that is left of the mulberry tree under which Governor Calvert negotiated with the Indians for their lands, and upon which the public notices seem to have been posted, is the wood in the pulpit, altar, and desks of the little Trinity Episcopal Church. The fine obelisk erected by a grateful State to the memory of Leonard Calvert stands on the site of the old tree (see page 135).

Governor Calvert advised his brother, Lord Baltimore, that he had caused a stockade to be built, which was 120 yards square, with four flanks. On it he had mounted "one piece of ordnance and six murderers." These "murderers" were



ACHINE FOR HAULING IN A MARYLAND SHAD SEINE

ONE-HORSEPOWE

very small cannon for close-range firing. One of them, pockmarked with the rust of three centuries, is now mounted in the statehouse grounds at Annapolis, and others are in the keeping of Georgetown University, at Washington, as are the old statehouse bell, the council table, and other relics of the ancient little capital.

A tenant did not have to pay much for the use of land in those days. A Point Lookout farm of 100 acres was rented for two barrels of corn and two capons annually. Quitrents varied, as a rule, from 12 pence for 50 acres to 20 shillings for a manor.

Stealing one's self was a crime. Many people, unable to pay their own way to America, "indentured" themselves for a term of years, usually three, to work out the cost of their importation. If they "jumped" their contracts they were dealt with harshly.

The dusk gathers as the steamer comes back again into the broad reach of the lower Potomac. Passing Calvert's Rest, she rounds Point Lookout. In the gathering darkness one descries another shaft, perhaps a quarter of a mile above the point. It speaks of another and a tragic period of American history.

During the Civil War the Federal Government maintained a military prison here, and the monument has been erected by the United States to mark the spot where nearly 3.500 Confederate soldiers died in prison.

# THE RICHES OF CHESAPEAKE RAY

In the darkness Point Lookout is rounded. Point Lookin is passed, Point No Point offers a gleam of light, and the staunch little trader plows her way up the Chesapeake Bay, with a brief pause in the Patuxent, arriving in Baltimore with the dawn.

When the ancient valley of the Susquehanna River, which once extended to the Virginia capes, subsided and admitted the sea into the vast area now covered by Chesapeake Bay, the lower parts of the



Photograph by Surpour Earle, Conservation Commissioner of Maryland

# A CHESAPRAKE BAY SCHOONER

In Maryland's great inland sea every type of ocean craft may be observed.

tributaries of the lost river-the Potomac, Rappahannock, and James rivers—became broad estuaries too wide for railroads and highroads to bridge.

But Chesapeake Bay has some compensations to offer for its practical isolation of a third of the State from the remaining two-thirds. In it Maryland possesses jointly with Virginia one of the richest fishing grounds in the world, with a versatility of water products almost unrivaled.

From southern New York and central Pennsylvania, northeastern West Virginia, and northern Virginia come the surplus waters of more than 40,000,000 acres of agricultural land, laden with rich supplies of microscopic plants that make perfect pastures for the myriad host of edible aquatic creatures that inhabit the Bay and its estuaries.

# THE OYSTER'S BIOGRAPHY

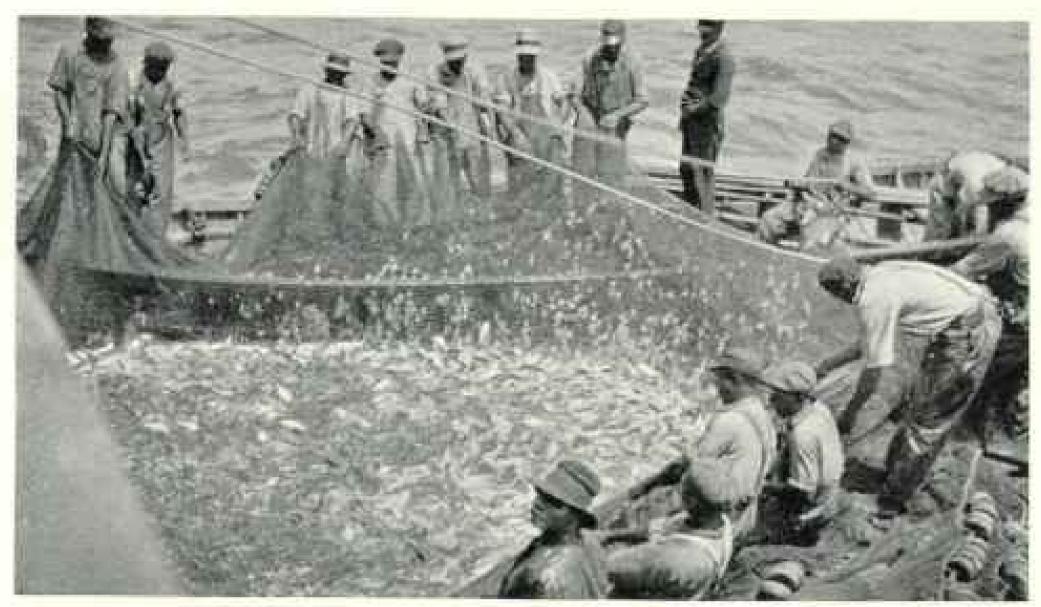
Whatever we cat, whether fish, flesh, or fowl, is after all only proxy for grass, and Chesapeake Bay is, in the last analysis, a vast laboratory where grass is transformed into human food-oysters, crabs, terrapin, shad, and mackerel.

The life history of the oyster is one of Nature's romances. A single female may spawn as many as 60,000,000 eggs in a season, the average being about 16,000,-000. After these are discharged they float, but only one out of thousands of them comes into contact with the milt from male oysters, and only a very few of the fertilized eggs develop into oysters. If it were not so, the bay would soon be a solid mass of bivalves.

Four hours thereafter the embryo becomes a free-swimming larva, so small that an ordinary fish might easily swallow a million of them at a mouthful. In about eighteen days this larva tires of its wanderings and seeks a place to settle down on clutch or shell,

There it begins to build itself a stone house, exuding a gummy substance which develops into a leathery membrane, this in turn becoming lime crystals-stone.

Week after week the baby oyster works on, straining barrel after barrel of water in order to get additional lime for its flinty house. It must prove itself a paragon of industry, for foes are many, and if they happen along before the shell is completed and hard, its labors are over.



Photograph convey of U. S. Bureau of Finheries

# A CATCH OF MENHADEN

Chesapeake Bay fishermen have specially constructed ships for taking hig hauls of the bountiful menhaden, which has a variety of uses. Oil is pressed out of the cooked fish and sold to manufacturers of soaps and paints, while the solid residue makes a rich fertilizer. The dried fish flakes also make an excellent food for poultry, especially for laying hens, and hogs fatten readily on such fare.



Photograph by Jacob Gayer

FROZEN FISH IN A COLD-STORAGE PLANT AT CRISFIELD



Photograph by Jacob Clayer

TONGING OVSTERS NEAR NANTICORE

The shell is built up, layer by layer, each as thin as tissue paper. The outside of the shell is the old part and the inside the new.

If one examines with a microscope the ridges on the surface of the gill of an oyster, he will find them to be fringed with tiny hairs, each less than one five-hundredth of an inch long and of a diameter too small to be seen even with a magnifying glass of considerable power.

Each of these microscopic hairs constantly waves back and forth, quickly one way and slowly the other, like an oar in rowing. Acting in unison, their motion drives the water into the pores of the oyster and through a series of tubes, whence it passes out again after its food content has been extracted.

# STRAINING WATER TO GET ITS FOOD

The gills are covered with an adhesive secretion, to which the microscopic organisms contained in the water stick as flies to fly paper. The hairs which drive the water through the gills push the secretion and the food it entangles toward the mouth, which is near the hinge of the shell.

Many gallons of water must be strained every day to provide food for an oyster, but the straining process is as natural as breathing with man. We take air into our lungs, strain out some of its oxygen, and then exhale the rest, with its added load of carbon, but the process is so mechanical that few of us give it a passing thought.

In order that the oyster may feed freely and almost continuously, the edges of its two shells are kept some distance apart by a ligament which acts just as a soft rubber craser would in keeping the edges of the two covers of a book separated. This ligament is not living tissue.

There develops, however, a muscle connecting the two parts of the shell, which can be expanded and contracted at will. When the oyster finds itself in danger, this muscle shuts the door with a snap, if not with a bang.

An adult oyster can live on a bottom where there is some mud, so long as it does not interfere with the bivalve's water-straining activities; but a young oyster must have some solid surface to which it can attach, for it would be buried by a very small amount of mud. By



Photograph by Jacob Gayer

# HARD-SHELL CRARS COMING OUT OF THE STEAM KETTLE

dumping, during the breeeding season, a lot of oyster shells where there is not much mud, beds suitable for the development of young ones are provided. In some cases as many as a thousand bushels of shells to the acre are required.

# THE WAYS OF A CRAB

When dredging and tonging for oysters ends, the pursuit of the blue crab begins.

At spawning time the female crabs make their way down Chesapeake Bay, to be near the briny waters of the ocean when producing their eggs, which are carried on the abdomen in a spongelike mass about one-third as large as the crab itself. In this state the crustaceans are known as "sponge" crabs. There may be as many as 2,000,000 eggs in one of these masses.

When the baby crab hatches, it is no more like an adult crab than a wiggle-tail is like an adult mosquito, and much less like one than a tadpole is like a frog.

In this form it is known as a zoea, and looks not unlike a malarial mosquito larva. It molts, or sheds its shell, six times, and then is transformed into a megalops, with a sharp-pointed nose, big eyes, legs like a crab, and a tail like a

crawfish. The megalops, in its turn, undergoes a number of molts, and finally, after a month has elapsed from the day it hatches, changes into a tiny crab about one-eighth of an inch wide.

Thereupon it is ready to leave the salt water of the Virginia capes area and begins a slow pilgrimage northward; for the grassy bottoms of Tangier Sound and of the tidal rivers up the Bay are calling it.

Born in June and July, becoming fullfledged tiny crabs a month later, they molt, or doff their outgrown shells, about twice a month, and by the following February they are fair-sized crabs.

## HOW THE CRAB CHANGES ITS CLOTHES

When the water gets cold they go to the bottom and stay there until the warmth of spring calls them back. If allowed to live, they grow to maturity about July or August. Then they mate, and the female treks back to the Virginia capes to spawn, while the male remains in Maryland waters.

When the crab gets too big for its shell, it begins to cast it off—a process that requires from five days to a week. At first



Photograph by Jacob Gayer.

HARD-SHELL CRABS IN A COOLING ROOM, AFTER HAVING BEEN STEAMED: CRISFIELD

a black line, succeeded in two days by a white one, appears around the two outer segments of the swimming legs. It is now, in the parlance of the Bay, a "green" erab.

A little later the white lines turn red, a set of fine wrinkles appears between the wrist and upper arm of the claw, and it becomes, in crabman terms, a "peeler."

Then the upper shell is lifted and the crab slowly pushes itself out of its old suit, first through the back, and then through the front, above its eyes. In this stage the initiated call it a "buster."

Finally it wrenches its legs out of the old shell and frees itself entirely from its old clothes. It is then a "soft shell" and if caught in this stage is the favorite of all crabs.

But in a day's time it will develop a new shell. This process taxes its resources, and it becomes so poor and thin as to be worthless. In this stage it is called a "buckram." If allowed to remain in the water a little longer, however, it will get fat again.

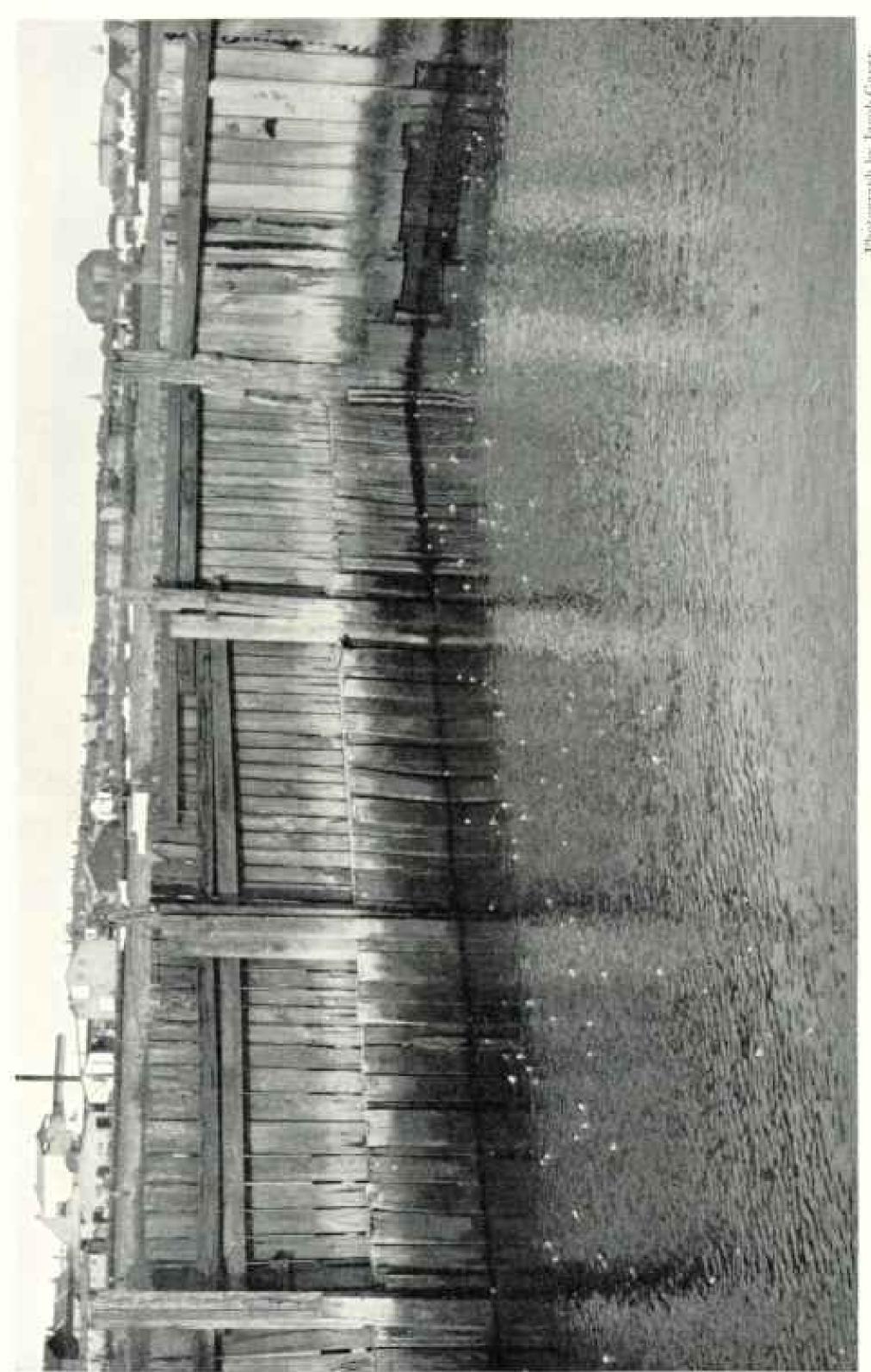
The hard-shell crabs are voracious and are easily taken with baited lines. The

soft-shelled ones hide in the swamp grass and sand and take no food. They are captured by hand scoop nets or scrapers.

At home alike in water fresh enough to drink and that as salt as the open sea, the crabs make their way into all the creeks and inlets of tidewater. In many places they are so numerous that there is no market for them, and one often sees the shore strewn with thousands of them shaken out of the fishermen's seines and left either to die or find their way back to the water, as chance operates against or for them. In southern Chesapeake waters, indeed, the fishermen in the estuaries often trample them to death in order to keep them from clogging the seines. After hard storms one frequently sees them washed high and dry on the beach in veritable windrows.

But, like the oyster, the crab has been the victim of overexploitation, and the industry has so declined that Virginia and Maryland crabmen, filled with alarm lest it disappear entirely, have begged their respective States to save it.

The efficient Maryland Conservation Commission states that the Bay and its



Photograph by Jamib Gayer.

# A MORILIZATION CAMP FOR BIAMOND-BACKS AT CRISPIRED

There are some ten thousand terrapins in this inclosure, but only a few hundred were willing to poke their heads above the water to have their pictures taken, While in this fattening pen, the candidates for the epicure's casserole are fed on crab meat and oyster shells (see, also, illustrations, pages 153 and 163).

capable of feeding vast hordes of crabs to-day as in the past; that the waters around the Virginia capes are just as salty as they were when Captain John Smith first landed at Old Point Comfort; and that the crabs have fallen victims to no blight, like the chest-nut trees.

# REJUVENATING THE CRAB INDUSTRY

"We can tell you how to rejuvenate your industry," it says. "Let Virginia crabmen forego the taking of 'sponge' crabs at any season and shorten winter dredging from six to three months, Let both States raise the legal length of the marketable hard-shell crab from five to six inches (from tip to tip of spike), and Maryland that of soft-shell crabs from three to three - and - a - half inches. And then stop the practice of putting 'green' crabs in floats. with the attendant 60 per cent mortality, and turn loose the 'buckrams,' and your industry will come

Most of this advice has been enacted into law. At Crisfield a crabman was selling his boatload of crabs to a dealer recently. The crabman threw into the dealer's boat an undersized one or two, "Don't throw any of them in," demanded the dealer. "You can put a few dead ones in, but you had better not put in any that are undersized." When there was doubt, a ruler was brought into play and the crab measured. So at least a part of the law is being enforced.



Photograph by Jacob Cayer

# IN A TERRAPIN COMPOUND

The diamond-back "farmer" has received an order for a barrel of terrapins of a certain size, and he is carefully measuring the restaurant candidates. Not all of the diamond-backs in this compound have been raised on the farm; many are purchased a few at a time by the farmer from boys of the neighborhood who find individual turtles and dispose of them in this community "clearing house" from which they are marketed (see, also, page 163).

Once Maryland was the center of the gastronomic universe, for in a bygone generation the diamond-back terrapin represented the supreme viand where men loved to live well. The Chesapeake Bay teemed with these candidates for the banquet table's preferment, and any fine day they could be seen sunning themselves on the sand bars and flats. But the organized preying of commerce did what all the natural enemies of a species seldom do, and the diamond-back has almost reached the vanishing point in Chesapeake waters.

The little capital on the banks of St. Marys River was so far away from the center of the future State that it was inevitable the capital would sometime be moved. And when the seat of government was transferred to Annapolis, first called Providence when founded by Puritans who were denied admittance into Virginia, it faced a similar isolation.

# ANNAPOLIS HAD HER TEA PARTY

So it happens that, while Annapolis is the capital, the executive offices are in Baltimore, and whoever has business with the State officials, from Governor to Automobile Commissioner, goes to Baltimore. The Legislature meets in Annapolis, but the executive business is transacted mainly in the Monumental City.

America should rejoice that it is so, for thus has Annapolis been preserved as our country's most truly colonial city. You may wander about this fine old community and feel that you are living in those dramatic days when the little city on the Severn had a major part in shaping the course of the Nation's history.

Going down to the water front, you can pick out a sailing craft and vision the square-sterned, 60-ton brigantine, Peggy Stewart, which, on October 15, 1774, arrived at Annapolis from England with an assorted cargo, including 17 packages of tea. Anthony Stewart, the owner of the brig, was a Marylander who had signed the nonimportation agreement. In order to unload the bulk of the cargo, he rashly paid the duty on the tea.

When he was called to account he begged to be allowed to burn the tea publicly. But he was not to escape so lightly. Finally Stewart purged himself by undertaking to burn his brig, with the tea aboard. His offer was accepted, and the brig was run aground and burned to the water's edge, in open day, by men who operated in broad daylight, wore no disguises, and were ready to admit their act and abide its consequences.

According to John Galloway, an eyewitness, the majority would have been satisfied to burn the tea; but, however that may be, it was an act that fired the Colonies and cast Maryland's lot irrevocably with the forces of freedom. A picture of the firing of the Pragy Stewart hangs on the walls of the statehouse. (The Boston Tea Party took place on December 16, 1773.)

Charles Carroll headed the delegation chosen at Annapolis to represent the prov-

ince in the Continental Congress.

When it came his turn to sign the Declaration of Independence, there was some bantering remark as to whether the signers would hang singly or hang together, if the Revolution should fail.

Some one added that Carroll would have a chance to escape, because there were so many Charles Carrolls that the British would not know which to seize.

Thereupon Carroll reached for his pen and added the words, "of Carrollton," with a remark that now they would have no trouble to identify him if he were ever called upon to forfeit his life for the part he played in the cause of independence. Carroll outlived all the other signers, dying November 14, 1832, at the age of 95 years.

# MARYLAND BODY OF SOLDIERS WON FAME ON MANY FIELDS

Begun in 1772, the Maryland Capitol is filled with memories of those eventful years. Scores of pictures that grace its walls are of that famous body of soldiers, the Maryland Line—companies, regiments, and brigades of which fought on every major Revolutionary battle field from Massachusetts to Georgia.

We see them holding open the jaws of the trap that had been set for Washington's army in what is now Prospect Park, Brooklyn, and gaining for the Commander-in-Chief "an hour more precious to American liberty than any other in its history." We see them so delaying Howe's march on Philadelphia that he was unable to go to the rescue of the beleaguered British at Saratoga, which sealed the fate of Burgoyne.

The voice of General Washington himself comes down the years, as he told Ramsay at Monmouth that "if you can stop the British for ten minutes, until I can form, you will save my army." He held them thirty minutes! And we hear General Greene saying of a charge by the Marylanders at Eutaw Springs that "it exceeded anything I ever saw."

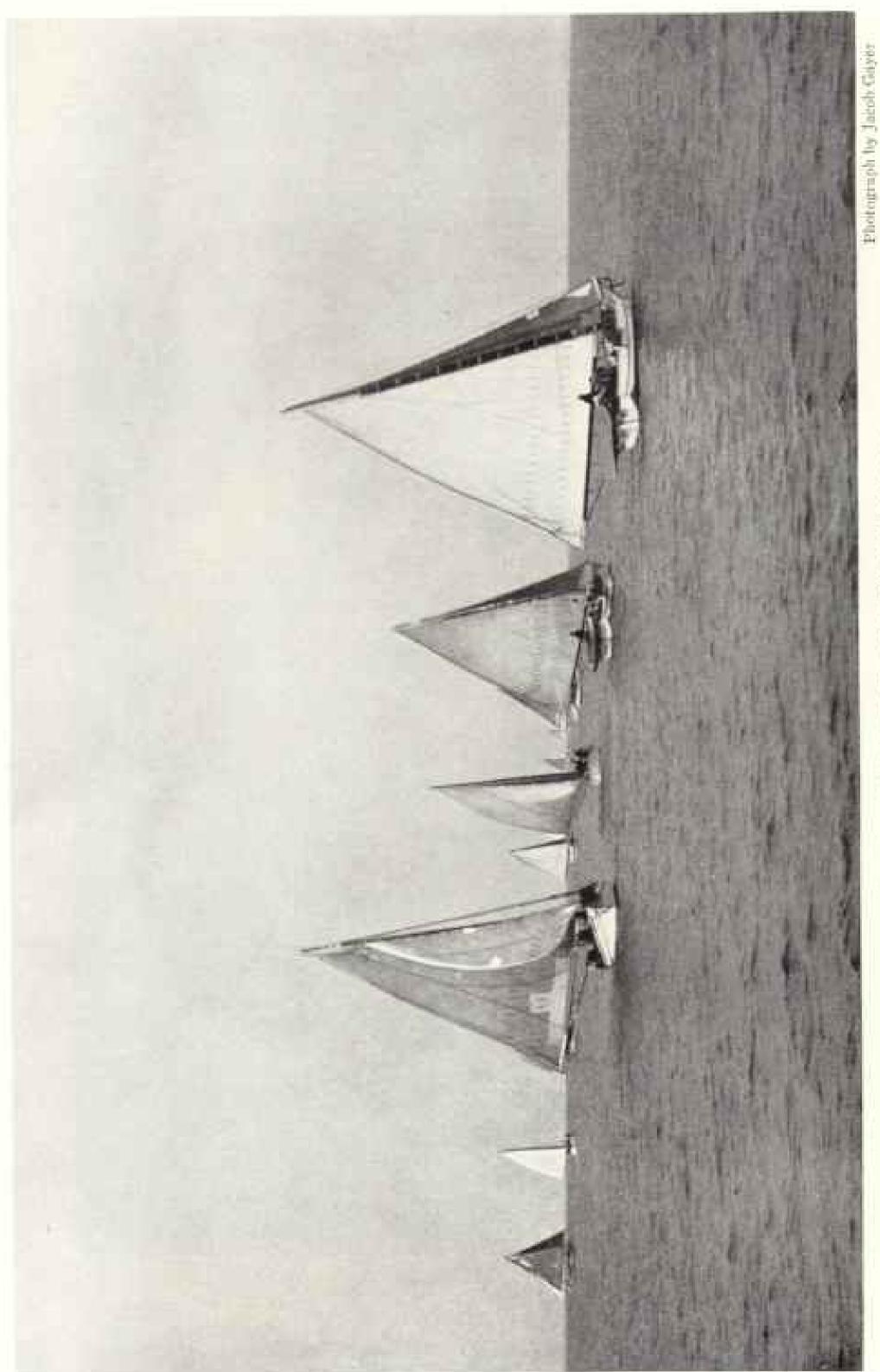
Maryland withheld neither men normoney that the Colonies might be free, and



Photograph by Clifton Adams.

# A MONTGOMERY COUNTY GREETING FROM A CORNSHOCK

Her rich farm lands, scientifically cultivated; her fabulous wealth of sea food in Chesapeake Bay, and her modern industries centering in Baltimore, Cumberland, Hagerstown, and Frederick make Maryland one of the most self-contained States of the Union.



A PLEET OF OVSTER DREDGERS IN CHESAPEAKE HAY

It is a wonderful sight in early spring and late fall to watch the ovstermen at work. But when himtery winter comes only the hardiest can remain at the task, and the scene is as dismal as the lives of the luckless gatherers, who seldom five past middle age because of the diseases incident to under eask, and the law the dredgers can only operate under sail during daylight hours, not under auxiliary power.



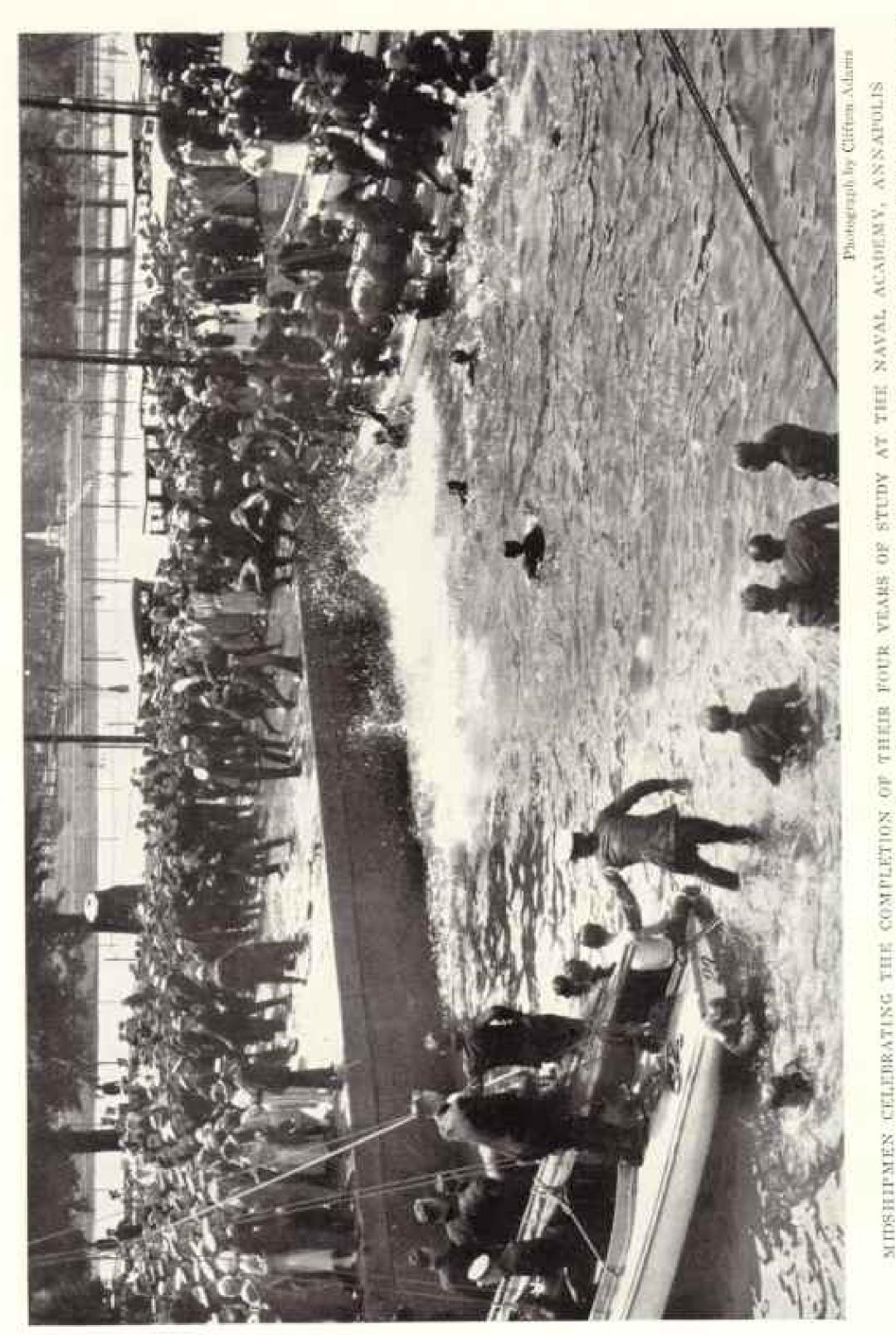
ROADWAY NORTH OF ANTHERAM BATTLE FIRED, WASHINGTON COUNTY A PLEASANT STRETCH OF

Along fields and woods, the picturesque old-fashioned rail fence is still to be seen occasionally, but in the main, progressive Maryland farmers have adopted the more utilitarian type seen at the right.

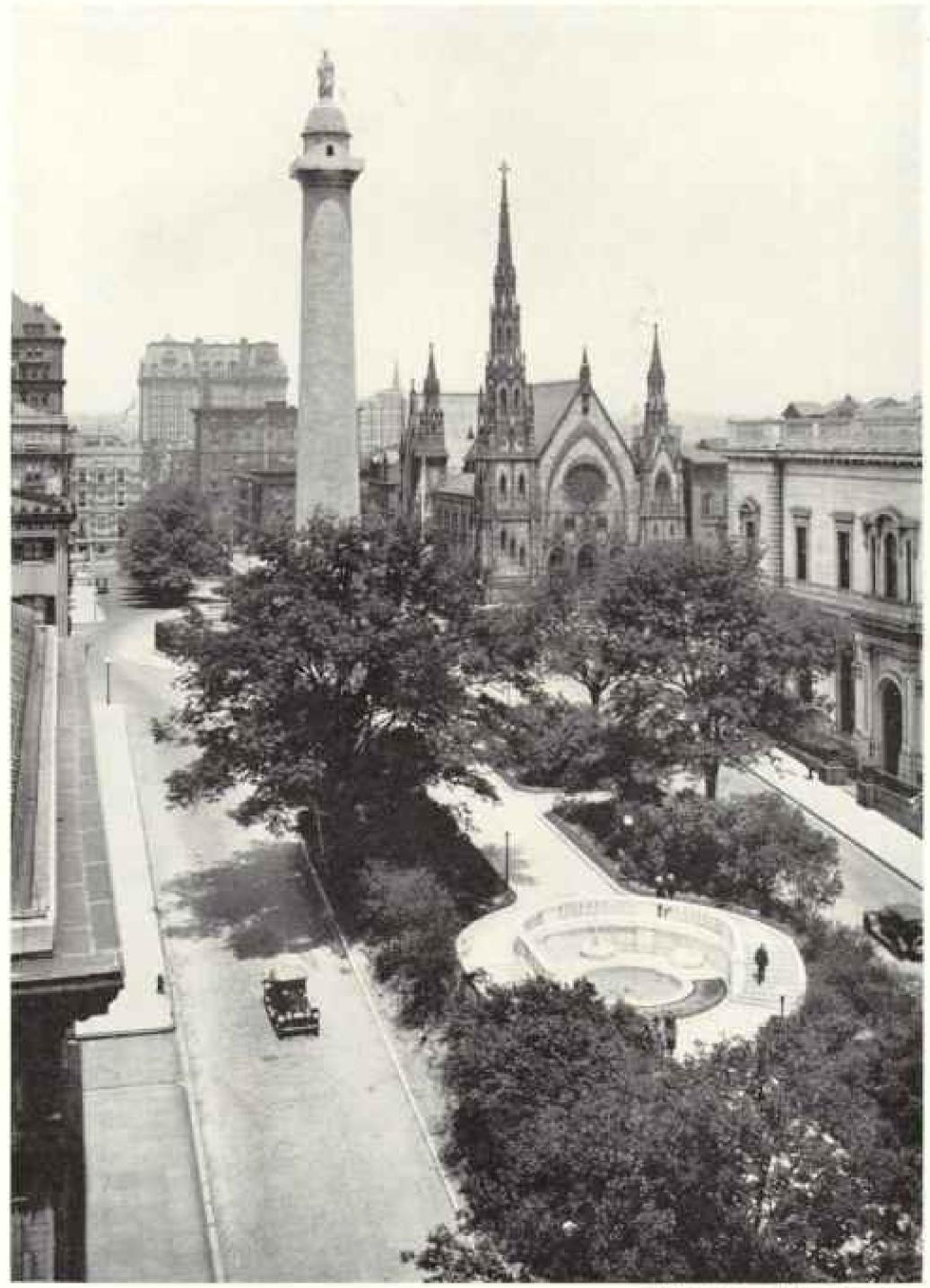


RDNANCE, IN DAILECREN HALL, UNITED STATES NAVAL ACADEMY, ANNAPOLES A PIVE-HOUR EXAMINATION IN

Territory and the insular possessions of the United States are being trained in Annapolis to-day to States Navy. The Naval Academy was founded 82 years ago by George Bancroft, Secretary of the Some 1,700 youths from every State and Te maintain the glorious traditions of the United S Navy during the administration of President Polk.



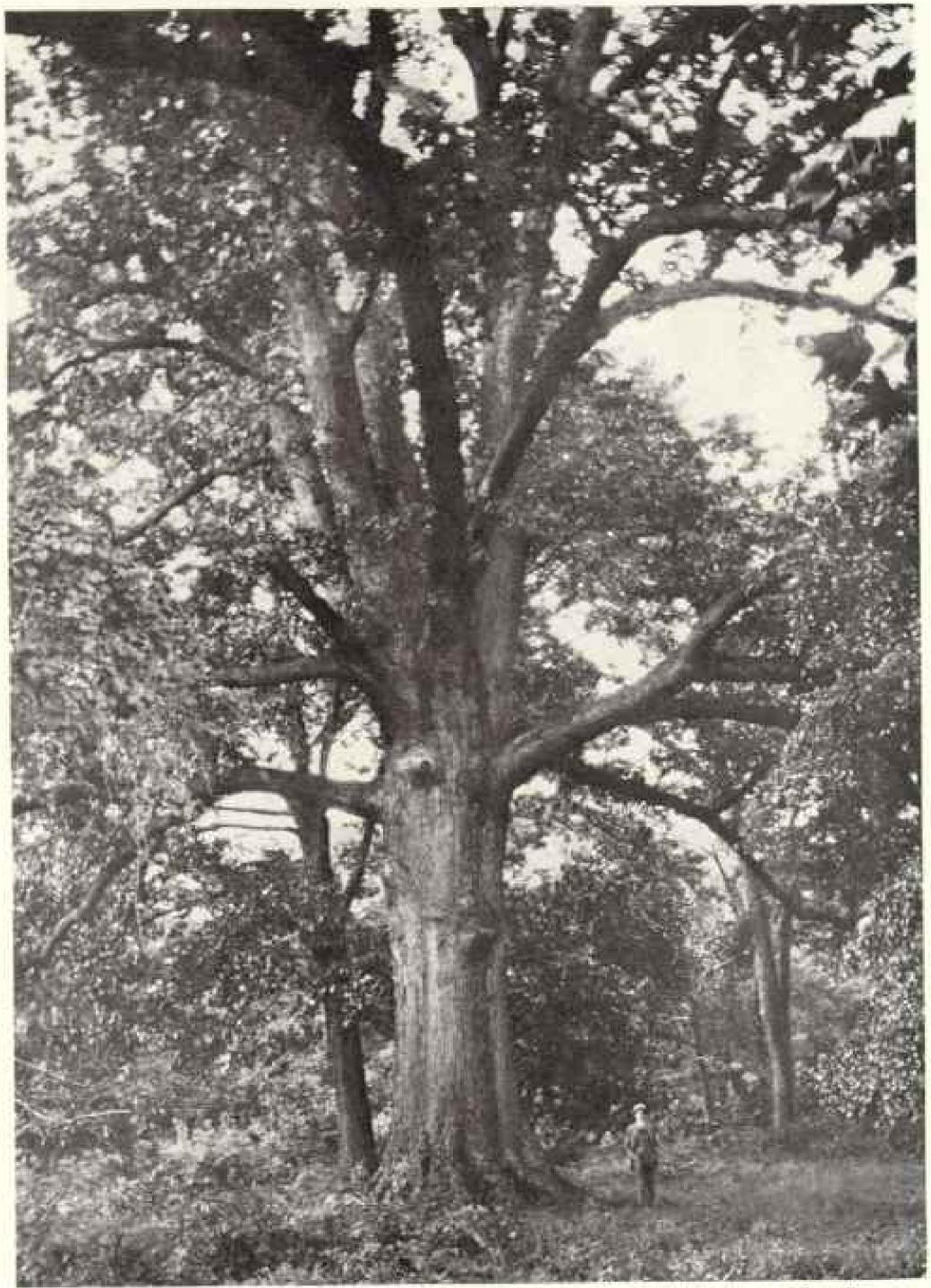
before a farge and appreciative audience, each prospective ensign is ducked in the waters of MUDSHIPMEN CELEBRATING THE COMPLETION OF Great excitement prevails among the first classmen when, Dowey Basin just after he has passed his it



Photograph by Hughes Company

AMERICA'S FIRST MAJESTIC MONUMENT TO THE MEMORY OF GEORGE WASHINGTON

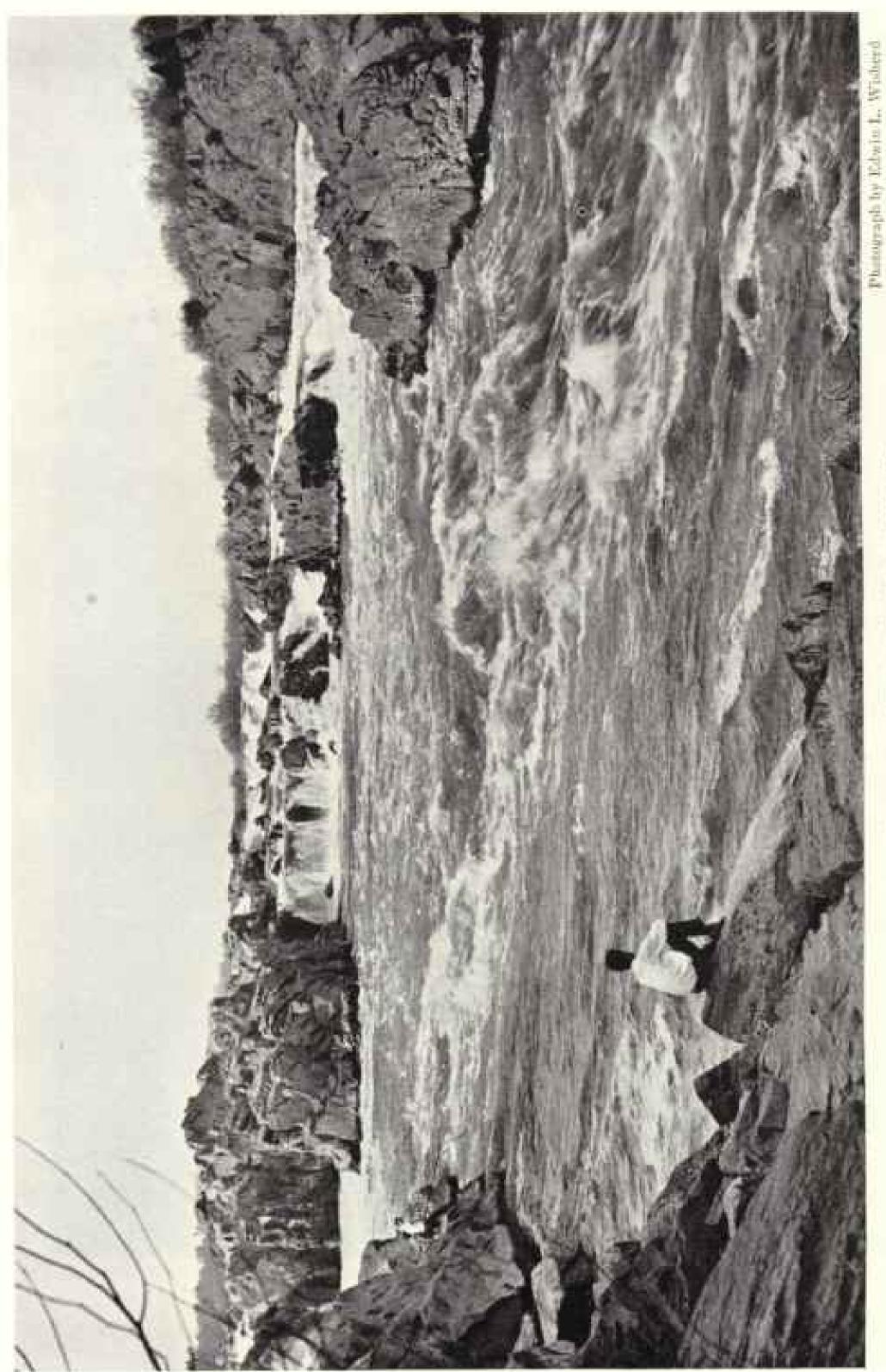
The column rises 130 feet, from a base 35 feet high, in Mount Vernon Place, Baltimore. It is surmounted by a colossal statue of the first President. The view from the top affords a matchless panorama of the city.



Photograph courtesy of Maryland Department of State Forestry

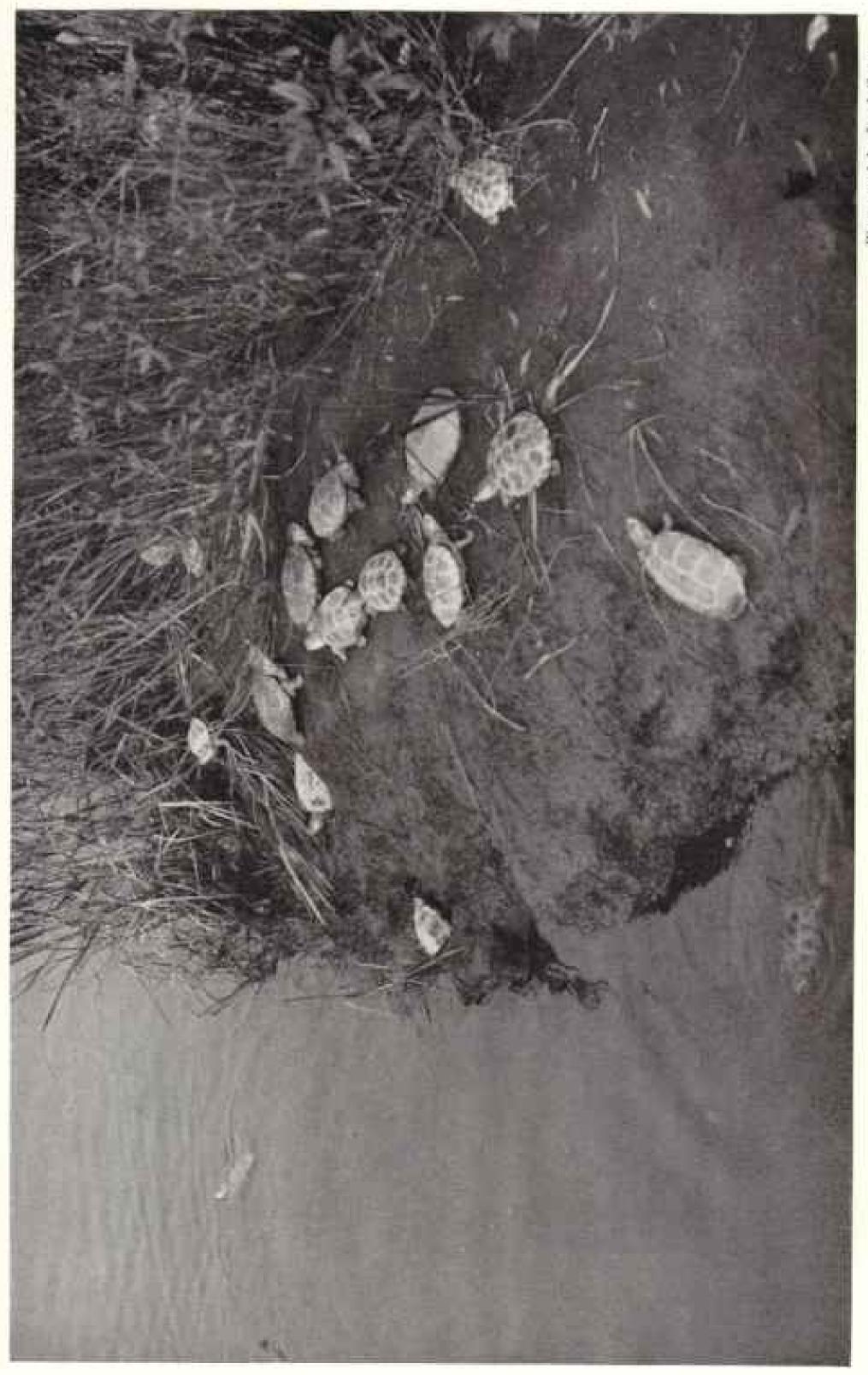
# A GIGANTIC MARYLAND RED OAK

This ancient tree, which stands near Sudley, in Anne Arundel County, on the western shore, measures 23 feet in circumference four and a half feet above the ground. It towers to a height of 75 feet.



R CREAT FALLS OF THE POTOMAC, MARYLAND

While the Potomac River practically separates Maryland from Virginia and West Virginia, legally it does nothing of the kind, for the Maryland fine is the Virginia and West Virginia bank of that river, the original charter of Maryland specifying that the south bank of the Potomac should mark the southern boundary.



Phitograph by Jacob Cayur

TERRAPIN A LA MARYLAND

They cannot stay under water long at a eep into the mind, out of reach of the frost, and sleep away the winter in a torpor very little removed see page 153) gets \$25 per dozen for the popular six to eight-inch size and the individual on land as in water, and during the summer months crawl through the marshes in search of food slaves to small planters, inserted a clause in the contract prohibiting the planter from feeding the slaves terrapin more than three times a wook, which consists of algoe, mursh plants, crabs, fish, and most of the other forms of life that inhabit swamps. They cannot stay under was time, except when hibernating. Then they burrow deep into the mid, out of reach of the frost, and sleep away the winter in a torpor very from suspended animation. In colonial days, terrapin were so plentiful in Maryland watercourses that the great slave owners, when diamond-backs are so scarce that the terrapin farmer The diamond-back terrapin are as much at home purchaser pays \$40 to the retailer.



Photograph by Jacob Gayer

# A HALL AND STAIRWAY IN AN ANNAPOLIS HOME

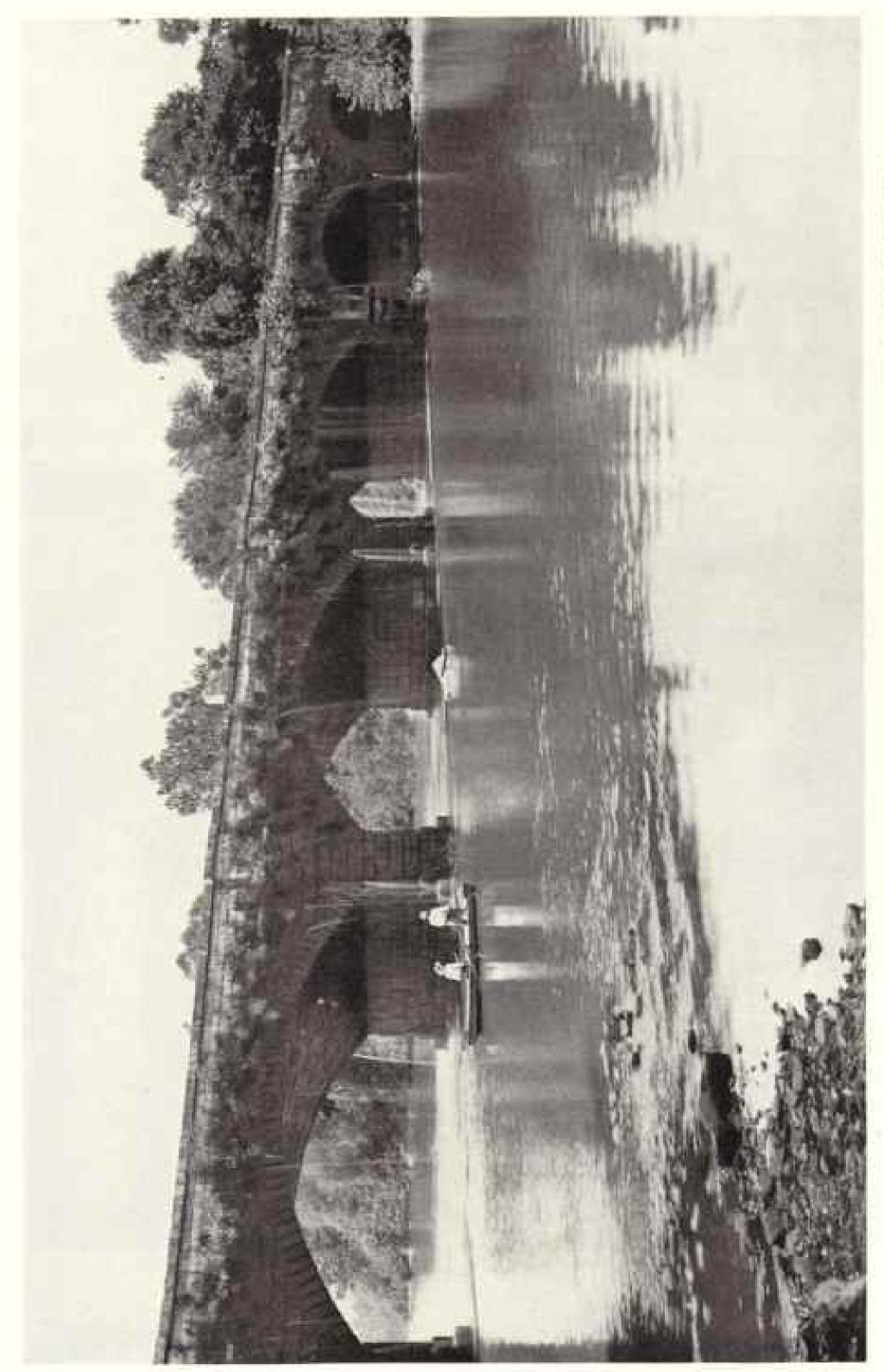
"Annapolis has been preserved as our most truly colonial city. You may wander about this fine old community and feel that you are living in those dramatic days when the little city on the Severn had a major part in shaping the course of the Nation's history" (see text, page 154). This house was built in 1770 by Samuel Chase, one of the Signers of the Declaration of Independence, and Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States, 1796-1811.



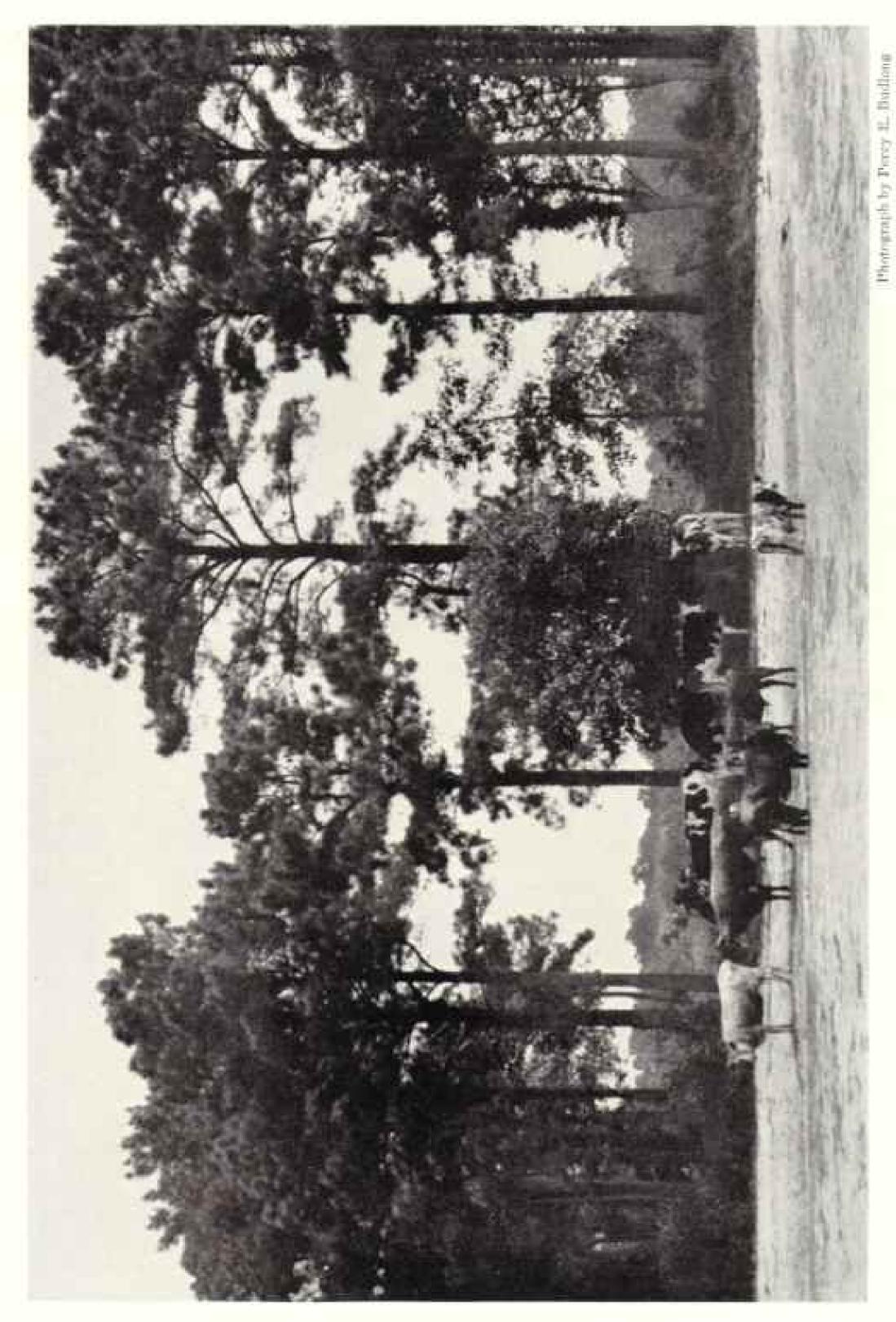
Photograph by Nebun Edwards

# WHERE OUR NATIONAL ANTHEM WAS BORN

The national ensign which inspired Francis Scott Key to write "The Star-Spangled Banner" was, during the bombardment of Fort McHenry, September 13, 1814, flying from a pole occupying this position. The old fort on Locust Point, near Baltimore, was long in ruins, but it was used as a bospital during the World War and is now to be transformed into a fitting shrine for Key's immortal song.



RIES THE CHESAPEAKE AND OHIO CANAL ACROSS THE MONOCACY RIVER THE OLD BRIDGE WHICH CAR



CATTLE ALONG THE SHORE OF ST. MARYS RIVER, NEAR THE HISTORIC TOWN WHERE THE PIRST MARYLANDERS SETTLED (SEE PAGE 141



Official Photograph, U. S. Navy A SMOKE SCHEIN LAID BY A U. S. NAVY PLANE IN CHRISAPEAKE HAY NEAR HALTIMORE

There are two types of screens used by the Navy—a curtain screen, which is dropped a distance of 500 to 1,000 feet by a plane equipped with special apparatus, and an exhaust screen (shown above), made by injecting oil and glycerin into the motor. The plane which spread this screen has just passed out of the range of the camera.



DEVOTEES OF HOCKEY AT HOOD COLLECE, FREDERICK, MARYLAND

Young men and women from every State enroll in Maryland's institutions for higher education. They include Johns Hopkins University of Maryland (see page 198); Goucher College, Loyola College, at Atmapolis; University of Maryland (see page 198); Goucher College, Loyola College, at Atmapolis; University of Maryland (see page 198); Goucher College, at Entiritishing; Blue Ridge College, at New Windsor, and Washington College, at Chestertown. The last, founded in 1782, was the first college to bear the name of Washington, who made a substantial contribution to the endowment famil, became one of the board of governors, and in 1789 received the honorary degree of Doctor of Laws from the institution.



Photograph by Nelson Edwards

A MOUNTAIN OF OYSTER SHELLS

This mammoth reminder of the wealth in sea food which Maryland derives from Chesapeake Bay is now being converted into chicken feed at one of Baltimore's factories.

no State, in proportion to population and wealth, contributed more of either.

# MARYLAND'S PORESIGHT SAVED THE UNION

While her soldiers were fighting so valiantly, her statesmen, meeting in the halls of the old statehouse at Annapolis, originated a pioneer thought that prevented the Colonies from falling apart after their victory. With great foresight, the Maryland leaders realized that the harmonious relations existing between the thirteen Colonies must inevitably be destroyed, after the triumph of American arms, by bitter disputes arising as to the ownership of the vast region northwest of the Ohio, east of the Mississippi, and south of the Great Lakes,

These lands included an immense triangular territory, nearly one thousand miles on a side, well watered, exceedingly fertile, and with fine climate, which when settled would become of great value.

As early as October 15, 1777, one month before the Articles of Confederation were proposed to the legislatures for ratification, Maryland asserted in Congress that this vast domain, title to which was ill-defined and conflicting, should be placed under the sovereignty of the National Government.

The "Instructions" of Maryland to her delegates, which were later read in Congress (May 21, 1779), recite:

"We are convinced, policy and justice require, that a country unsettled at the commencement of this war, claimed by the British crown, and ceded to it by the treaty of Paris, if wrested from the common enemy by the blood and treasure of the thirteen States, should be considered as a common property, subject to be parcelled out by Congress into free, convenient and independent governments, in such manner and at such times as the wisdom of that assembly shall bereafter direct."

# FOR A TIME THE STATE STOOD ALONE IN HER WISE COURSE

Knowing from boundary experiences with her neighbors (see page 196) the enmity that disputes about land engender. Maryland, though giving unsparingly of men and substance to the Continental armies, refused to sign the Articles of Confederation unless assured that the vacant western lands would be used to form

new States and not to enrich enormously any individual State.

For a long time Maryland raised her voice alone; but gradually the other States were convinced of the fairness and wisdom of her stand and the necessity of the program she urged, if any lasting nation were to be the fruit of the Revolution. New York, Virginia, Massachusetts, and Connecticut generously ceded their territorial claims to the Nation.

But Maryland's clear-sighted and effective course had achieved something far
greater than merely removing the cause
of future strife between jealous Colonies;
by her insistence on the creation of a national domain she welded the most effective bond that could have been devised
for a lasting union. When peace came
the thirteen States found themselves joint
owners of this great territory, and their
common interest in developing their joint
property and parceling it out into new
States held them together, when they
might easily have drifted apart if they
had had no such economic bond.

"Just as it was Massachusetts," says John Fiske, "that took the decisive step in bringing on the Revolutionary War when she threw the tea into Boston Harbor, so it was Maryland that, by leading the way toward the creation of a national domain, laid the cornerstone of the Federal Union."

Another distinguished historian writes:
"Without permanent territorial interests
Congress would have been, indeed, 'a
shadow without the substance,' as Washington termed it, and the country 'one nation to-day and thirteen to-morrow,' as
best suited the purposes of individual
States."

To the illustrious Marylanders, John Hanson particularly, and to Charles Carroll and Daniel Carroll belong the credit of suggesting and successfully urging the policy that has changed the whole map of the United States and the whole course of our national life.

Ohio, Indiana, Michigan, Illinois, Wisconsin, and Minnesota are States in the American Union because of the practical sagacity of these men who gave direction to Maryland policies beneath the roof of this historical old statehouse.

The room where Washington surren-



Photograph by Jacob Gayer

#### THE ENTRANCE TO THE CHASE HOME IN ANNAPOLIS

The original owner, Samuel Chase (see page 164), vehemently resisted the Stamp Act and was a prominent member of the "Sons of Liberty" at Annapolis that broke open the public offices and destroyed the stamps, and burned the collector in energy. This action he avowed and defended in a public letter to the authorities. Many years later, when Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States, he expressed his opinion on political subjects so frankly that he was impeached by the House for meddling in politics while on the bench. The U. S. Senate discharged him after a trial which emphasized the purity of his judicial record and established the principle that judges shall refrain from partisan political speeches.



Photograph by Clifton Adams.

THE COLONIAL STATEHOUSE AT ANNAPOLIS (SEE PAGES 154, 171)

Washington surrendered his commission in the old Legislative Hall, directly to the right of the portico.

dered his commission when Annapolis was temporarily the capital of the United States has been restored.

# THE UNITED STATES NAVAL ACADEMY

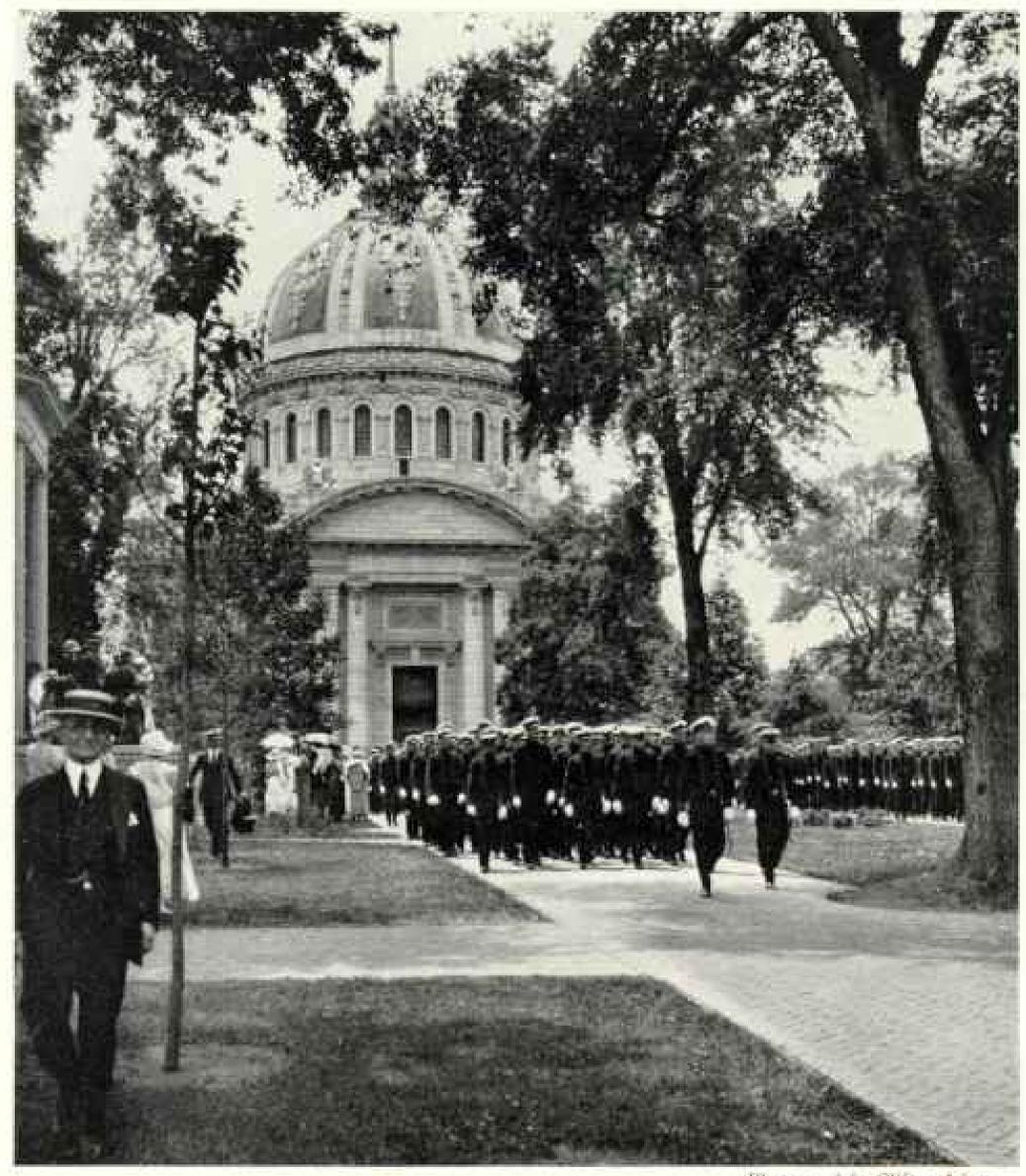
Fitting it was that his commission should be surrendered on Maryland soil, for it had been a Marylander, Thomas Johnson, delegate to the Continental Congress, who had the prescience to see in Washington the attributes that were destined to make him the Father of his Country, and who had nominated him at Philadelphia, June 15, 1775, for the task he was now laying down. Furthermore, it had been Maryland's staunch faith in him that helped to preserve his leadership in the dark days of the Revolution, when cabals arose in behalf of a change in commanders.

We leave the old statehouse with its memories, precious to every American, and wander across the way to an institution which holds a deep affection in our hearts—the United States Naval Academy. Situated on the tip of the little peninsula which it shares with the city of Annapolis, the Academy grounds, bounded on three sides by water, covered with a splendid turf, and ennobled by magnificent structures of white granite, make one of the finest aërial pictures in America.

Whether its graduates shall win their stars and their fame on the bridge, amid storms of shot and shell; their distinctions through diplomacy, or their honors by exploration, or at home, they may always be depended upon to reflect the training they receive in this historic institution, and to be worthy incarmations of the spirit of their country, in whatever rôle duty casts them,

#### BALTIMORE EPITOMIZES THE ROMANCE OF MODERN MARYLAND

One is reluctant to leave such a beautiful and rich-memoried city, but Baltimore



Photograph by Clifton Adams

#### MIDSHIPMEN MARCHING FROM CHAPEL

The baccalaureate sermon is delivered the Sunday before commencement, which is known among the students as "Sob Sunday," because in the old days "the plebes" were supposed to sob at the departure of the graduating class. Friends, relatives, and sweethearts, especially of the graduating class, line the walks of the U. S. Naval Academy grounds as the midshipmen march past, resplendent in their full-dress uniforms.

is only 24 miles away, with a romantic story of modern Maryland to tell.

No other city in the country except New York has Baltimore's distinction, that of being, in population and wealth, more than half of its State. Baltimore is a monument to geographic location and to the initiative of its people.

The city's strategic location has been

summed up in the observation that it is "the most western of the eastern ports and the most southern of the northern ports." By rail it is more than a hundred miles nearer Pittsburgh, Cleveland, Chicago, and St. Louis than is New York. This means a freight rate of 60 cents a ton lower than that to any other Atlantic port. In point of time, the depth of



Phintograph by Clifton Adams

THE SECRETARY OF THE NAVY ADDRESSING MIDSHIPMEN IN THE ARMORY (DATILGREN HALL) OF THE U. S. NAVAL ACADEMY

When foreign dignitaries visit the Naval Academy, after reviewing the regiment, they address the midshipmen from the restrum in the middle distance. The King of the Belgians, the Prince of Wales, Marshals Foch and Joffre, and Admiral Beatty have spoken here.

Chesapeake Bay places Baltimore a day nearer deep water for the upper Mississippi Valley than any other city.

Even the tidewater favors it, for the Chesapeake and the Patapsco modify the average rise and fall to 14 inches, as compared to more than four and five feet in the harbors of its major shipping competitors

THE CITY WAS RECREATED IN A CRUCIBLE OF FIRE

Prior to 1904 Maryland's metropolis was a live, thriving city, situated on the border line that separates the North from the South, possessing most of the traditions of the latter section and many of the business qualities of the former. Though universally recognized as one of the important cities of the Nation, no one dreamed that it would soon aspire to become the New World's second city in foreign commerce.

Then came the terrible fire of 1904, which, burning for 30 hours, wiped out

the business center of the city and caused a loss of \$125,000,000. With its heart a mass of wreckage, the beholder seemed justified in believing that Baltimore could never "come back," and as for setting a new high-water mark of municipal achievement, that was unthinkable.

But through the alchemy of courage a dire calamity was transformed into a civic blessing.

No stranger can go to Baltimore to-day without catching something of this resolute city's spirit. Contrasting its situation in 1904, after the fire had finished its devastating work, with what one sees in 1927, it is hard to believe that such a transformation was possible. Nothing remains to remind one that there ever was a fire, except that the business district is built with a solidity and excellence seldom encountered in cities that have not suffered (see illustration, page 177).

The water front, the aggregate length of which is greater than the distance between Baltimore and Washington, affords



Photograph by Clifton Adams

# THE MAIN LOBBY OF BANCROFT HALL, U. S. NAVAL ACADEMY

More than \$,400 midshipmen have been accommodated in the five "decks" of this building, which is probably the largest college dormitory in the world. It is named for the Secretary of the Navy who founded the Academy (see, also, pages 158 and 159).



Photograph by U. S. Army Air Corps.

#### AN AIR VIEW OF THE BUSINESS DISTRICT OF BALTIMORE

The metropolis of Maryland shares with New York City the distinction of being the only cities in the United States having more than half the wealth and population of their respective States. The present business district of Baltimore has risen from the ashes of the old city destroyed by fire in 1904 (see text, page 173).

a panorama of industry. Here is the ers launched those gems of the marine Atlantic seaboard's most modern and extensive group of grain elevators, which can transfer a carload of grain either to bin or ship's hold in six minutes.

The largest tidewater steel plant in the United States reaches out to Chile and the West Indies, to Spain and Sweden, for the ores to be tempered by the coal which "can almost roll down by gravity" from mines less than 200 miles away. The largest copper refinery in the world sends ships to the seven seas to bring back crude ore, which enables this plant to produce one-fourth of all the refined copper output of this country.

HOME OF THE BALTIMORE CLIPPER CON-TINUES A GREAT SHIPBUILDING PORT

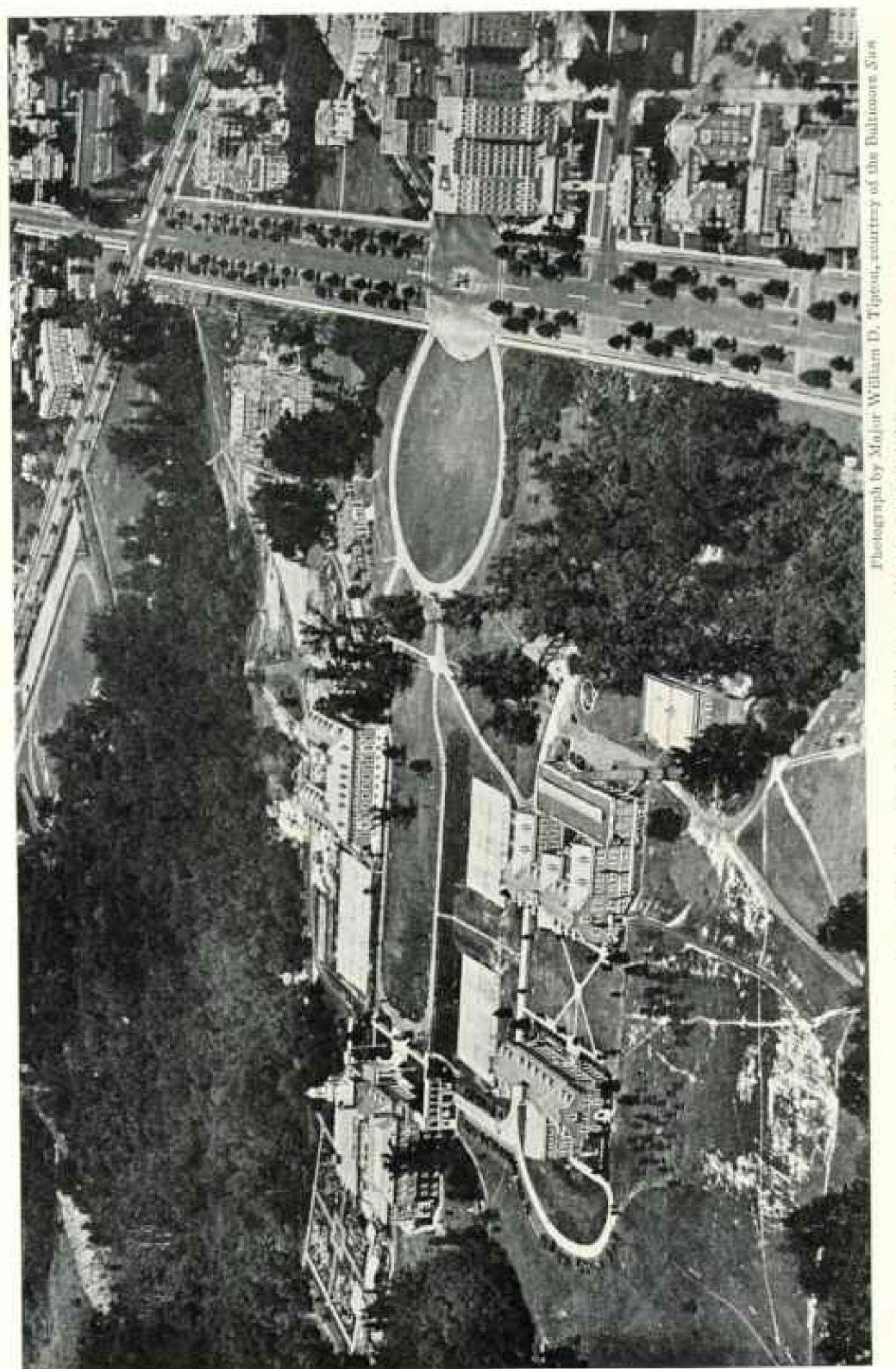
In keeping with the traditions of bygone years, when the Baltimore shipbuild-

world's largest coal-handling pier and the architect's art, the Baltimore clippers, the Mommental City is America's foremost ship-repairing community.

Located in the heart of the fertilizerusing Atlantic scaboard, and with a fine, cheap haven for the nitrate-carrying tramp steamer, it is also natural that Baltimore should be America's greatest center of fertilizer manufacture.

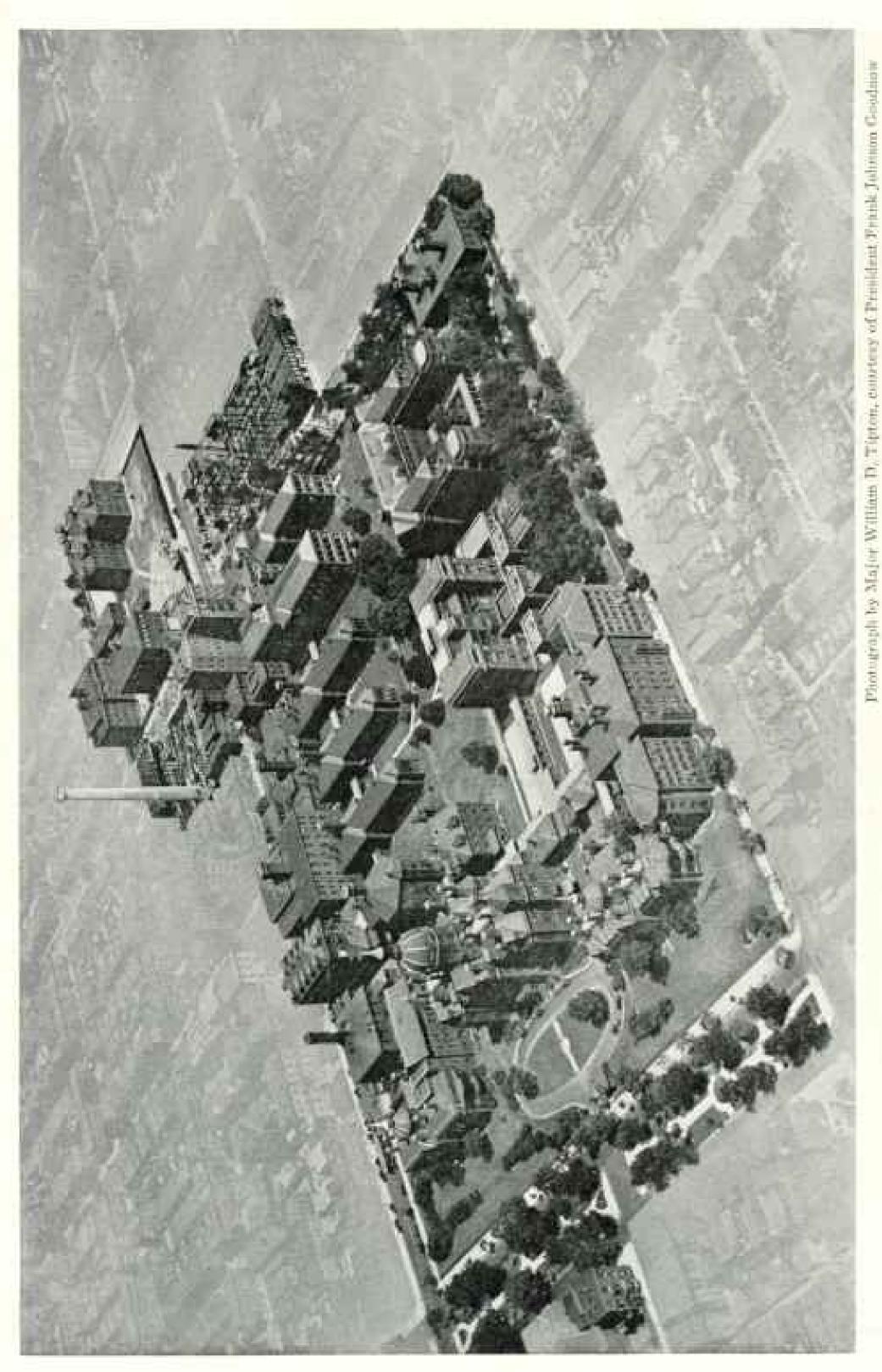
Its output of tinware exceeds that of the States of New York and Pennsylvania together, it produces more hats than any other city, and leads them all in the manufacture of metal bottle caps. Likewise it excels every other city in the production of canned goods and piston rings. Even the old slat bonnet of a half century ago is still a product of Baltimore industry.

With upward of 2,000 commodities, ranging from pins to battleships, this enterprising metropolis has such a diversified



# I VIEW OF JOHNS HOPKING UNIVERSITY, BALTINORE

Other edifices will be Carrotten, from which Gilman Hall, with the tower, is at the left, and the engineering buildings and laboratories before it in the quadrangle, built where the tennis courts now stand. Above the circle, to the right of the group, is Charles Carroll's famous mannion, the architectural motif of the entire group has been taken. This historic house is now the Faculty Club.



MORE MAGNIFICENT THAN THE MONUMENTAL PURAMINS OF THE PHARACHS: THE JOHNS HOPKINS MEDICAL GROUP A BALTIMORE MERCHANT DEVISED A MEMORI

E. competent practitioners, and devoted nurses trained in this institution have improved the conditions re. Said Charles W. Hiot, President Emeritus of Harvard University, "The prodigious advancelabora of the Johns Hopkins Faculty of Medicine is an achievement which must be counted one Impired leaders in medical research and teachin of life and ameliorated human suffering everywhe ment of medical teaching which has resulted from of superb beneficence."



Plantograph by Charles Martin MOUNTAIN LAUREL IN BECOM



Plantograph courtery of Maryland State Department of Forestry THE FALLS OF MUDDY CREEK, NEAR

industry that hard times, panies, and changes in trade demands do not bring the disaster that they do to some communities. And its financial institutions are as conservative as the proverbial French peasant.

# JOHNS HOPKINS, NURSERY OF AMERICAN RESEARCH

Through Johns Hopkins University and Medical Schools and Hospital the city of Baltimore touches humanity everywhere. When the great, noble-minded Quaker banker and merchant whose name they bear gave his fortune for the founding of a hospital and the establishment of a university, he left it in the bands of farvisioned men.

America's universities at that time put their emphasis on training men for the professions. The Johns Hopkins trustees, guided by D. C. Gilman, saw that there was need for an institution which would specialize in research and the training of men for research work. They understood that civilization progresses only as it delves deeper into the mysteries of Nature.

So they built a university that should develop research and train men for its exacting tasks. And from that day America began to take its place as one of the world's leaders in the accumulation of new knowledge and its application to the needs of an expanding race. Johns Hopkinstrained men and women went out to the colleges, laboratories, and hospitals and started a new era in American research and medical teaching.

Here Rowland worked out the law of the mechanical equivalent of heat, without which modern engineering could not solve the problems it meets; standardized the ohm, an essential element in the wonderful development that has characterized the electrical industry; perfected his machine for ruling spectrum gratings, a fundamental piece of equipment in the researches that have led to our new knowledge of the structure of the universe and our new data upon the constitution of the atom.

Millions of human beings in every part of the world have been beneficiaries of Johns Hopkins-discovered adrenalin, which has stanched the flow of blood in operations, bolstered a weakening heart in pneumonia, brought breath to the bodies of newborn babies, stilled the torturing spasms of acute asthma, and rendered local anesthetics less dangerous,

Other millions are indebted to Johns Hopkins for the present operative methods in the surgery of the stomach, intestines, blood vessels, and gall bladder, and also for the methods used in operating for hernia, goiter, and cancer of the breast.

Rubber gloves were here first introduced in the operating room, as were silk sutures, two of the greatest aids to the safety of patients from operating-room infection.

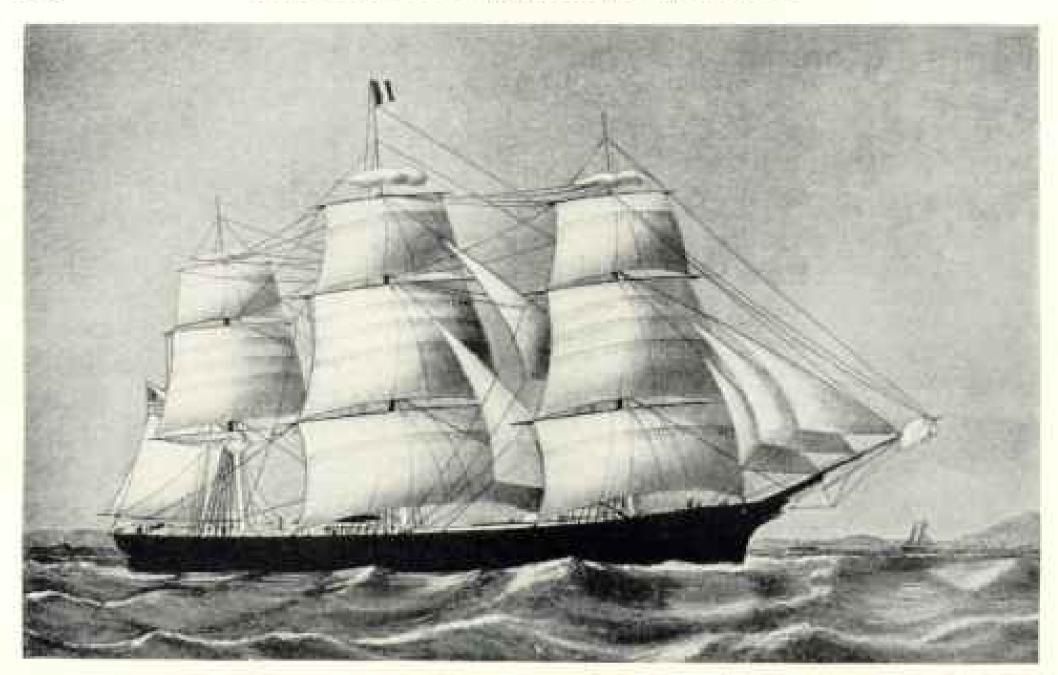
## DISCOVERIES THAT BENEFIT CIVILIZATION

Of the countless contributions to medical knowledge made by Johns Hopkins Medical Schools there may also be mentioned: the diagnosis of typhoid fever by blood culture; the first important studies in this country of amorbic dysentery; the discovery of the exact manner in which the muscles of the heart contract with a spiral motion to expel the blood—the basic action of the heartbeat—and discoveries of the physical and chemical reactions that stimulate and retard the heartbeat.

Experiments that showed the significance of blood pressure and led to the manufacture of instruments to measure the pressure of the blood; a reliable method for regional anesthesia; the basis for the treatment of tetany; the discovery of the gas-producing organism which was a common cause of gas gangrene following wounds in the World War; the development of genito-urinary surgery for women; pioneer researches in the application of radium to the cure of disease; effective leadership in educating the public to methods that prevent disease; and a long series of mercurial compounds, such as mercurochrome, an antiseptic used in the treatment of blood poisoning, and many other disorders.

Johns Hopkins Medical School yields only to Michigan University as the first medical school in the world to admit women to its classes and to accord them all the privileges that men students enjoy.

More than 2,000 doctors of medicine and 1,500 graduates of the School of Nurses have gone from this glorious institution to every part of the world, spurred with its ideals "to make life longer, happier, and more effective."



A BALTIMORE CLIPPER, THE TYPE OF SAILING CRAFT THAT BROUGHT FAME TO MARY-LAND SHIPBUILDERS: THE "CARRIE DOVE," OFF LANDS END, ENGLAND



THE FIRST RAILWAY PASSENGER AND FREIGHT STATION IN AMERICA (SEE PAGE 195)

This building was also America's first telegraph station. Here was received Samuel F. B. Morse's first public message, "What bath God wrought," sent from the United States Capitol over the first telegraph line in America, which had been constructed by congressional appropriation, from Washington to Baltimore. The first political news transmitted by telegraph, the proceedings of the Democratic Convention in Baltimore (1844), was sent from this building, which is still in service, on Poppleton Street, south of Pratt Street, Baltimore.



Photograph by Pacific and Atlantic Photos, Inc.

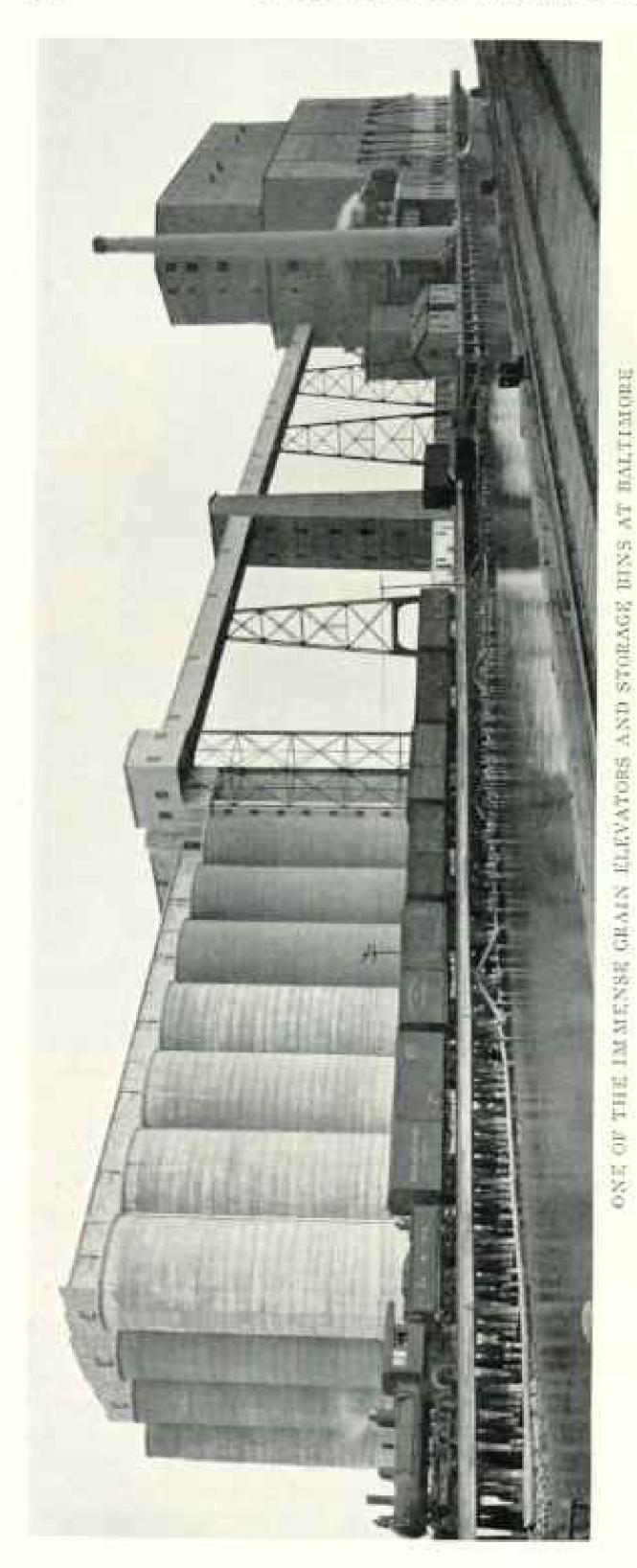
# WHAT TIME O'DAY IS IT IN TIMBURTU?

This youngster can read not only the time in this country, but, with the use of the unique dial which has been set up in Druid Hill Park, Baltimore, can tell time in all the principal cities of the world where the sun is also shining. The dials in shadow represent cities in the darkness of night.

In other fields Johns Hopkins has added to its civilization-serving record. Remsen's discovery of saccharin, a coal-tar derivative five hundred times sweeter than sugar, has blessed hundreds of thousands of diabetics; Morse's discovery of the copper-oxide process of removing sulphur from crude oil has recast the petroleum industry; Burton's researches on the problem of cracking gasoline has multiplied our potential gasoline supply eightfold; Frazer's catalyst for transforming insidious and deadly carbon monoxide into harmless carbonic-acid gas has removed one stalking form of death from every American battleship and submarine.

Busy with the present, Baltimore, nevertheless, possesses many splendid parks, museums and galleries, and many landmarks of a rich past that one likes to visit.

Near the Washington Monument stands the white marble building of Peabody Institute, memorial of the wise benefactions of George Peabody, merchant prince and banker, who laid the foundations of his vast fortune in Baltimore.



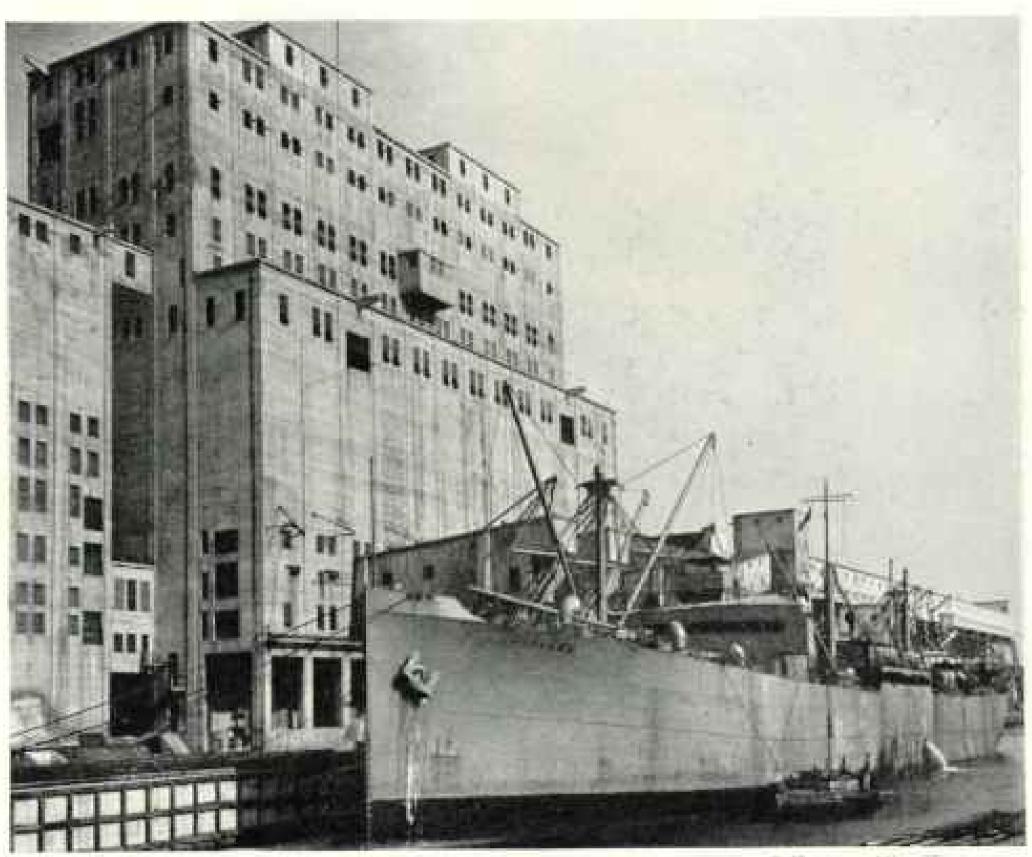
Not far away is the modest home of the Maryland Historical Society, which is by law the custodian for the State of its colonial and early official archives. A priceless collection of manuscripts, letters, paintings and early Americana is admirably guarded by this Society, which also issues monographs of great value.

AMERICA'S FIRST CITY TO BE LIGHTED BY GAS

Baltimore was the first American city to be lighted by gas (1821). Here, too, was constructed the first steam vessel built entirely of iron, the first iron building, the first armor plate, the first linotype machine (which sets the type for your Grographic Magazine), and the first electric tunnel.

Likewise, this progressive town erected the first American statues to Christopher Columbus and George Washington, organized the first railroad company, the Baltimore and Ohio; operated the first telegraph line, manufactured the first metal writing pens, used the first revolvingcylinder printing press, made the first carbureted hydrogen illuminating gas, set up the first merchant's exchange, established the first dental college, created the first bonding company, imported the first Pernyian guano, launched the first submarine boat, and opened the first dairy lunch,

From Baltimore the open road litresone around the head of Chesapeake Bay and down the Eastern Shore. Aberdeen, with its 35,000-acre reservation for testing the artillery of the United States and its plants for making smokeless powder, and Edgewood Arsenal are passed en route.



C Keystone View Company

#### LOADING A VESSEL WITH GRAIN; BALTIMORE

In ten hours this plant can receive 400 cars of grain, deliver 1,800,000 bushels to five ships, clean 600,000 bushels, and dry 40,000—all under the direction of one man, the "grain dispatcher." The elevator has a storage capacity of about 5,000,000 bushels of grain. The work is so simplified in this great elevator that the grain can be taken from the cars to the scales, thence to the vessel, without going to the bins; or the loading can be done from the bins. The grain is carried on immense belt conveyors.

Crossing the Susquehanna by the only toll bridge remaining in Maryland, we pass northeast and come to Elkton. And here begins the Eastern Shore.

#### A VERDANT LANDSCAPE

From the blue hills of Cecil to the level plains of Worcester and Somerset, the nine counties that comprise this magnificent province of the Old Line State seem to vie with one another in the marshaling of beautiful landscapes, splendid river and bay vistas, and charming towns.

The forests are filled with noble trees, the roadside banks are covered with sod, and the farms wear an air of contentment and productivity equaled in few of the world's farming communities. Down on the Manokin River, in Somerset County, lives a farmer who has found the secret of making farming a profitable

and pleasant vocation.

"I find that I can do anything here." said he, in telling of his experience, "that I could do on my farm in Illinois and a lot of things I couldn't. I keep both cows and hogs, using portable fences to inclose their pastures, and I can pasture them twelve months a year, something no Illinois hog farmer or Wisconsin dairyman could ever do. I plant rye, so that it will be a foot high by the first of January, and it furnishes pasture until the first alfalfa comes, in the spring."

He has a gas-engine mill in which he grinds both the bean and the hay of his



Photograph by Edwin L. Wisherd

#### MANUFACTURING UMBRELLAS

Placing the heads on umbrellas before covering. The first umbrella to reach America was brought to Baltimore and it was first carried in that city. The first factory for making umbrellas was established there and is still in operation.

soy-bean crop into meal for his stock, also his alfalfa and crimson clover, with which to supplement his winter pastures,

Eight months out of the year he lives in a substantial town house and spends the other four in the fine old mansion on the farm. On one side of the big oak-studded lawn is a small house, used as a playhouse by his children, and on the other side a duplicate, in which he has his offices.

On the wall in the latter is a plat of his farm, showing every field, and a card thumbtacked thereon shows what is in each particular field to-day. As he decides what he will have there for his next crop, whether it he pigs or potatoes, clover or tomatoes, he puts up a second card of another color.

To keep his land well fed, he raises a crop of crimson clover or soy beans, producing perhaps three tons to the acre. With a giant disk harrow, drawn by one of the heaviest farm tractors, he cuts this up, and then with big plows, also drawn

by heavy tractors, he turns it under. Three tons of humas to the acre! Maybe that doesn't make the land fat and the crop yield big!

#### MARKETS HIS PRODUCE DIRECT TO CITY CONSUMER

Marketing? He has solved that, too. When his produce begins to come in, he loads a high-speed truck and starts it to New York at 2 o'clock in the afternoon; and, although it is sent out less than 30 miles north of the Virginia line, he has it on the New York market early next morning.

The driver starts back immediately, arriving in the fields in time to have the truck loaded by 6 o'clock. Another driver now takes it and is on the road for Philadelphia, reaching the early market there next morning. This man, in turn, comes back in time to get the truck loaded by 2 o'clock and on the road to New York again, with a fresh driver at the wheel.



D Elimendorf from Galloway

ALONG THE LUMBER DOCKS OF BALTIMORE

In this way the owner makes six markets a week with one truck—three in New York and three in Philadelphia.

THE DELIGHTFUL TOWNS OF THE EASTERN SHORE

"Delmarva" is a term that may not mean much to the average reader, but it is a name to conjure with on the Eastern Shore. The grants of kings and the acts of legislatures distributed this splendid peninsula among three States—Del(a-ware), Mar(yland), V(irgini)a; Delmar-va. But latterly the people of the peninsula have awakened to the fact that while politically they are disunited, economically and geographically they are bound together.

And so they have pooled their interests and formed an economic alliance in which State lines are entirely forgotten. They foresee that their marvelously mild climate for such a high latitude, their splendidly productive soil of sand and loam, so close to the major cities of the East, and their perfect system of highways, coupled with their fine navigable rivers, are destined to make the Delmarva Penin-

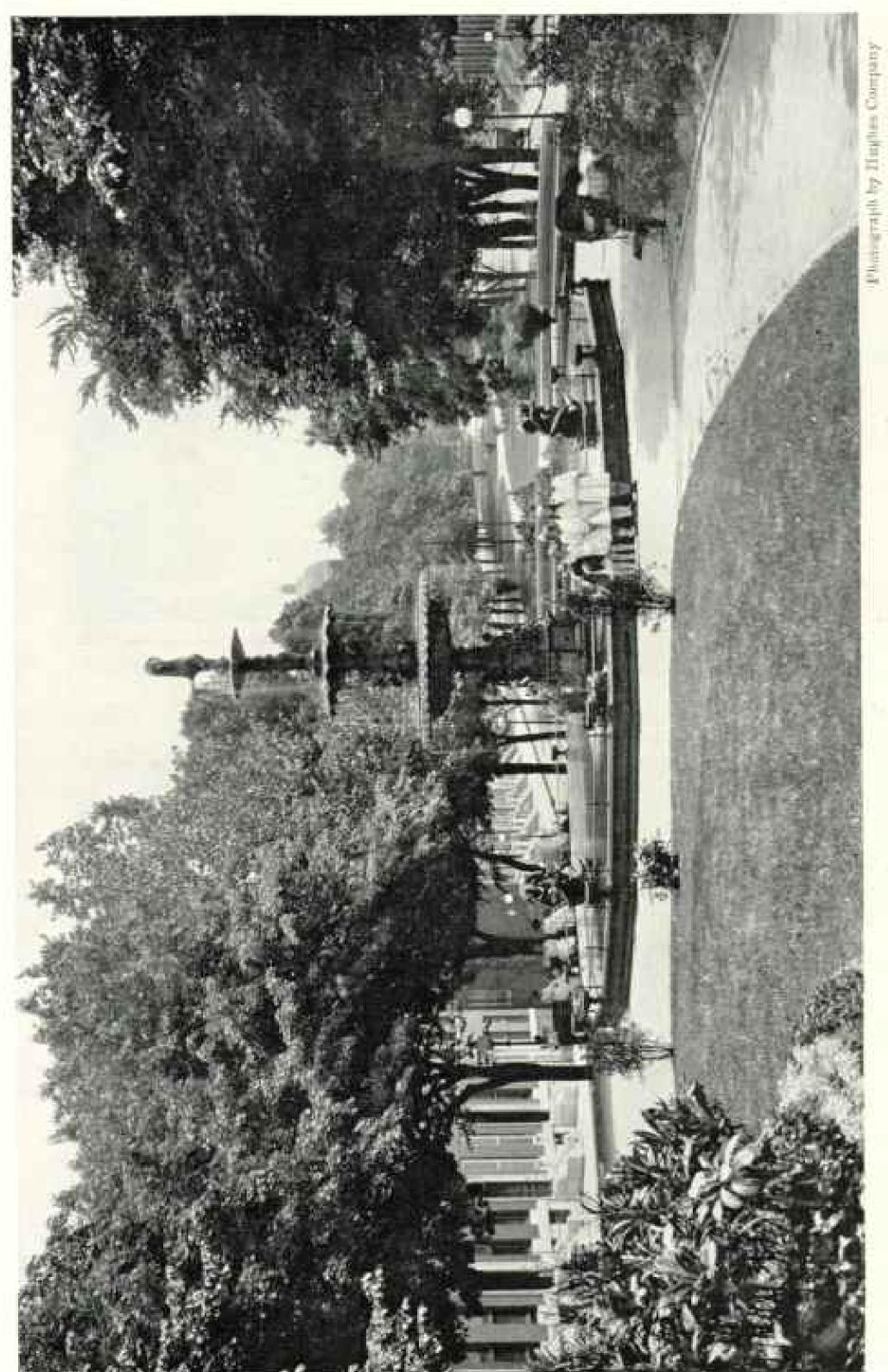
sula the market garden of the Atlantic seaboard.

The real-estate speculator is advised that he is not wanted, but those who come to share in the task of making Delmarva able to feed the ever-growing cities of the seaboard will be received with open arms. Dalmarva proposes to solve the producing problem by teaching farmers how to grow profitable crops; the labor problem by bringing in light, clean industries that will give the harvest population employment for the remainder of the year; the market problem by taking their products to the market instead of having the market buyers come to them.

The towns and cities of the Eastern Shore are, as a class, among the most attractive in America. A picturesque combination of quaintness and modernity characterizes them; their streets are, almost without exception, lined with beautiful trees, and nearly every building that is not of brick or stone is painted white.

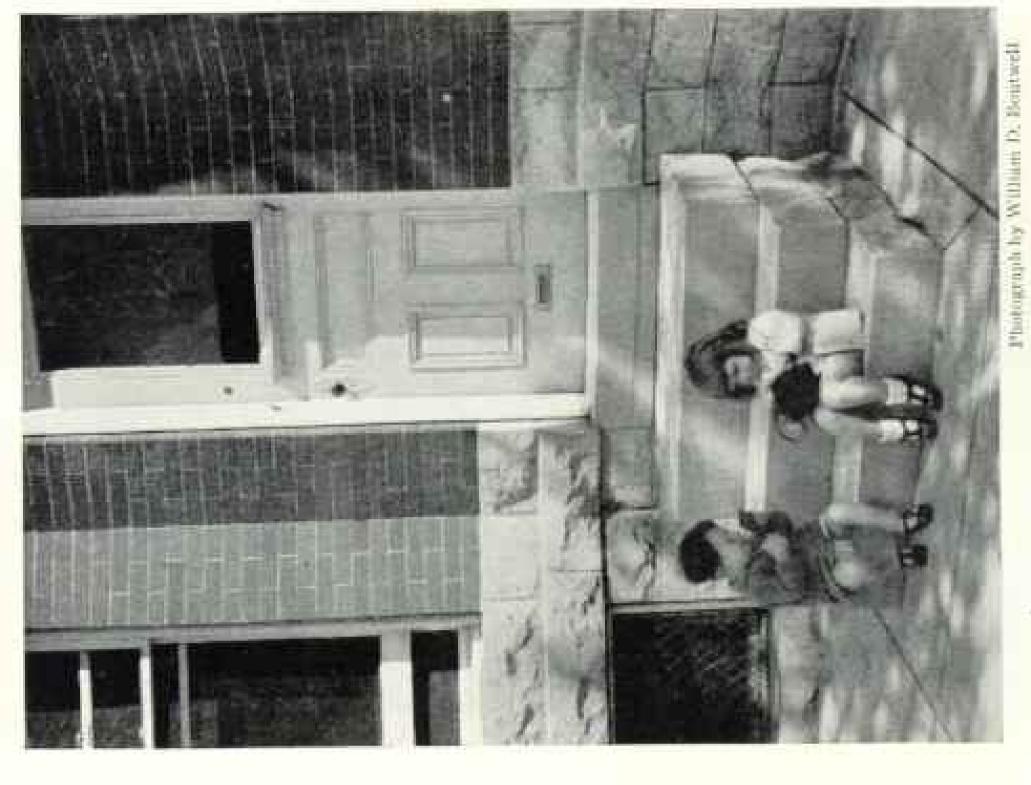
Most of these communities are located on tidal rivers, whose blue waters add to the beauty of their setting.

Elkton, "the head of Elk" during the days of our two wars with England;



A RESIDENTIAL STREET IN BALTIMORE: EUTAW PLACE.

a built to the sidewalks, the kind and condition of the inevitable three or four steps leading to the family in good standing scrubs its steps practically every day. If it is not well-to-do, it has wooden frank stone steps; if it is well-to-do, it has white marble steps, like the rows in this picture. from door tell much about the household within. A steps; if it has attained some prosperity, it has ord





ANNAHOLIS

THE KNOCKER ON A COLONIAL DOOR;

PRINKING ON BALTIMORE'S INEVITABLE STEPS

church, Christmas, 1784, and elected Francis Thurch in the United States. Carroll, was appointed Bishop of Baltimore, the first Roman Catholic Bishop in the United States, conversely, was appointed Bishop of Baltimore, the first Roman Catholic Bishop in the United States. 1, 194-105) and brother of Daniel Carroll, member of the Continental Congress (see pages 171, 271) Five years later a Marylander, the Rev. John Carroll, was appointed Bishop of Baltimore, the first Roman Catholic Bishop in the This distinguished prelate and statesman founded Georgetown College on its imposing eminence overlooking the Potomac River (1789).

Was the course of Charles Carroll (see pages 154, 171, 194-105) and brother of Daniel Carroll, member of the Continiental Congress (see pages). Methodist Episcopal rica, the first Bishop of the Methodist Epincopal ( organized ethodist societies It was in Baltimore that the conference of M Ashury, who was the father of Methodism in Ame



Photograph from John Oliver La Corne

THE TERRACED GARDEN AND TENNIS COURT AT GLENELG MANOR, NEAR ELLICOTT CITY

The country home of the Lowndes family, which has been connected with the development of

Maryland since colonial days.

Chesapeake City, the western gateway of the Chesapeake & Delaware Canal; Cecilton, successor to "ye towne at Captain Johns Creek"; Frenchtown and Georgetown, on the opposite bluffs of Sassafras River and connected by a long drawbridge; Betterton, on the oak-crowned hills at the mouth of the Sassafras; Chestertown, laid out in 1706, military base during the Revolutionary times, and port of entry to the Eastern Shore in colonial times—all these are jewels in the verdant landscape of the northern neck of the Eastern Shore,

Salisbury, at the crossroads of Delmarva, is the capital of the region. Berlin has the world's largest fruit-tree nursery and Crisfield is the crabman's capital.

# VOYAGING ON MARYLAND'S INLAND SEA

At Salisbury we ran our car aboard the little steamer en route to Baltimore at 8:30 in the morning. A full day's cruise down Maryland's second Wicomico River, up and down the Nanticoke, past Deal Island, through Tangier Sound and Hooper Strait, and thence up to Cambridge, on the Choptank, is too good to occur more

than once a week. But it unfolds a magnificent panorama, unreels a fascinating motion picture of riverside, island, and bayside life, and makes one feel that fairylands are geographic facts.

Here are the greenest of marshes, there the finest of forests; now an aristocratic brick mansion is passed whose terraced lawns reach the river's brink, and now a fine old eighteenth-century church peeps out of its oak grove (see map supplement).

The last crate of strawberries aboard, the gangplank slides back on the landing, and our little army of irresponsible roustabouts find soft places on hard cargo for a short night's sleep, and the ship's prow is turned toward Baltimore,

As the moonlight gleams on the broad and beautiful Choptank and the range lights proclaim that ahead lies the American Mediterranean, whose Chesapeake & Delaware Canal is its Suez and whose fortifications at the Virginia Capes are its Gibraltar, one wonders that some steamship line has not planned a series of summer cruises on its historic waters.



Plantagraph courtesy of Maryland State Department of Forestry

THE WYE OAK, WYE MILES IN TALBUT COUNTY, SAID TO BE 400 YEARS OLD

The diameter of this giant one foot from the ground is 18 feet, 3 inches; diameter 45% feet from the ground, 6 feet, 5 inches; horizontal spread, 1405% feet; height, 89 feet.

Jamestown and St. Marys, the one the cradle of the Nation and the other the birthplace of religious freedom; Williamsburg and Annapolis, twin nurseries of liberty; Independence Hall and Yorktown, where America resolved to be free and won her independence; Washington and Mount Vernon, where the Father of His Country planned the world's imperial city that covets no territory, and where his immortal ashes lie entombed—

The Potomac and the James, the Patuxent and the Patapsco, the York and the Severn, the Rappahannock and the Occohannock, the two Wicomicos and the Sassafras, the Choptank and the Piankatank, the Nanticoke and the Pocomoke, America's close-at-hand Holland and her farflung Venice—

What a region of national shrines, soulquickening scenery, and recreational advantages for a real American cruise!

"By the dawn's early light" Baltimore appears again. In a trice our car is on the dock, and amid the beauties of an early May morning we swing around through Roland Park and the Green

Spring Valley, where the people of the Monumental City show the world what can be done with suburban areas, and then begins another adventure—this time into the Piedmont plain, the valleys, and the mountains of upland Maryland.

#### ELLICOTT CITY IS FOUNDED

Ahead lies the most ancient Maryland, that part of the State which was above the waters of the Cambrian seas, as a part of the first American continent that the rocks record. It lies roughly between the Washington-Philadelphia line of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad on the cast and the channel of the Monocacy River on the west. Parrs Ridge is but a feeble reminder of the mighty mountains of primeval rock which formed the backbone of that continent. They appear, indeed, to have been rivals of the modern Himalayas in height, judged by the vast and rapid deposits of coarse sand that were swept from their beetling sides into the inland sen that broke on their western base,

On the eastern edge of this continent of the geological long ago stands Ellicott



SMILLN' THROUGH: SOUTHIRN MARYLAND TOBACCO



Photograph by Edwin L. Wisherd

A CANNING FACTORY: CAMBRIDGE, EASTERN SHORE OF MARYLAND UNLOADING TOMATORS AT

In the production of cannel tomatoes Maryland leads all States, with an output valued at more than ten and a quarter million dollars. In spite of the smallness of its canning and preserving industry, and only by California in the number of wage-carners employed in this work.



Photograph by Edwin L. Winherd

THE OLD GRANGERY AT "WYE HOUSE," ON THE EASTERN SHORE OF MARYLAND

It is probably one of the last survivors of these old glass houses for protecting orange trees in winter. The manorial lords of Maryland loved the luxuries of the table and provided means to gratify their tastes in all seasons. This estate is one of the most noted and historic manors of the Eastern Shore and has been in the possession of the Lloyd family for eight generations, since the original grant in 1650.

City, and beyond are the fertile wheat fields of Howard and Carroll counties. Perched on the slopes of the bluffs that border the Patapsco, this old town reminds one of many of the medieval upland towns of Europe.

Hither came three Quaker brothers by the name of Ellicott, some years before the Revolutionary War, from Bucks County, Pennsylvania, seeking broader fields for their mills. They were fascinated by the water power on the upper Patapsco, which was still in the roadless forest.

But there were no wheat fields of consequence within fifty miles. The planters were all growing tobacco and assured them that wheat would not prove a profitable crop.

However, the brothers would not be cast down. They finally appealed to that fine patriot: Charles Carroll, who owned the two great manors; "Carrollton" (see page 178) and "Doughoregan," to try growing wheat. He not only agreed to do that, but to help finance their mills.

Meanwhile the tobacco planters were pitying Carroll as the victim of half-crazy dreamers. While he grew his wheat, however, the Ellicott brothers were moving all their machinery and household goods to the Patapsco. They brought it in wagons to Philadelphia, thence by boats to New Castle, Delaware, where they put it into wagons again and hauled it to "Head of Elk," where they loaded it into hoats again and shipped it to Elk Ridge Landing. Here it was put upon wagons, hauled to a spot a mile from the site, and then trundled in wheelbarrows the remainder of the distance.

By the time the mills were ready to operate. Carroll had thousands of bushels of wheat ready, and from that day to this the wheat fields of Howard and Carroll counties have been the pride of Maryland.

Finding their soil exhausted by incessant tobacco cropping, many of the planters were preparing to leave for Kentucky; but the Ellicotts imported plaster from



O National Photo Company

# THE RACE TRACK AT LAUREL; PRINCE GEORGES COUNTY

Maryland was a pioneer in the development of the thoroughbred horse in America. Commissioned Governor for the third time in 1747. Samuel Ogle arrived once more in the province, bringing with him Spark, a celebrated stallion from the royal stud, presented by the Prince of Wales to Lord Baltimore and by him to Governor Ogle. The latter also brought Queen Mah, a mare of splendid lineage, and shortly succeeded in making the sport of kings the king of sports in Maryland. Later, Selima was imported, a racing mare that won, over the best thoroughbreds Virginia could muster, in a four-mile sweepstakes race at Gloucester Courthouse, Virginia.

Nova Scotia and with it converted their exhausted soil into good wheat land and saved Maryland some of its leading families.

AMERICA'S FIRST RAILROAD INCORPORATED BY MARYLAND

From Baltimore to Ellicott City the first American locomotive made regular runs. As had so often happened in other fields, the Maryland Legislature was the first to incorporate a steam railroad. In March, 1827, it gave a charter to the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, authorizing a capital stock of \$1,500,000 and providing for its ultimate extension to the Ohio River.

On July 4, 1828, Charles Carroll of Carrollton, the last survivor of that notable group of patriots who promulgated the Declaration of Independence, laid the cornerstone of the proposed railroad in the presence of one of the most enthusiastic and distinguished assemblages that had yet gathered in America.

On August 28, 1830, Peter Cooper, after a year of experimental work in per-



Photograph by Clifton Adams

A YOUNG STRAWBERRY PICKER OF THE EASTERN SHORE

feeting his locomotive, the Tom Thumb, whose boiler was about as big as a botwater heater used with a modern kitchen range, decided to make his first passengercarrying run to Ellicott City and return.

The 13 miles between terminals were negotiated in 75 minutes on the outbound trip and in 61 minutes on the return trip.

A few days later the advocates of horsepower challenged Cooper for a test between the two types of motive power.

This Cooper accepted, and two coachloads of people started for Baltimore from Ellicott City, the one drawn by the Tom Thumb and the other by a big gray horse,

At the signal "go" the horse got under way more quickly and established a lead of about a quarter of a mile, But gradually the Tom Thumb got up momentum, closed the gap, and took the lead from the lumbering horse.

Once in the lead, the Tom Thumb found itself in trouble. A leather band had slipped from a wheel and the engine lost momentum. In his furious effort to replace the belt, Cooper injured his hand and the horse won the race,

But Cooper had proved that a steamdrawn train could take the curves as well as one drawn by horses.

At the crossing of the Monocacy River a new geology greets one. From Baltimore to that river the motorist has traversed the backbone of the primeval American continent, the great belt of Archean rocks.

But at the Monocacy he comes to a beach line; for here was the shore of the

Appalachian Mountains were once the Appalachian Mountains were once the bed—that ocean which covered vast accumulations of vegetable growth with silt and sand and shingle and thus preserved them for our use in the form of coal, in western Maryland, Pennsylvania, West Virginia, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, etc. Staggeringly long ages have rolled by since that sea was expelled, first to make room for the rising Blue Ridge and then for the uplifting Alleghenies.

NEARLY SEVEN THOUSAND SQUARE MILES OF MARYLAND LOST

As one follows Mason and Dixon's Line on past Emmitsburg, where that noble society, the Sisters of Charity, had its American beginning, and Pen Mar,



Phonograph by courtery of U. S. Ferest Service

#### PERLING WILLOWS

In the spring, when the sap begins to flow, the rods are pulled through the irons to break the bark, which, after being loosened, is peeled off by hand.

whose post office is in Maryland or Penusylvania, depending on whether a Democrat or a Republican is postmaster, one is made to reflect on how much a lack of accurate geographic knowledge in the early days has cost the State of Maryland.

When the King of England issued to Lord Baltimore a patent for the Maryland palatinate he provided that its boundaries should start at Watkins Point (the mainland point south of Crisfield) on Chesapeake Bay, running due east to the Atlantic Ocean, then following the shore "unto that part of the Bay of Delaware on the north which lies under the fortieth parallel of north latitude." Thence the northern boundary was to follow the fortieth parallel "unto the true meridian of the first fountain of the Potomac." Then it was to follow that meridian to this "first fountain," and follow the farther bank of that river to its mouth at Chesapeake Bay, whence it should run across the Bay to the beginning, at Watkins Point.

Through ignorance of the position of the fortieth parallel and failure promptly to fix it, Maryland lost what is now the State of Delaware and, likewise, nearly 4,000 square miles of the finest lands in America to Pennsylvania; and through lack of thorough exploration to determine what actually was "the first fountain of the Potomac," she lost approximately half a million acres of the best land now embraced in northern West Virginia,

The fortieth parallel would take in all of the present site of Philadelphia nearly as far north as the boundary of Fairmount Park, while the actual "first fountain of the Potomac" is in Highland County, Virginia, draining into the south fork of that stream. The lands involved in this mistake include all of Grant and Mineral counties and parts of Hampshire, Hardy, Pendleton, Randolph, Tucker, and Preston, West Virginia, and a little sector of Highland County, Virginia.

On the whole, lack of accurate geographic knowledge cost Maryland nearly 4.250,000 acres of land, which now represent, with improvements, a wealth estimated at upward of ten billion dollars.

From Pen Mar, atop the Blue Ridge,

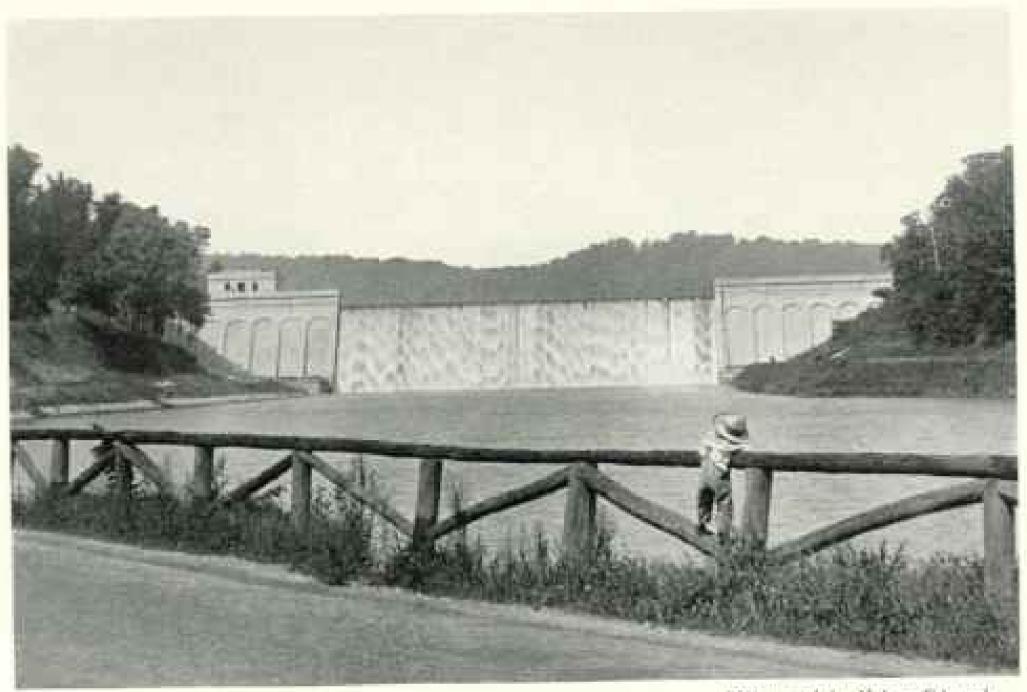


THE GIRLS' RIFLE TEAM OF THE UNIVERSITY OF MARYLAND
This team in 1926 won the National Team Championship, shooting with 20 universities. Note the telescopes used to study targets after fire. The ammunition used is .22 caliber.



THE MONUMENT TO JOHN O'NEILL, AT HAVRE DE GRACE

The inscription reads: "This connon of the War of 1812 marks the site of the battery on Concord Point where John O'Nella served the guns single-handed during the British attack upon Havre de Grace. May 3, 1813, until disabled and captured. He was relieved from the British frigate Maidatone through the intercession of his young daughter. Matilda, to whom Admiral Cockburn gave his gold-mounted snuffbox in token of her heroism. As a tribute to the gallant conduct of her father, the citizens of Philadelphia presented a handsome sword."



Photograph by Nelson Edwards

# LOCH RAVEN DAM ON GUNPOWDER RIVER, BALTIMORE COUNTY

The city of Baltimore gets its water supply from this watercourse. In a recent extension of the system two small villages were removed from the site of the enlarged reservoir. The water is carried for seven miles through a rock tunnel 12 feet in diameter. The ultimate capacity of the reservoir is to be twenty-two billion gallons.



Photograph courtray of U. S. Department of Agriculture

A BOYS' PIG CLUB OF MARYLAND



MARYLAND WATERMELONS FOR NORTHERN MARKETS



Photographs by Edwin L. Wisherd.

TAKING ON A CARGO OF WATERMELONS AT SALISBURY FOR BALTIMORE

one looks across the Cumberland Valley—a magnificent mosaic wrought out of field and forest, town and country, girt about by mountains and hills. In the haze in the distance rises Hagerstown, Maryland's third city, home of the largest pipe-organ factory in the world, and famous for its bicycles and incubators. Its fine residence streets remind the visitor of the fashionable avenues of Baltimore and Washington.

A few miles to the south of Hagerstown is the battle field of Antietam, where more soldiers gave their lives in a single day than in any other engagement of the Civil War. Next to Gettysburg, it is the best-marked battle field in America, and, aided by monuments and markers, one may trace the events of the sanguinary struggle between the Army of Northern Virginia and the Army of the Potomac.

# AMONG MOUNTAINS WHERE YOUNG WASHINGTON SOUGHT ADVENTURES

In the heart of the Alleghenies lie Oakland, Deer Park, and Mountain Lake Park, Northward stretches a fine State highway, which bridges a new and beautiful artificial lake whose irregular shore line is 27 miles long. Having left Southern Maryland, with its dogwood abloom in the greatest luxuriance; the Eastern Shore, with its early strawberries already moving to market, and the Hagerstown valley, with its apple blossoms at their best, one finds here on the mountains the first feeble indications of spring. Only a few tiny leaflets have dared to peep out.

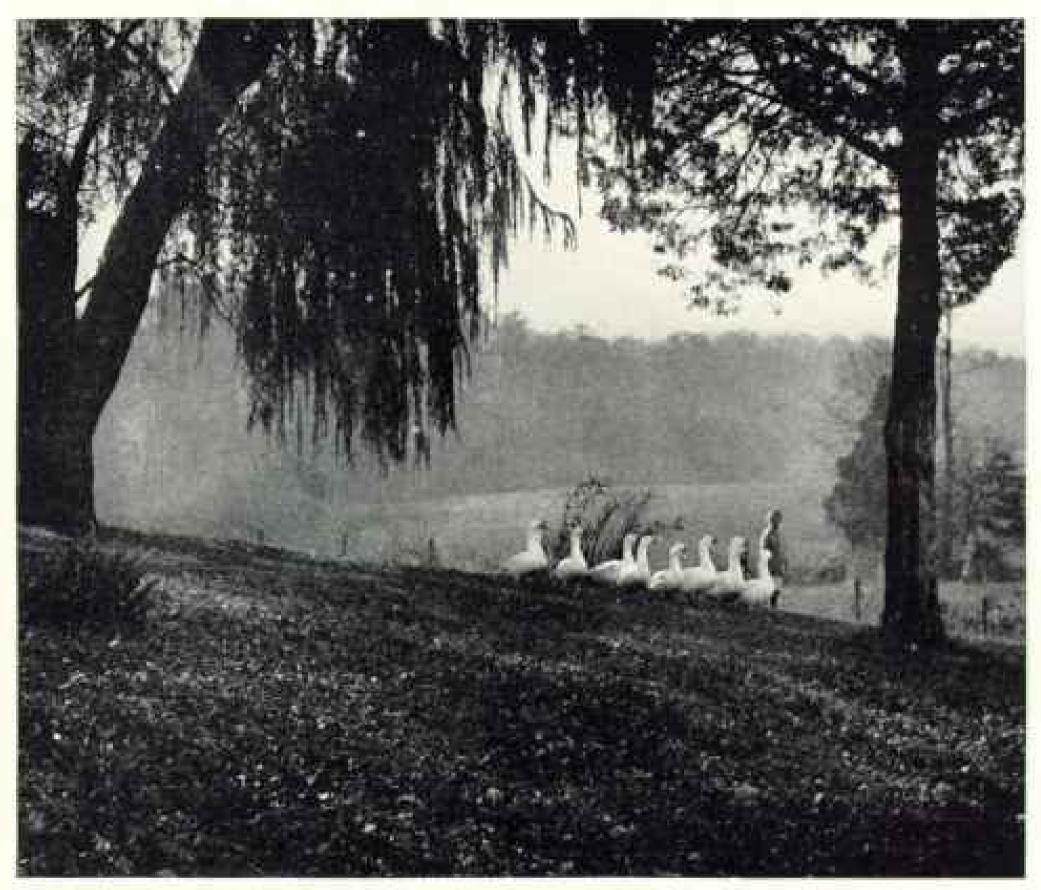
To these mountains, George Washington, seeking adventure, came as a youth of 17 on a surveying expedition, and was entertained by the savage sports of an Indian war party at the home of Colonel Thomas Cresap, Mary-



Photograph courtray of Baltimore Sun

## THE OLD SHOT TOWER IN BALTIMORE

In the past shot were manufactured by dropping slender streams of molten lead from high towers into wells of water at the bottom. As these streams descended the metal formed into spherical droplets and cooled when striling the water. The molten metal was poured into colanderlike basins, the size of the holes determining the size of the streams, and, therefore, of the shot.



Photograph to Gilbert Genmenur

#### A COUNTRYSHDE IN MARYLAND

Wild Acres, the author's country home in Montgomery County, Maryland, is credited by the U.S. Department of Agriculture as having the densest bird population anywhere recorded, 135 pairs of 24 different species nesting in five acres adjacent to the house.

land's most celebrated frontiersman, near Cumberland.

It was here, too, that Washington, returning at the age of 22 from his first fight, the surprise and capture of Jumonville's party, declared that there was "something charming in the sound of whistling bullets," a remark which he denonneed in after years as the ejaculation of a "very young man,"

At the summit of Keysers Ridge the Oakland Highway joins the old National Pike, and if you love mountain motoring the route to Frederick will bring you cheer. There is a fourteen-mile grade between the top of Big Savage and Cumberland, with a 2,200-foot descent. From Cumberland to Hagerstown the aggregate climb over the six mountains would reach the tops of most of the passes in the

Rockies from their eastern base. For many miles, you traverse fragrant forests. carpeted in spring with flowering laurel. azalia, and violets and decorated in fall with gorgeous foliage (see map supplement).

Cumberland is Maryland's second city. Situated at the eastern edge of the Western Maryland coal region, where cheap power, contiguous raw material, and converging railways make an ideal location for a busy manufacturing center, it is the neck of the traffic bottle through which a busy commerce moves out of the castern part of the Mississippi Valley into the seaboard cities.

George Washington foresaw, with his almost uncanny power to anticipate the future, that a great trade would pass through Cumberland, and labored dili-



Plintograph by Clifton Adams

THE "BLOODY LANE," NEAR THE CENTER OF THE ANTIGTAM BATTLE FIELD

It was only after fearful slaughter here that the Confederate troops were driven out, leaving their dead piled three and four deep. The building in the distance is an observation tower built by the United States Government, from which one can review the battle field whose stories of courage and devotion to ideals that were common to the Blue and the Gray alike are a National heritage.

gently to drive the first main artery of traffic from the Ohio to the sea by this route. Railroads were not dreamed of in his day, and he turned his attention vigorously to the problem of digging a canal westward. It finally reached Cumberland, as the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal, but the railroads came and the other end was never finished.

For a long time the picturesque old canal carried a great volume of coal eastward, but in later decades the railroads grew in carrying capacity and in the ability to provide low rates for through traffic.

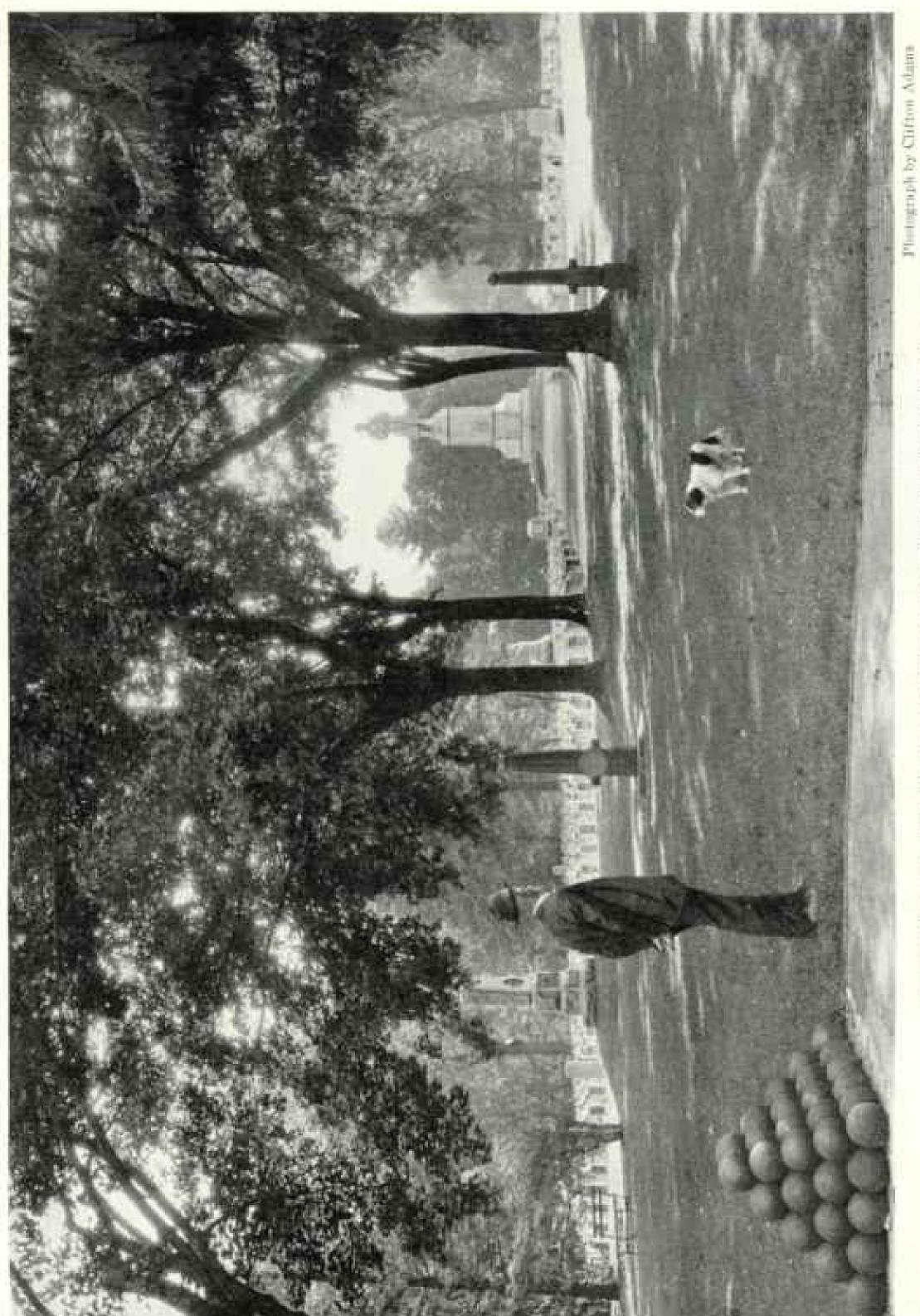
#### IN THE HOME CITY OF BARBARA PRIETCHIE

To-day the canal boats are rotting away, the towpath is being obliterated by weeds, and another of our inland waterways has fallen into "innocuous desnetude." But Washington's judgment still finds vindication in the vast volume of traffic that converges at and moves through the historic "narrows" at Cumberland.

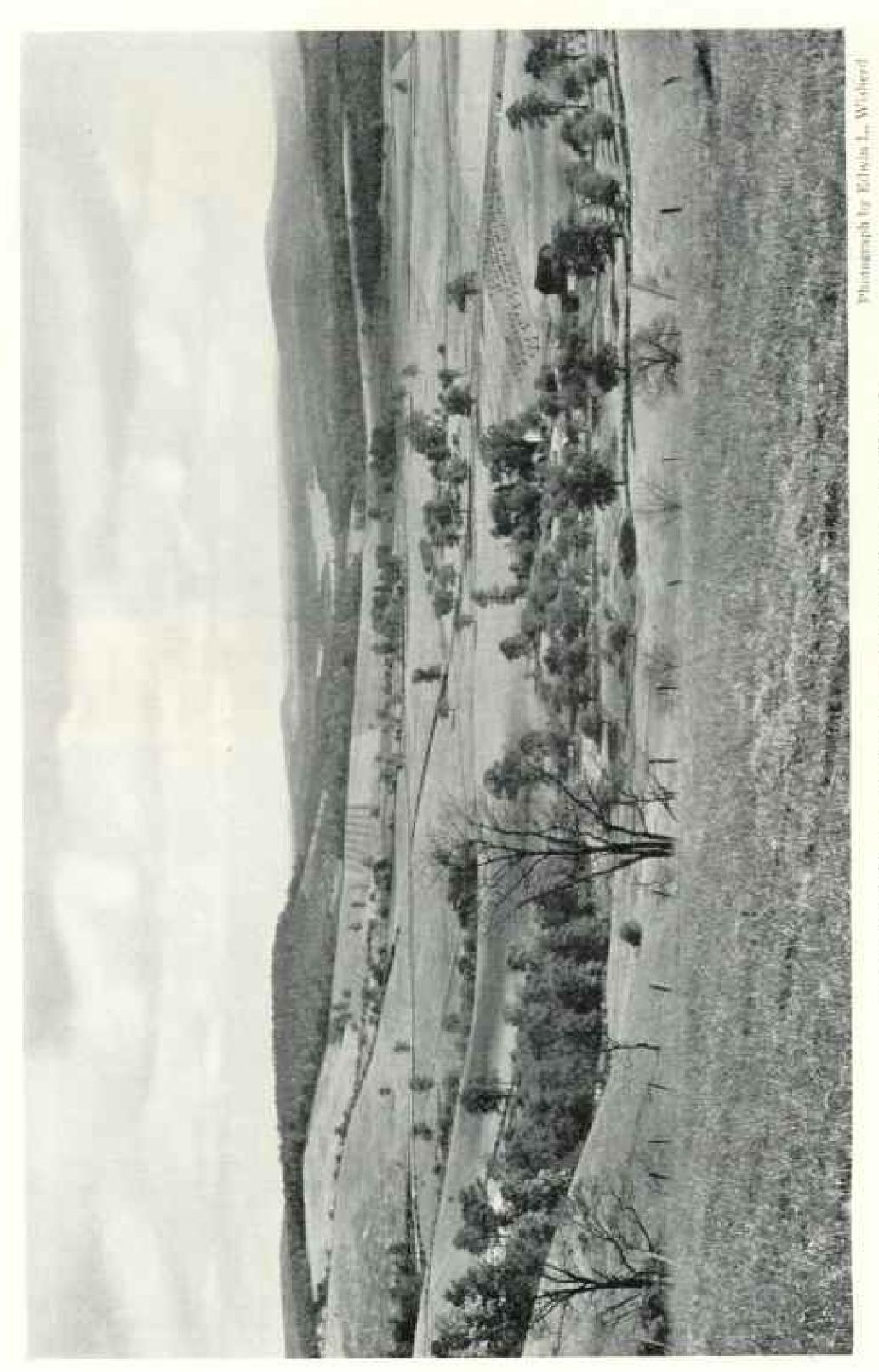
At Frederick one pauses to note the site of Barbara Frietchie's house. In the Francis Scott Key Hotel is a full-page, framed newspaper story which positively asserts that she did wave her flag in the face of Stonewall Jackson and offers much evidence to support the story of her defiance of the invading army.

In Andrews' "Tercentenary History of Maryland," Colonels Bradley T. Johnson and Kyd Douglas are both quoted to the effect that the chivalrous Jackson and his staff did not ride by Barbara's house at all; but, whoever is right, it still remains that Whittier's poem symbolizes the devotion of the County to the "indissoluble union" from the days of '76, when the Frederick County delegation to Annapolis compelled all doubting hearts to declare immediately for independence.

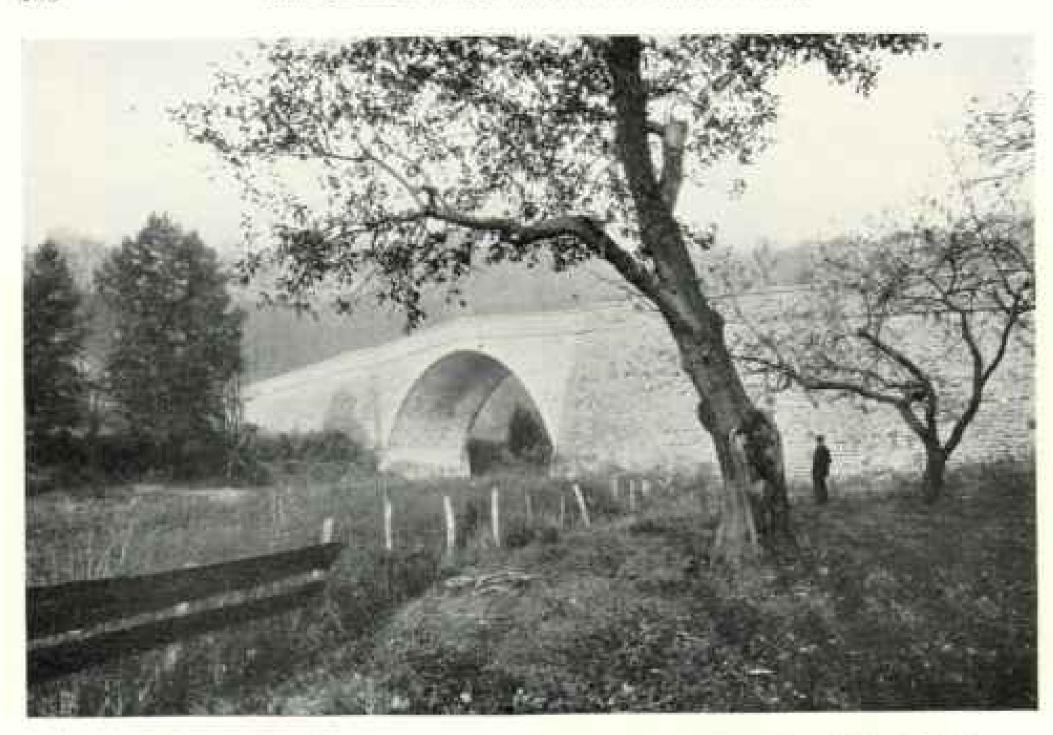
Lincoln, passing through Frederick on his return from an inspection of the battle fields of Western Maryland several weeks after the departure of Jackson, voiced the



Union soldiers who fell in the Battle of Antietam, September 14-18, 1862, are luried here, on It is one of the most beautiful National cometeries in the United States. I. CRMETERY AT SHARPSBURG, WASHINGTON COUNTY Over four thousand of the more than twelve thousand the summit of a small hill.



A SMALL PLATEAU ON TOP OF THE ALLECHENY MOUNTAINS. In the distance is an artificial lake 27 miles long, near Caldand, Maryland.



IN 1755 BRADDOCK'S ARMY CROSSED THE CASTLEMAN RIVER AT THIS SPOT.
This fine old bridge, near Grantsville, was built on the National Road about 1812 and its
excellent masonry is in a fine state of preservation.



Photographs by Clifton Adams

THE STONE ARCH BRIDGE OVER THE CONOCOCHEAGUE CREEK AT WILLLAMSFORT.
This bridge was the object of J. E. B. Stuart's raid of October, 1862. The style of architecture is that which was generally followed by the builders of the older Maryland bridges.



THIS CAST-IRON MILEPOST WAS ERECTED IN THE EARLY DAYS OF THE NATIONAL PIEC

The pike is the most historical of our highways and was constructed with congressional aid. It started from Cumberland to Pittsburgh, Wheeling, and Indianapolis and had its prospective terminus in the West, the new town of St. Louis, on the Mississippi.



Photographs by Clifton Adams

OLD FORT FREDERICK STANUS EAST OF BIG POOL ON THE BANKS OF THE POTOMAC

About 20 miles west of Hagerstown, this fort was built, at a cost of 60,000 pounds sterling, by order of Governor Sharpe, who was Governor of Maryland from 1755 to 1776. To-day the landmark is in a fairly good state of preservation, occupying about an acre and a half of ground. The settlers of Maryland and Virginia often were forced to take refuge here on account of the raids of the Indians and the French.



Photograph by Charles D. Walcott, courtesy of U. S. Geological Survey

## A REMARKABLE SYNCLINAL FOLD IN SANDSTONES AND SHALES

This formation occurs on the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal in Washington County, three miles west of Hancock.

prayers of the throngs of citizens acclaiming him, when he said to them:

"May our children and children's children for a thousand generations continue to enjoy these benefits conferred upon us by a united country and have cause yet to rejoice under these glorious institutions bequeathed to us by Washington and his "compeers.""

Lee's invasion of Maryland had resulted in the first check to the Confederate armies in the east.

Whittier's famous lines,

"The clustered spires of Frederick stand Greenwalled by the hills of Maryland. Round about them orchards sweep. Apple and peach tree fruited deep, Fair as the garden of the Lord."

give an accurate picture of the verdant and prosperous landscape of Frederick and Washington counties, which George Washington, after a visit in 1791, described as "the garden spot of the United States." The wheat fields that elicited such praise from the Father of our Country have been continuously cultivated, but farmed so wisely that they still yield abundant and profitable harvests to their thrifty, industrious, and intelligent owners.

#### RICH MEMORIES OF FREDERICK

Frederick is the rival of Annapolis both in its colonial atmosphere and in population. Here lie buried Francis Scott Key, the author of the "Star-Spangled Banner," and Barbara Frietchie, the heroine of Whittier's poem.

On the edge of the city is an old manor that was the estate of Thomas Johnson, one of our greatest Revolutionary leaders (see page 173). The old outdoor bathbouse, with its well and its tanklike predecessor of the modern bathtub, is still shown to visitors.

A rifle company from Frederick County (which then included all of Washington,



Photograph by Edwin L. Wisherd

## A TRAINLOAD OF COAL MINERS RETURNING FROM WORK

The "fourteen-foot seam" of coal in the Georges Creek region yields a semibituminous coal of high steaming qualities and greatly enhances the State's economic independence. Its cement rock and fire clay have helped to build the bridges and the industrial furnaces of the eastern half of the United States, hydraulic cement that hardens under water coming from rock quarried around Hancock and fire clay from other localities of the western part of the State.

Montgomery, Allegany, Garrett, and part of Carroll counties), under the command of Captain Michael Cresap, of Oldtown, was the first of the Southern troops to arrive for the defense of Boston after the Battle of Bunker Hill, having marched 550 miles in 22 days.

Mr. Thatcher, in his military journal of August, 1775, gives an interesting description of this gallant band:

"They are remarkably stout and hardy men, many of them exceeding six feet in height. They are dressed in white frocks, or rifle shirts, and round bats. These



One of the prosperous little towns in the north end of the Middletown Valley, between Frederick and Hagerstown.



Photographs by Clifton Adams
WHITE CLEMATIS ON A FENCE AT BETHESDA, MONTGOMERY COUNTY



Photograph by I., J. Beachy

#### KEEPING MARYLAND HIGHWAYS OPEN

With a big fleet of tractor-drawn plows, the State Highway Commission battles against the snowflakes night and day in a winter storm.

men are remarkable for the accuracy of their aim, striking a mark with great certainty at two hundred yards' distance. At a review a company of them, while on a quick advance, fired their balls into objects of seven inches diameter at the distance of two hundred and fifty yards."

While the regiments of the Maryland Line bore the brunt of the campaign to recover the Southern Colonies from the British armies in 1781, some traitors were captured in Frederick conspiring with others of their kind in other States. They were tried, convicted, and sentenced by Judge Alexander Contee Hanson,

"You shall be carried to the gaol of Fredericktown and be banged therein; you shall be cut down to the earth alive, and your entrails shall be taken out and burnt while you are yet alive; your heads shall be cut off, your body shall be divided into four parts, and your heads and quarters shall be placed where his excellency the Governor shall appoint. So Lord have mercy upon your poor souls."

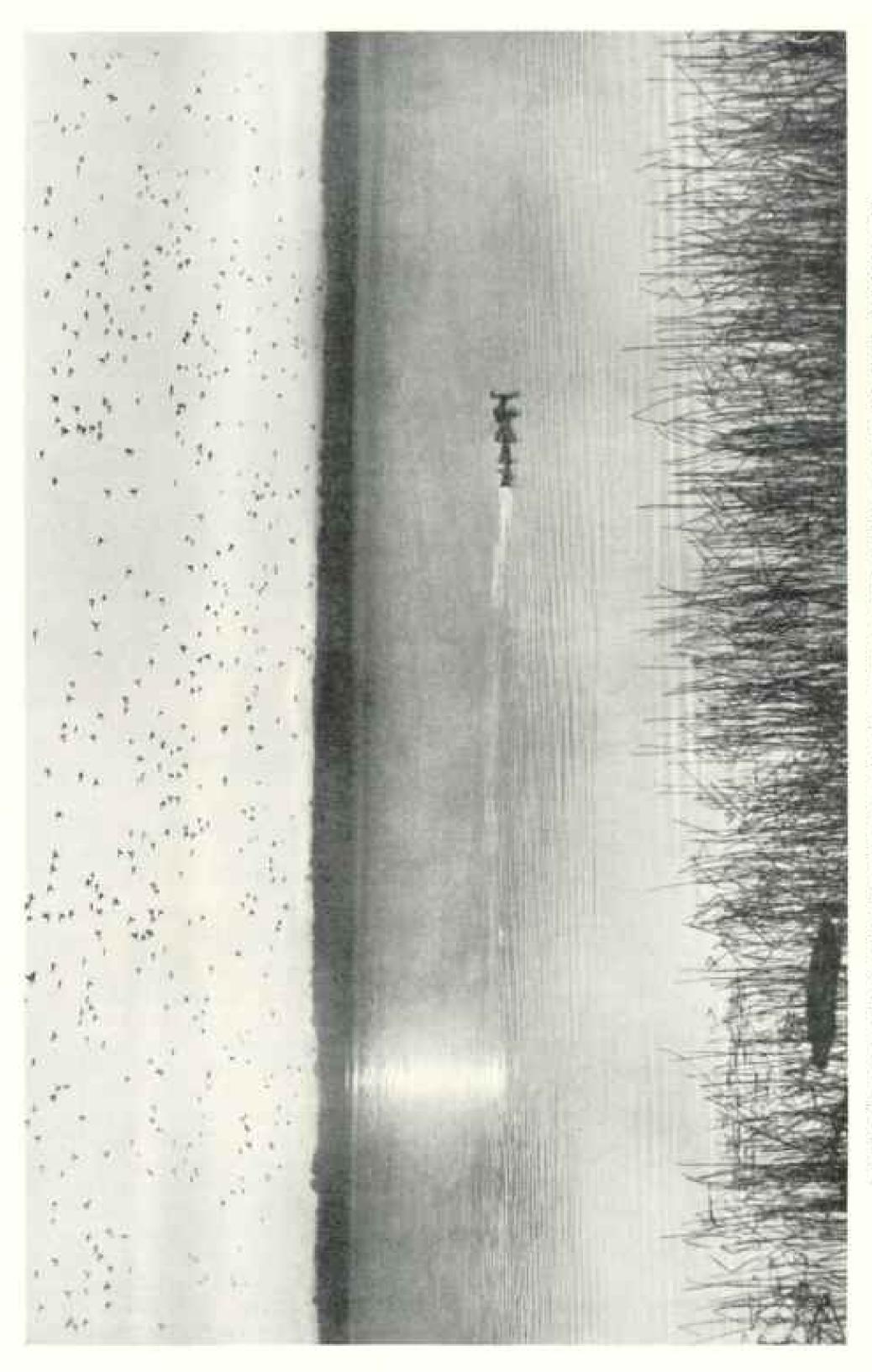
Three of these misguided men were executed in the courthouse yard at Frederick, the remainder being pardoned. It was no mere chance that a son of Frederick wrote our national anthem, "The Star-Spangled Banner," or that, 100 years later, another son of Frederick, William Tyler Page, is the author of "The American's Creed," our sublime declaration of national faith.

# MARYLAND CEDED THE SOIL FOR THE NATION'S CAPITAL

Two thousand miles of pilgrimage through Maryland end at Washington. Maryland ceded the soil upon which the Nation's Capital now stands. Her legislature loaned the bulk of the funds with which it was begun. Her distinguished sons, Thomas Johnson (see page 173) and Daniel Carroll (see page 171), with David Stuart, of Virginia, were appointed by President Washington the three commissioners to lay out the Federal city.

And younger men of Maryland have labored unreservedly and faithfully in the United States Senate and the House of Representatives to make the Nation's Capital a worthy memorial of our greatest American and a fitting shrine for our Covernment

Government.



The shores of the Potomac, the Choptanik, and other tributaries of Chesapeake Bay still remain a hunter's paradise, thousands of canvashacks and under shores of the winter season. DUCKS FLYING OFF MARVIAND SHORE, POTOMAC RIVIR; LIVE DECOY DUCKS IN THE HOREGROUND

# THE HEART OF AYMARA LAND

# A Visit to Tiahuanacu, Perhaps the Oldest City of the New World, Lost Beneath the Drifting Sand of Centuries in the Bolivian Highlands

# By Stewart E. McMillin

Formerly American Consul at La Paz-

OLIVIA has some of the oldest ruins, the highest navigable lake, and one of the oldest, most revered shrines in the Western Hemisphere. On our pilgrimage to those historic treasures we pushed aboard a crowded car on the Guaqui train in La Paz\* one afternoon and climbed behind an electric locomotive some 1,400 feet to the rim of that large bowl which holds the picturesque capital city; then started westward toward Tiahuanacu, our immediate goal; Lake Titicaca, Copacabana, and the Islands of the Sun and Moon.

It was September, and therefore early spring on the Bolivian plateau. Many of the Indians had finished plowing, and the ground lay fallow, as it would do until late November or early December, when harley is sown and potatoes are planted in the shallow brown furrows.

Oxen were still trudging across the brown and mauve fields, leaving little furrows surprisingly straight behind rude Indian plows, of a type which has been in use for hundreds of years-one long wooden beam with a crosspiece first hardened in a fire and then fixed rigidly downward at the rear. A part of this vertical section extends upward and is used by the plowman in guiding the implement. The whole is so light that an Indian thinks nothing of carrying one for leagues across country (see Color Plate XVI).

THE TRAIN TRAVELER IS WELL FED

Our first halt was twenty miles to the west at Viacha, a town of some importance because of railroad junctions and the big government wireless station there.

\* See, also, "Kaleidoscopic La Paz, City of the Clouds," by Harriet Chalmers Adams, in the NATIONAL GEOGRAPHIC MAGAZINE for February. 1909.

Plump little chola girls, with touches of lavender in the red of their cheeks, hurried aboard to sell us the fragrant coffee buns, which are almost a pastry confection for flavor and lightness and are famous all over Bolivia (see Color Plate X).

Barefooted, ragged little boothlacks pushed here and there, crying "Lustre,

senor! Lustre!"

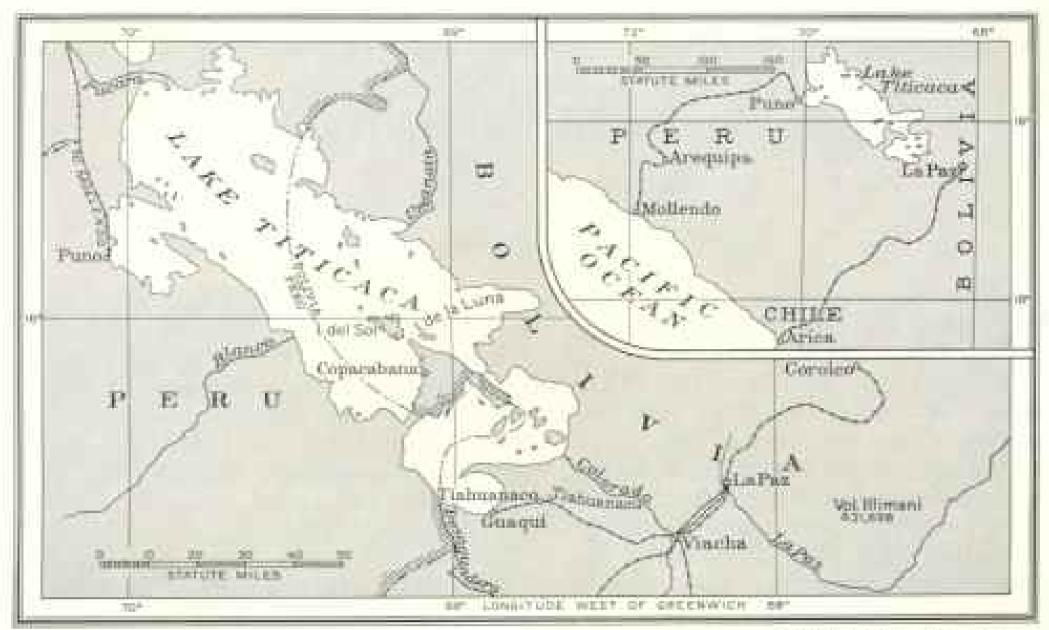
Outside our car windows a tattered beggar, with upturned empty hat, made the rounds of the train, promising blessings from Heaven if any one of us would but contribute a diczicito (ten little pennies) toward his support.

Alongside the cars squatted a row of Indian and chola women selling beer. fruit, and empanadas, the latter a sort of small meat pie folded over on the edges and containing within its plump form meat, or meat and potatoes, with a bountiful seasoning of red peppers ground fine.

Young men still bearing on their coat lapels resettes of red, yellow, and green, the Bolivian colors, in commemoration of the centennial fiestas just over, were greeting others in typical Latin-American fashion, the abrazo, as they descended from the train-that is, by gripping one hand, drawing the object of the salutation to him, and patting him on the back with the free hand.

The roofs of Viacha are thatched mainly with barley straw, but the railway sheds and more pretentious buildings are roofed with galvanized sheeting. Near the ticket window soiled placards still announced, for the early days of August, "Solemn Coronation of Our Lady of Copacabana."

This coronation takes place every year, in the little town of Copacabana, before preparation for the planting of the crops, and ten thousand or more Indians from



Drawn by James M. Darley

## A SKETCH MAP OF THE LAKE TITICACA REGION

The ruins of the ancient capital city of Tialmanacu, near the mountain village of Tialmanaco, are reached by rail from La Paz, Bolivia, the loftiest capital in the world.

Bolivia, Peru, Ecuador, Chile, and Argentina gather there to ask the blessing of the Virgin Mary upon the fruitfulness of their fields and herds (see illustrations, pages 240 and 247):

THROUGH SUMMIT-CLINGING FIELDS

Finally our conductor, on the station platform, pulled a wire leading to a little bronze bell under the roof, and amid cries of "All aboard!" we were off again.

The hills had a striated appearance, for plowing had been done in the strips freest of stones, up to their very summits. Over land, tilled and unturned alike, wandered herds of sheep, llamas, mules, oxen, and pigs in search of sustenance which only a Bolivian Indian could expect them to find. The ground lay dry and red and dusty, so that the very sheep and llamas were tinted by it (see illustration, page 215, and Color Plate III).

Presently the land grew manifestly richer and darkened into mauve, while hills took on brown and warm gamboge. Some ducks flew up out of a narrow pool near the tracks. Flocks and herds increased in size and number. Vegetation began to appear about tiny dwellings. Stacks of barley, weighted with rocks and

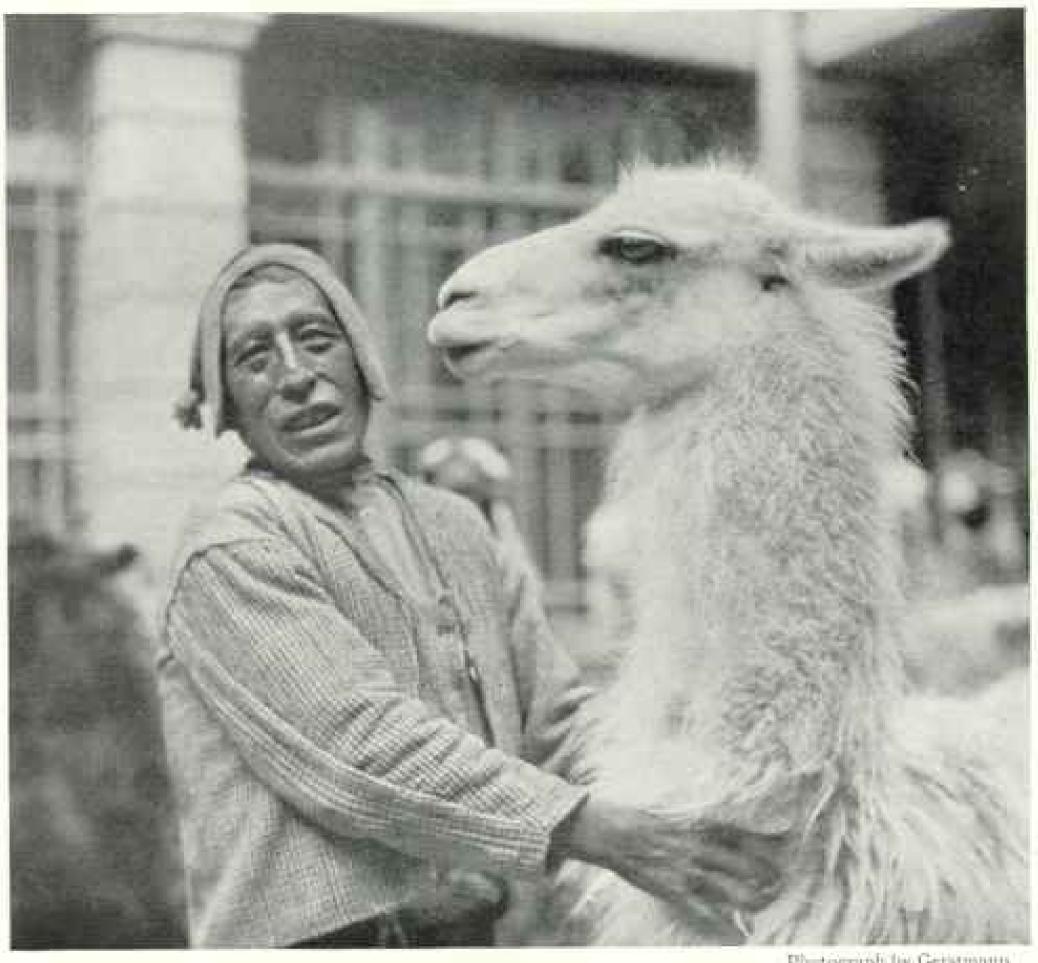
held down by cords of hide, began to increase in number, smooth and rounded at the bases, where cattle and sheep could eat and rub themselves as they liked. Then the earth grew richer still, with baled barley and alfalfa hay appearing here and there in the little mud-walled farmyards.

SHRUBS, MOSS AND LLAMA REPUSE PRO-VIDE BOLIVIA'S FUEL

Alongside the tracks great piles of yarcta, one of the three chief Bolivian fuels, came into view. Were it not for taquia, the tola shrub, and yareta, the poor Indian, the wealthier Bolivian, and even the resident foreigner would find it hard to make a fire. Taquia, used most widely of all, is the dried droppings of the llama. The little tola shrub grows everywhere upon the plateau at an altitude of 14,000 feet or more.

Yareta grows in low, rounded masses, and resembles great domes of moss frequently six feet across. Its long roots are impregnated with resin and burn fiercely. It is widely distributed in high sections where there is not too much rainfall and the land is not desert.

This is a region which newly arrived



Photograph by Gerstmanns

# AN AYMARA AND HIS CAMEL OF THE PLATEAU

The Hama as a beast of burden provides one of the oldest methods of transportation known to South America. It was domesticated so long ago that no wild members of the family remain, The ancient Incas extended their influence and developed their culture by raising and training thousands of these animals to carry burdens of from 50 to 100 pounds in weight for the construction of their difficult, stupendous engineering and agricultural works (see, also, Color Plate III).

travelers consider almost devoid of life; yet the plateau fairly teems with it. Hundreds of little mud huts are everywhere, but they are most inconspicuous, as are also the dusty animals and Indians themselves. Of a sudden one notes a bright spot of color, a man's red poncho, perhaps, or the orange skirts of a woman, and, looking more closely, one finds that Indians are at work all about (see Color Plates VIII, IX, XII, XIII, and XIV).

High above every village, however small or squalid, tower big churches with mounting spires, typifying one of the great interests of Indian life.

In front of the tracks we observed

great domed earthen ovens, some 7 feet high by 6 in diameter, where most of the family cooking was done.

At intervals we caught the yellow gleam of a little field of barley stubble not yet turned.

There were trails everywhere, but few roads. Presently, however, just before sunset, a road took form along the tracks leading toward Tiahuanaco. On the outskirts of the town an Indian with an alpaca wool rope attached to a black jar with a siender neck was drawing water from a shallow well. For a moment his gaunt face showed coppery against the gray smoke of his but, as we drew



Phintograph by Gerstmann

## A SMILING MEMBER OF A TACITUMN RACE.

The Aymaras are the agricultural laborers of the Peru-Bolivia Plateau and have a hard struggle against cold and hunger. They are usually of a solemn or melancholy disposition, but this native of the Island of the Sun (see, also, illustration, page 243) has a somewhat easier existence than his brothers, with the result that mirth is not a stranger to him.

abreast; then we pulled into Tinhuanaco village with the hillsides lilac under a lowering sun.

### THE RIDDLE OF TIAHUANACU

The village of Tiahuanaco is situated near the ruins of the ancient city of Tiahuanacu, which, according to most chroniclers and Indian historians, did not bear that name during the Spanish Conquest, nor even while the Incas were masters of the district. It is generally agreed that Tiahuanacu is a Quichua denomina-

tion bestowed only a f∈w hundred years ago.\*\*

Its meaning, too, is disputed. The greater number of Spanish historians, following the lead of Garcilaso de la Vega, born of an Inca princess, have agreed on its Quichua derivation; that Tia or Tiny comes from the verb sentarse, to be seated, and that the words translatable as sientate huanacu were addressed by an Incaat this spot on receiving from Cuzco a jaded postboy or conrier, whose fleetness he compared with that of the huanacu (guanaco), and commanded him to be seated in his presence and to take his rest.

But there are other meanings attributed to the word, merely from a different division of the syllables.

On what may have been the true history of Tiahuanacu ruins one speculates fruitlessly, for its carvings and its characters have never been read with certainty. To attribute the structures to Aymará or Quichua

peoples, races of vesterday, is incorrect. The Aymara tongue is the Sanskrit of America, and even older than Tiahuanacu; but the Aymara race itself, conquered by the language and taking name from it, is far younger (see, also, text, page 240).

Geographically considered, it seems well established that the ancient city, now

\*See, also, "Some Wonderful Sights in the Andean Highlands. The Oldest City in America," by Harriet Chalmers Adams, in the Na-TIONAL GEOGRAPHIC MAGAZINE for September, 1908. plain some 13½ miles from Lake Titicaca, once stood on the shores of a southern bay of the lake, for north of the ruins exist traces of a harbor mole, Lake Titicaca apparently having receded in the course of the centuries.

# THE PRODUCT OF TWO CIVILIZATIONS

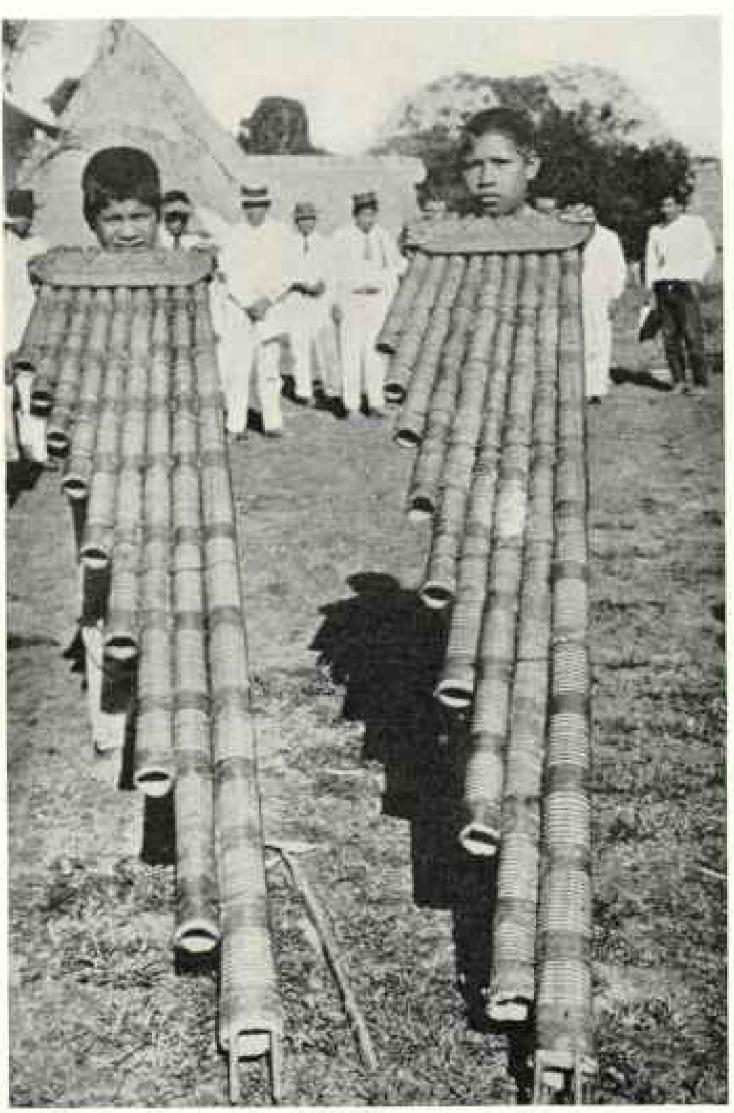
Tiahuanacu has been judged the product of two distinct and successive civilizations, the latter supposedly reconstructing, to some extent, ruins left by an earlier people. Some investigators attribute the reconstruction work to the Aymaras, whose descendants now dwell in the region, but the latter have no traditions or legends about such builders. much less of the primitive preceding civilization.

Dr. Belisario Diaz Romero, formerly director of the National Museum of Bolivia, thinks we must seek for the origin of the primitive Tiahuanacotan in an ancient Andean race of Mongoloid source, the predecessors or contemporaries of the

predecessors of the founders of the Mayan civilization in Central America. The resemblance of the present Aymará Indian inhabitants to the Asiatic Mongols is startling. We constantly commented on it.

# LIKE THE MONGOL, THE QUICHUA IS PRACTICALLY BEARDLESS

The Aymará-Quichua peoples are identified by many students of anthropology



Photograph from Stewart E. McMillin

### PIPES OF ARCADY IN A BOLIVIAN SETTING

Panpipes were played in the Andes long before the arrival of the Conquistadores, and even to-day couriers of the modern Children of the Sun use them to announce their arrival and departure. The Aymara's pipe on this large-sized version during certain of their ceremonial dances (see, also, illustration, page 245, and Color Plate XIV).

with the Tatar-Mongols in all the South American groups in Peru, Chile, Argentina, and ancient Colombia, and are of a type chiefly brachycephalic. In height they are about 5 feet 2 inches, though much taller Indians are frequently found among the purely Aymará branch. The head is large, the face broad, and cheeks wide; the nose is large and salient, but never sharp; the eyes are small and usually black, the lips thick (see illustra-

tion, page 216).

Ordinarily they have absolutely no beard, though the lighter and yellower Quichua sometimes displays a wisp in the crease of either cheek above the mouth and perhaps a few straggling bairs under the chin. The neck is short and thick, the shoulders massive, the chest deep. The skin is swarthy brown or coppery to dark olive.

While hair on the face is almost totally lacking, the head bears hair which is black,

thick, and strong,

The Quichua appears more robust than the Aymara, though usually somewhat shorter, while his cheekbones are more prominent, his forehead a bit more protuberant, and his skull oblong.

Whether the ancient Mongols crossed over Bering Sea and traversed the great region from the north to the vicinity of the Bolivian plateau, or whether there really existed the fabled land bridge across the Southern Pacific, are matters more of human interest than of material significance. That they were the ancestors of the present-day Aymaras, as well as of all other American Indian tribes, is generally accepted.

There are many indications that two very different civilizations succeeded each other at ancient Tiahuanneu. Many of the worked stones are only half finished, which induces the belief that some great catastrophe, natural or otherwise, compelled the workmen to leave their task

uncompleted.

The character of the work itself denotes that the balf-shaped and sculptured stones belong to the second phase of Tiahuanacu's history. Statues and monoliths are not of the same rock materials, nor of the same artistic style. Some are of the gray-grained arsenic stone, almost as enduring as flint, while others are a sort of red sandstone, apparently more enduring than one might think. The latter would seem to be of the second epoch; and this is the stone in which one finds the unfinished work.

## A STONEHENGE OF ANCIENT AMERICA.

Great menhirs, or monoliths, inclose an enormous quadrangle to the east of the present village. To one who has visited Stonehenge, near Salishury, England, they have a not unfamiliar aspect.

Dolmens, or stone tables, generally consisting of three or four large flat stones, covered with another and larger one, like a table supported by its legs, are found in many places about this region, but more especially near the shores of Lake Titicaca and upon its many islands.

These may be the remains of what once were tombs of heroes and notables to whom the tribe wished to pay tribute. They are similar in appearance to those seen in Denmark, Germany, France, and other European countries.\* Covered galleries, with their openings always toward the rising sun or to the north, are occasionally found in the low hills near the Tiahuanacu ruins.

Other features of these monuments are the great statues bewn out of the raw stone, representing heroes and divinities, a class of sculpture said to be entirely lacking among European ruins of comparable culture? (see illustrations, pages 239 and 241).

#### THE GREAT HILL OF AKAPANA

Bolivian investigators have designated by their various Aymara names the different sections of the ruins. That nearest the Guaqui-La Paz Railway tracks, entering Tiahuanacu, is called Akapana, a great hill suggestive of the creations of our ancient North American mound builders. It also bears other names which, translated, mean The Fortress, Artificial Hill, and Hill of the Sacrifices.

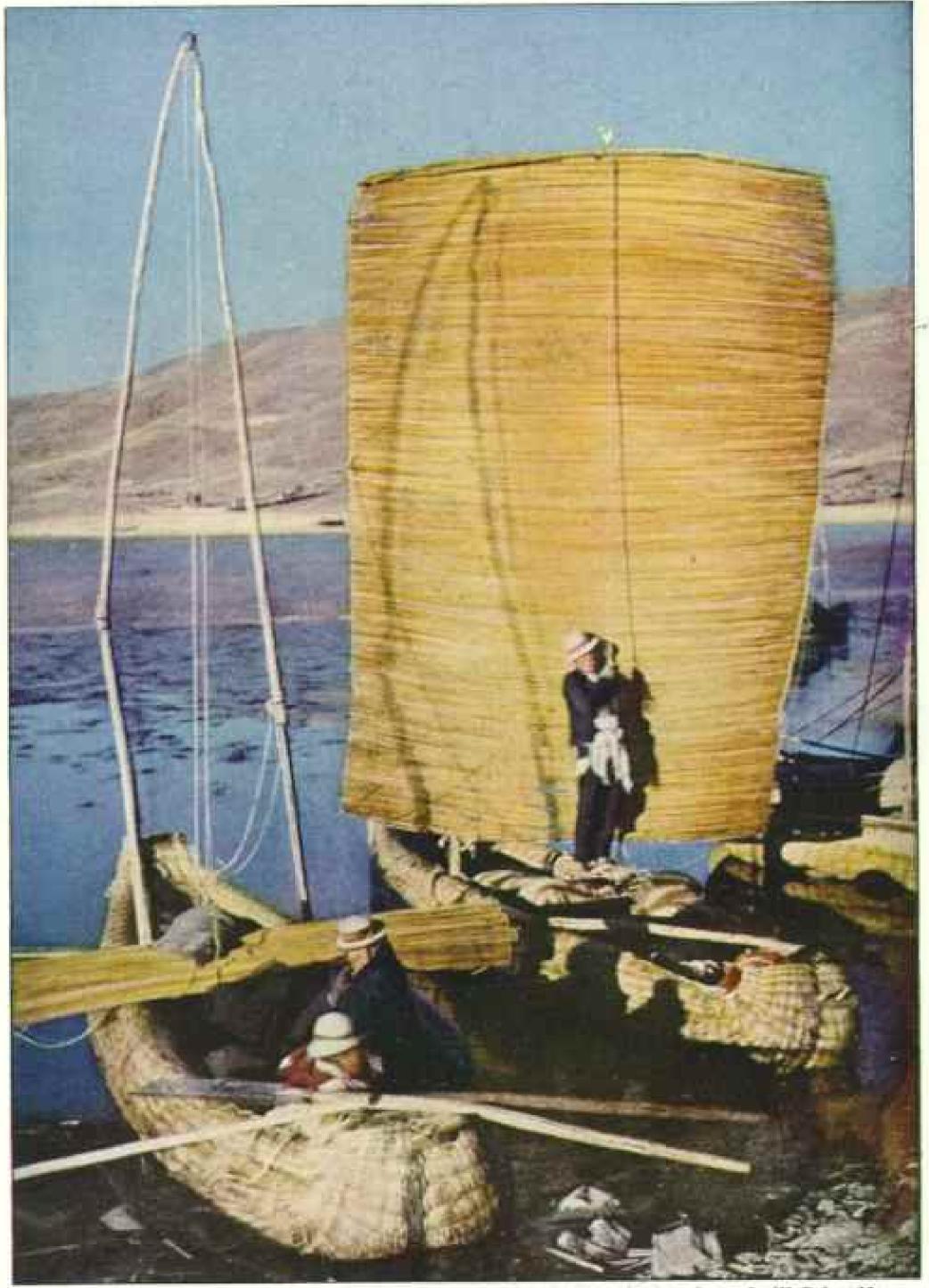
It rises to a height of about 165 feet. The base is an irregular parallelogram, with the four sides duly placed toward the four cardinal points. Its flattened surface, with sloping sides, makes it a sort of truncated pyramid. Apparently it once stood in the midst of a series of pyramids, but treasure-hunters have married these sadly.

The side walls, about 485 by 650 feet, were made of huge joined rectangular

\*See, also, "The Mysterious Prehistoric Monuments of Brittany," by Charles Buxton Going, in the National Geographic Magazine for July, 1923.

\*Of interest for comparative purposes, see "The Mystery of Easter Island," by Mrs. Scoresby Routledge, in the National Grographic Magazine for December, 1921.

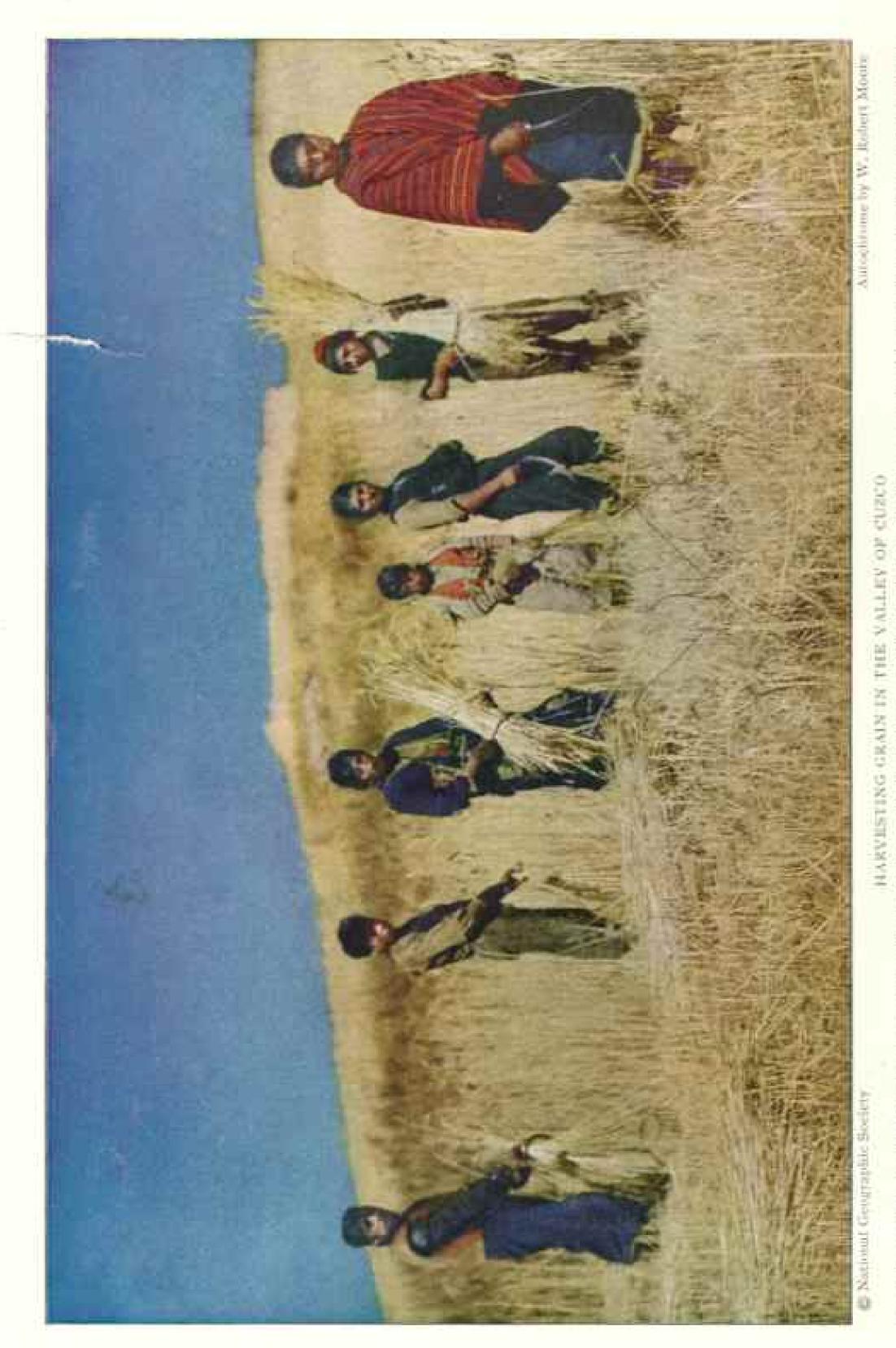
# HIGH LIGHTS IN THE PERUVIAN AND BOLIVIAN ANDES



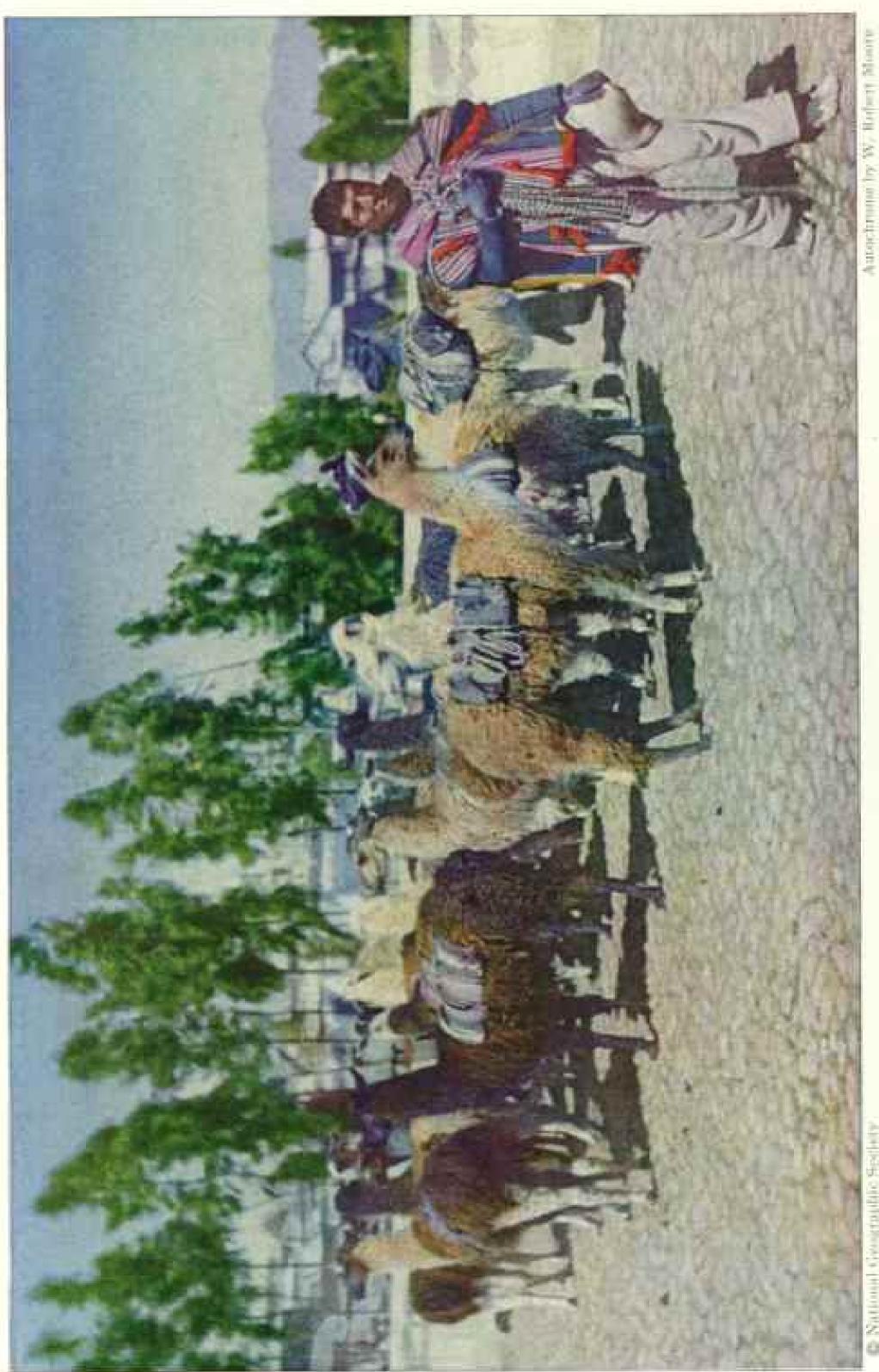
National Geographic Society

NAVIGATION TWO-AND-A-HALF MILES ABOVE THE SEA

Titicaca is the highest large lake in the world and these Indian balan are the principal craft that ply its chilly waters. Their hulls are made of bundles of dried bulrushes, tightly fastened together and turned up at the ends. The sails consist of mats of the same material. Due to the fact that nearly all lumber in this region comes from distant places, many of the masts are made by splicing small pieces of wood together. Balsas quickly become water-logged and must be bauled ashore frequently to be dried out.



Gathering crops in the Andes is a community enterprise. All the farmers of a locality help each other to cut the grain by hand and then the it into large bundles, which they carry on their backs to the threshing floors. The field in which these men are working was once the site of a great luca fortness.

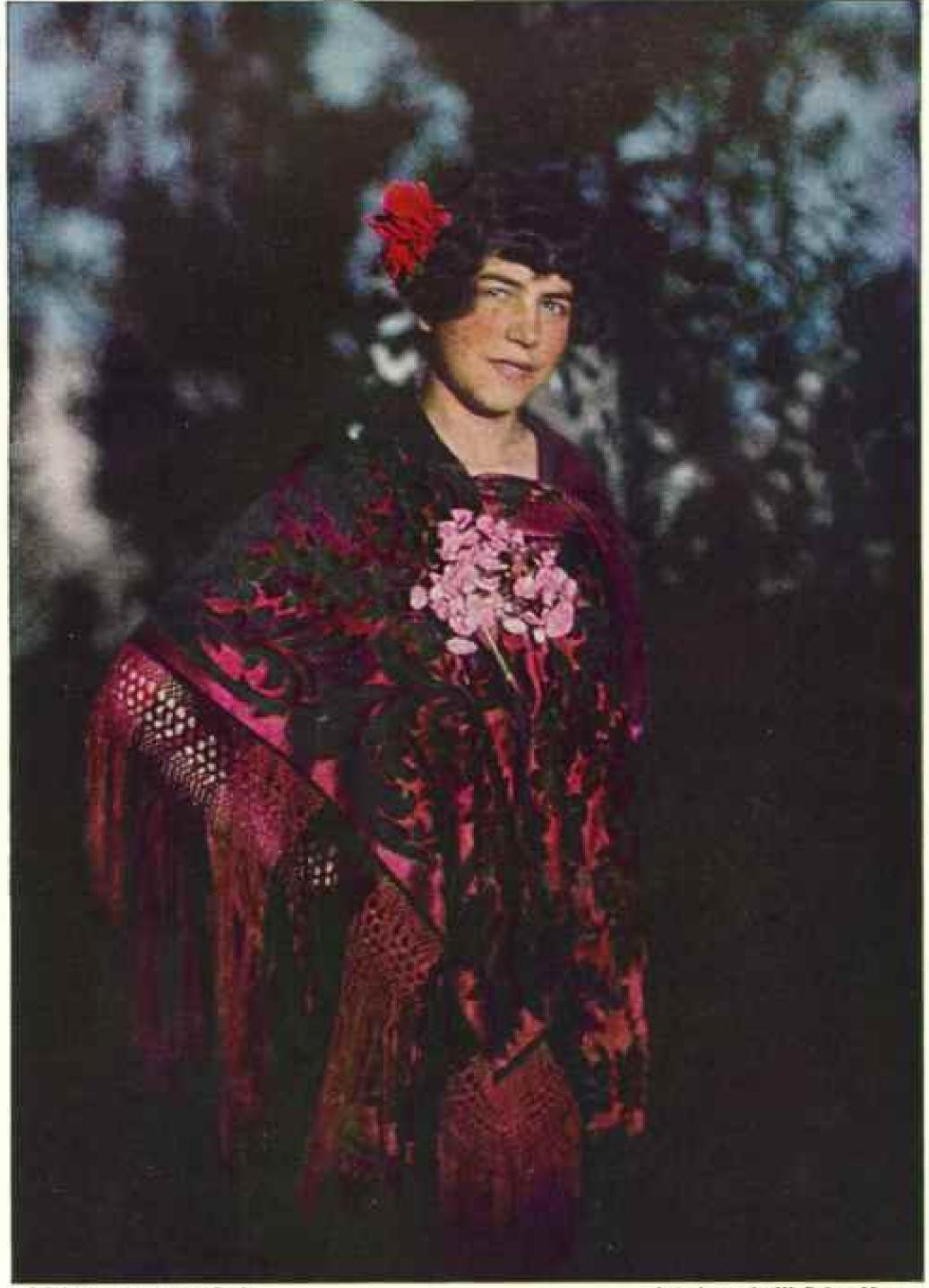


National Congraptio Sethity

#SHIPS - OF THE ANDRS

Like the carnel, to which they are related, Ramas can go great distances with very little food and water. They are, however, much bundle better tempered than the ungainly "staps" of the desert, and are valued highly as sure-footed beasts of burden in altitudes where horses do not thrive. The Hama also produces wood, but of a coarser and less valuable grade than that of its smaller cousin, the alpaca.

# THE NATIONAL GEOGRAPHIC MAGAZINE

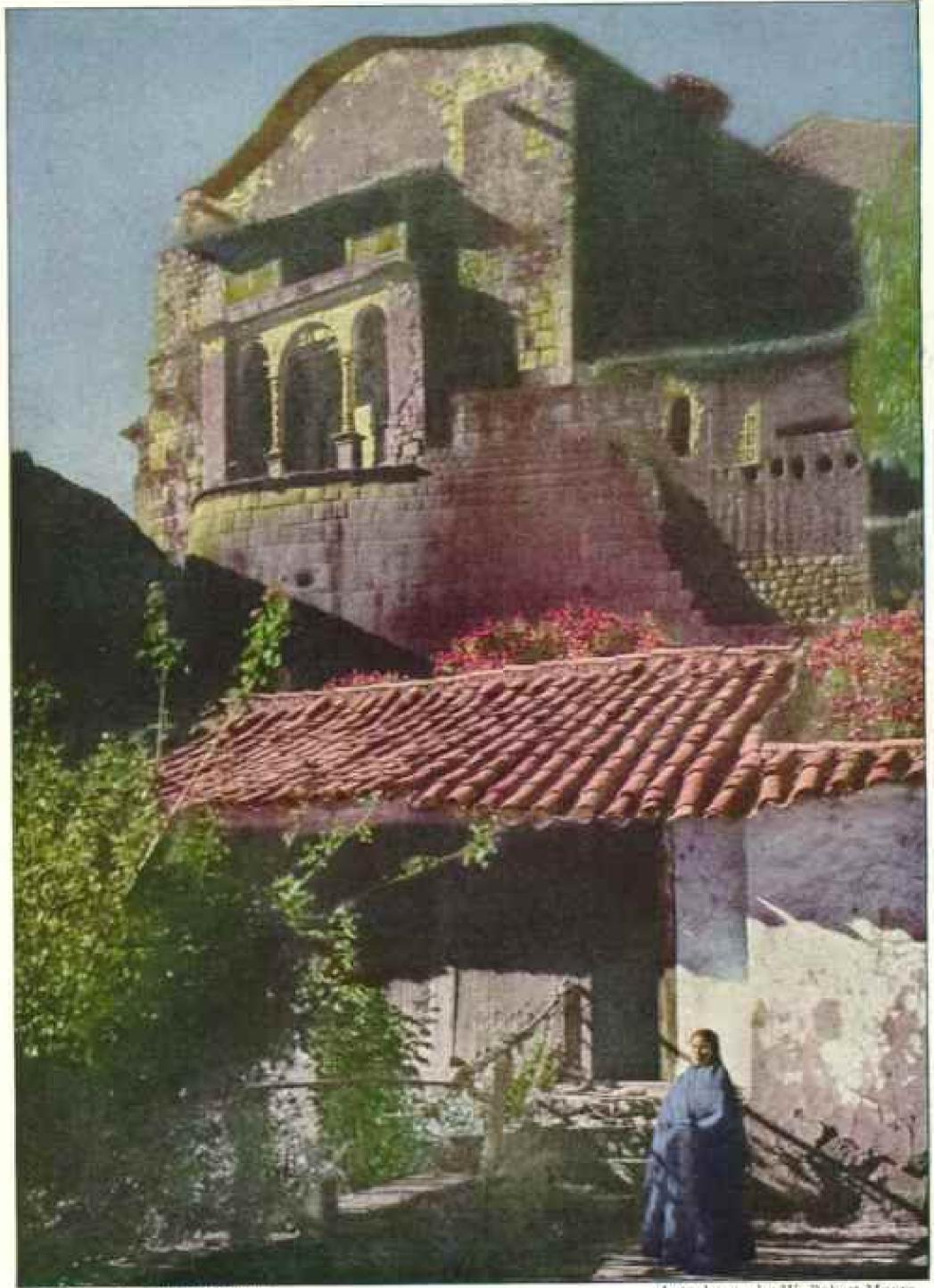


S National Geographic Society

Autochrome by W. Robert Moore
A DAUGHTER OF THE CONQUISTADORES

Many of the aristocrats of the Andean countries are of pure Spanish blood and trace their descent back in direct line to those grandees and their followers who seized and settled the Empire of the Incas. La Paz, the bome of this charming senorita, is the world's highest capital, being situated more than 12,000 feet above the sea.

# HIGH LIGHTS IN THE PERUVIAN AND BOLIVIAN ANDES



National Geographic Society

ANCIENT SITE OF THE SUN GOD'S THRONE

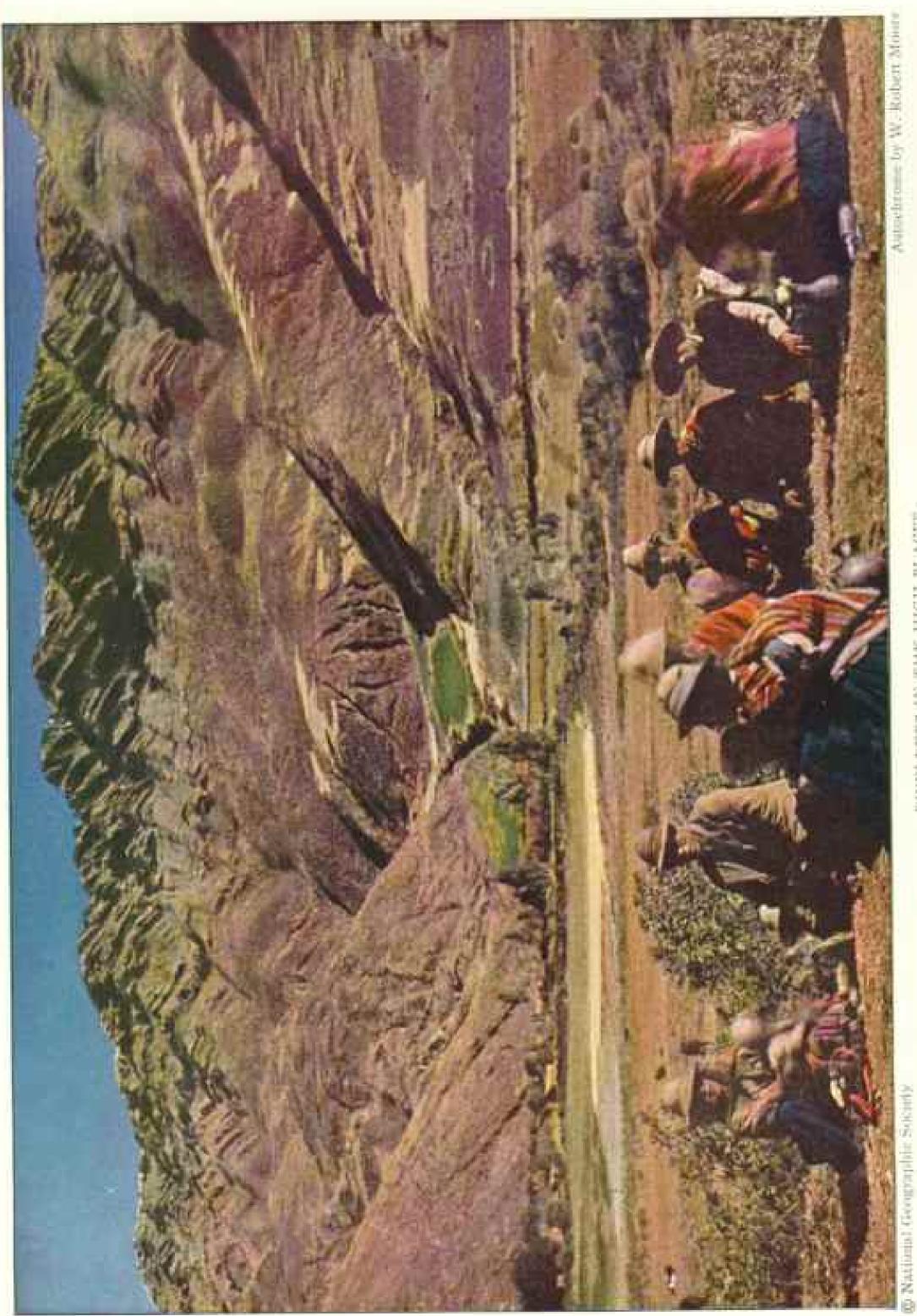
ANCIENT SITE OF THE SUN GOD'S THRONE

The ravages of time and the heavy hands of the conquerors have wrought sad havoc with the ancient Inca Temple of the Sun at Cuzco. The Convent of Santo Domingo is built on its ancient foundations and a Christian altar now stands on the very spot once occupied by the emblem of the Sun God.



and, like San Marcon at Lima, which antedntes it by nearly half a century, is one of Peru's leading University was formerly an old Jesuit church and its incade of reddish basalt presents an excellent THE HOME OF ONE OF THE NEW WORLD'S OLDEST CENTERS OF LEARNING The University of Cuxes was founded in 1598 institutions of higher education. This part of the example of the codesiastical art of the stonemissors of

if the sixteenth century.



DWELLIUS IN THE HIGH PLACES

tiving practically within the Tropics, enjoy the stimulating elimate of high temperate 20183, because the Andes. The mottled patches on the mountain side are wheat fields. Most of these Indians are Many of the Indians of Holivia and Peru, while of the efecation of their hornes and fields among agriculturists, but few own the land they cultivate.

# THE NATIONAL GEOGRAPHIC MAGAZINE



S National Geographic Society

DESCENDANTS OF THE "CHILDREN OF THE SUN"

It is often bitterly cold in the Andean highlands but neither men nor women wear any footgear other than sandals. The principal item of masculine attire is a brilliant panchs worn over the shoulders, with a slit in the center for the head. The style of the hat varies with the locality. When evening comes the Indian "holes up"—slips his head through his poncho.

# HIGH LIGHTS IN THE PERUVIAN AND BOLIVIAN ANDES



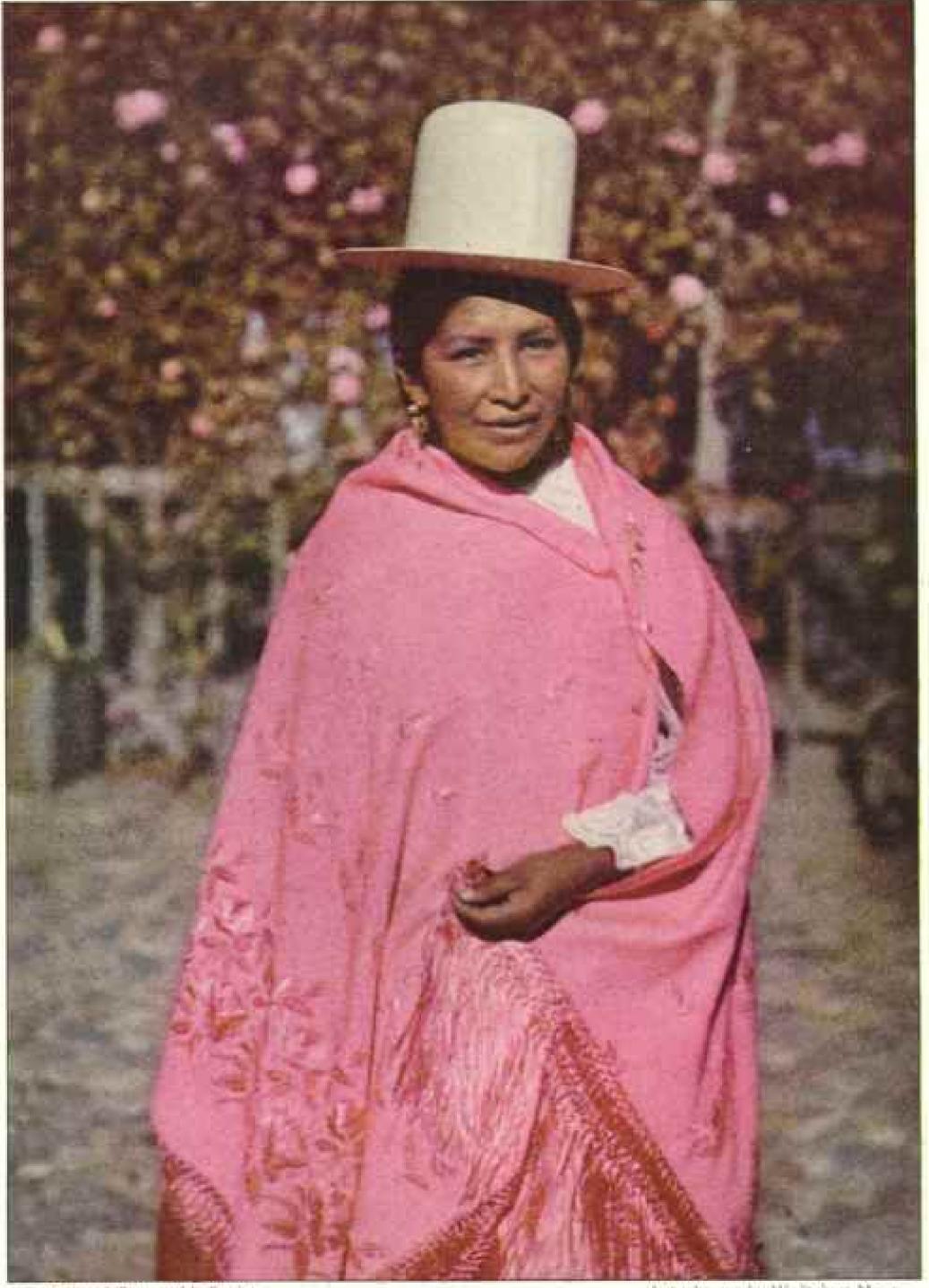
@ National Geographic Society

Autochrome by W. Robert Moore

A PERUVIAN STREET MERCHANT

With her straw "tam" worn at a properly rakish angle, this young woman invites the passers-by to stop and invest in the bread and crichs which she has for sale. Chicha, which is held in high esteem by the Indians of both Bolivia and Peru, is a termented corn beverage, not unpalatable when properly prepared.

# THE NATIONAL GEOGRAPHIC MAGAZINE

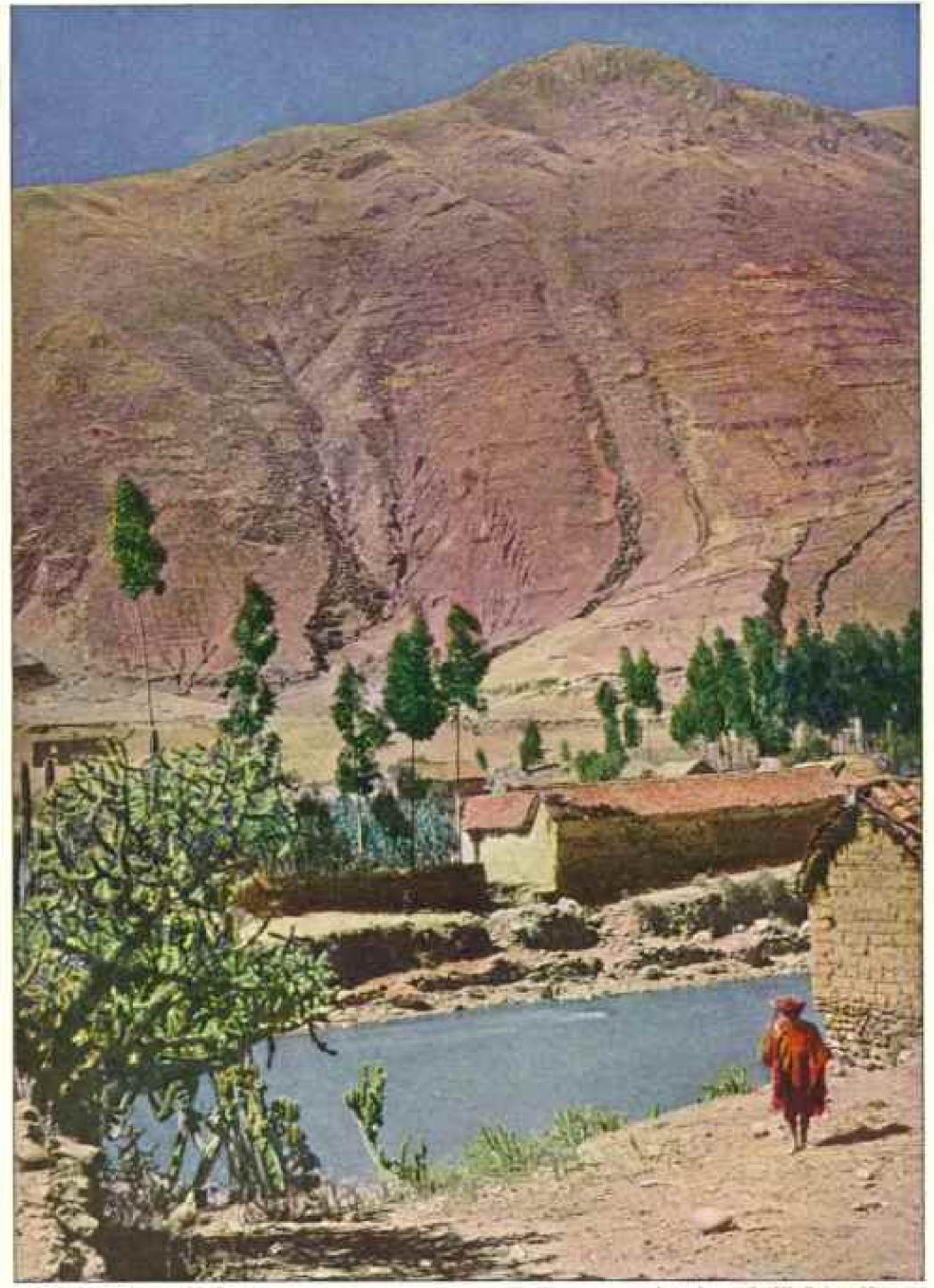


O National Geographic Society

THE BOLIVIAN "TOPPER" IS PEMPNINE HEADGEAR

The chalar or mixed-bloods of La Paz are usually more prosperous than their purely Indian neighbors. The women wear elaborately embroadered shawls, lace perticonts, and peculiar white straw hats with very high crowns, stiffly varnished. So enumored are they of these headdresses that they frequently go about their household duties without removing them.

# HIGH LIGHTS IN THE PERUVIAN AND BOLIVIAN ANDES



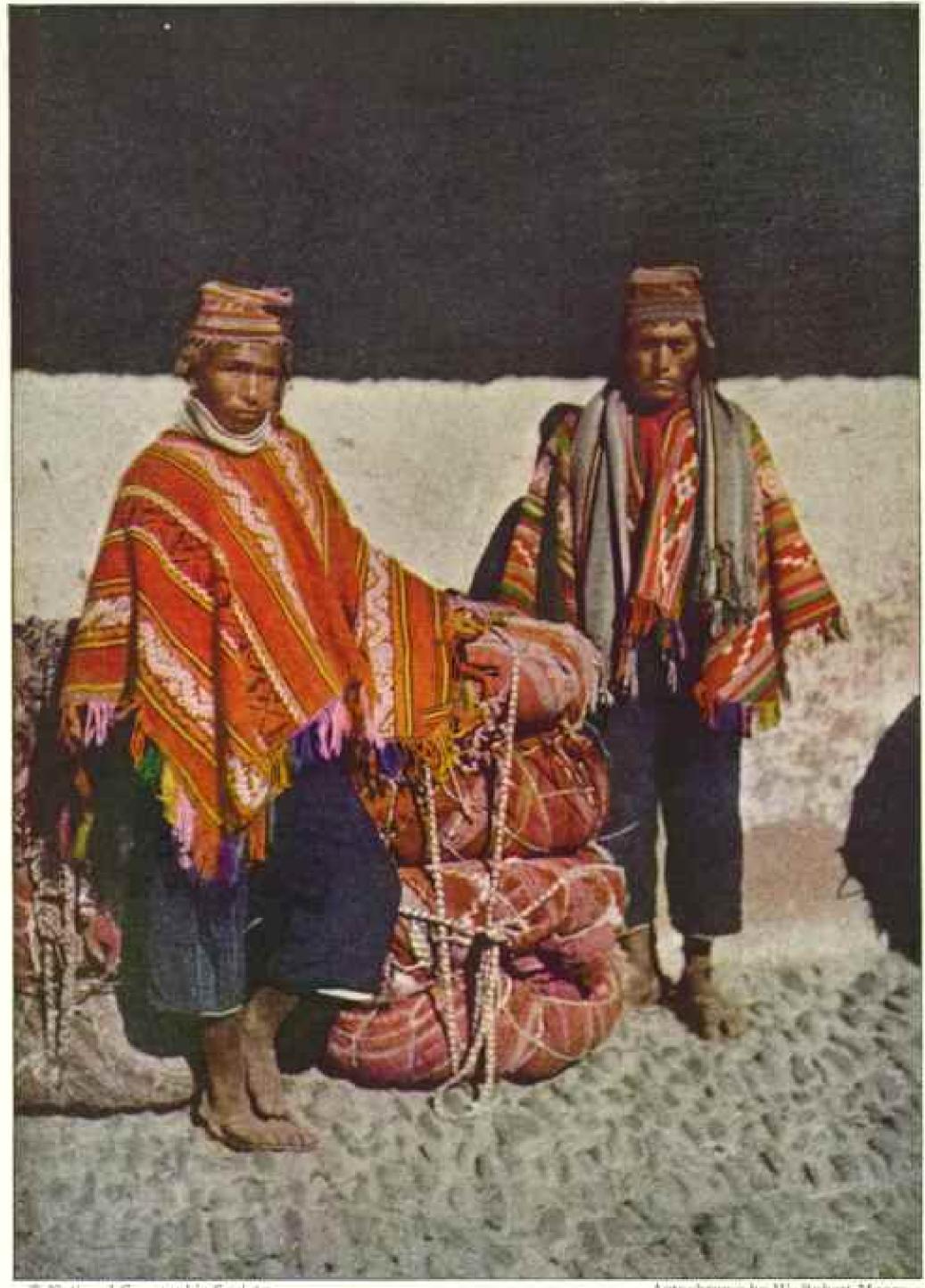
National Geographic Society

A VALE IN THE HIGH ANDES

Autochrome by W. Robert Monre

To such retreats the Incas retired before the advance of their cruel and avaricious sixteenthcentury conquerors. Even here, however, their bravery proved no match for the firearms of Europeans. They fived for a time as hunted fugitives, pressing ever higher and deeper into the mountains, where hunger and persecution finally all but exterminated them.

# THE NATIONAL GEOGRAPHIC MAGAZINE



Satismal Geographic Society

Autochrome by W. Robert Moore

INDIAN PORTERS OF SOUTHERN PERU

Through the rugged mountain passes these men travel at a steady gait, carrying heavy loads for long distances. They require little food, but chew quantities of the dried leaves of the coca shrub, which seem at once to stimulate their physical powers and deaden the nervous system to all sense of fatigue. The knitted caps with earlaps are peculiar to certain sections of the Andean heights.

# HIGH LIGHTS IN THE PERUVIAN AND BOLIVIAN ANDES



THE SEATS OF THE MIGHTY

Many an Inca and his nobles have occupied these rock-bewn thrones in ages past.



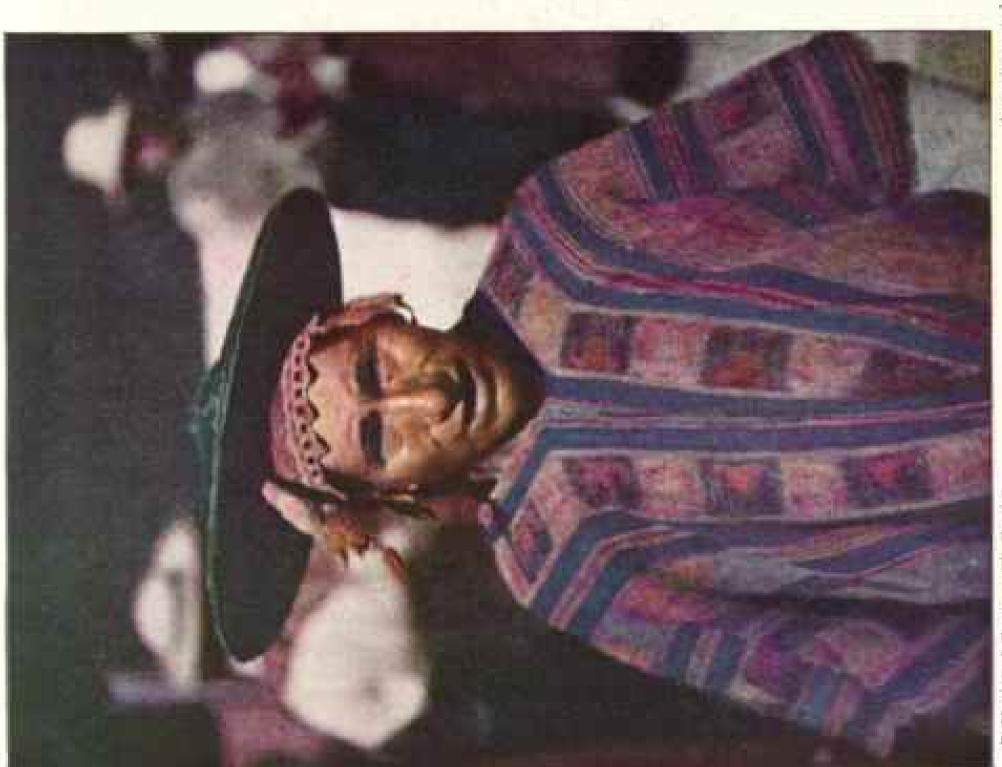
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Autochromes by W. Robert Moore

A PONCHO IN THE MAKING

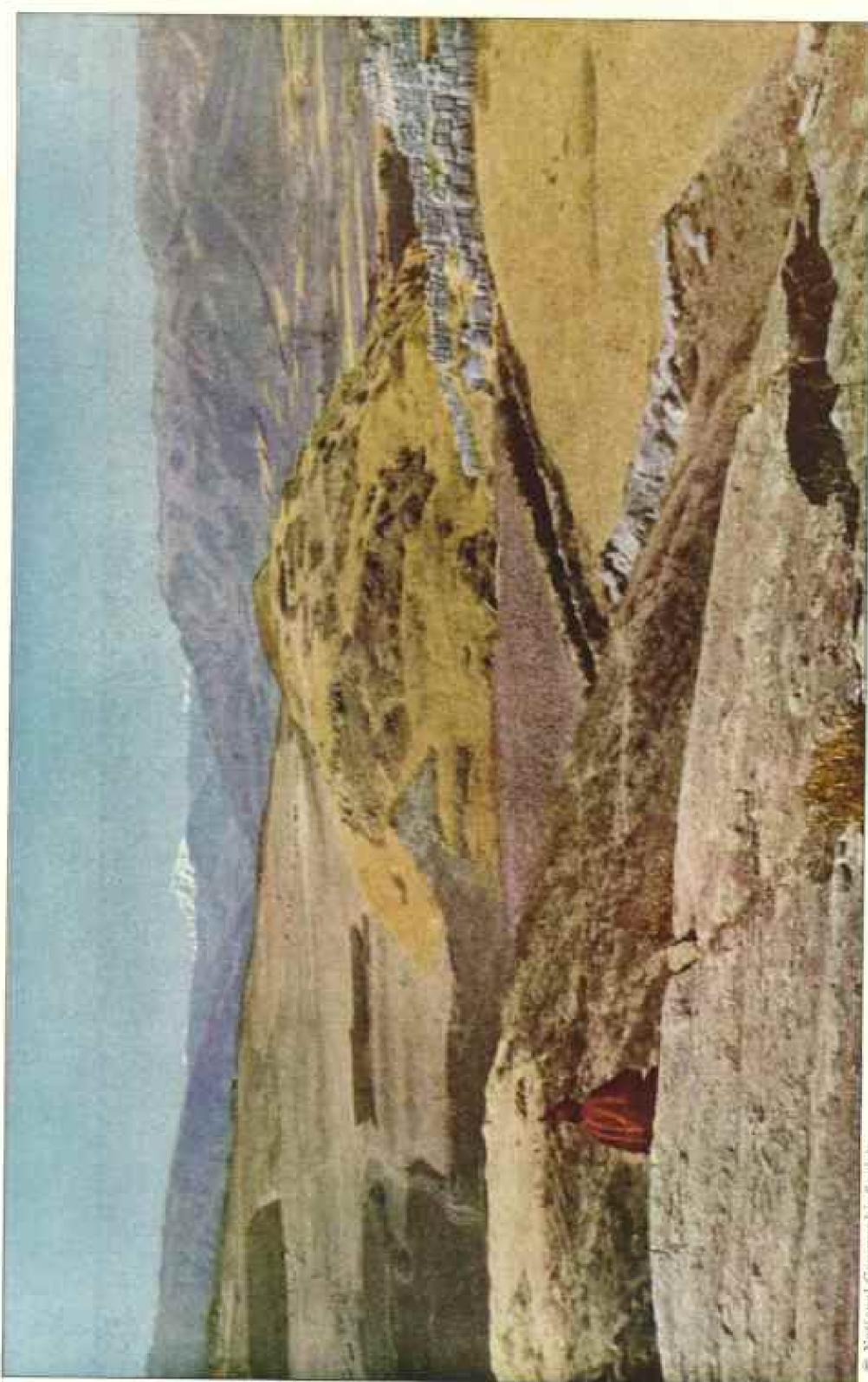
The Andean Indian uses a small loom, staked to the ground, in weaving his yarn into a tight tabric which meets well the exacting demands of the high altitudes (see also Color Plate VIII).





INDIANS OF PERU (LEPT) AND BOLIVIA (RIGHT) IN HOLIDAY ATTIRE Autochiousis by W. Robert Mosere & Nothinst Geographic Society

Flestas prisvide occusions for wearing gay contumes in both Andean republics. Among the Perturian Indians a flat straw hat, not unlike that of a Chineso coolie, is superimposed upon a bright-bued, knitted cap with tassed and exercise. The Rollwan is partial to plumes in his but.

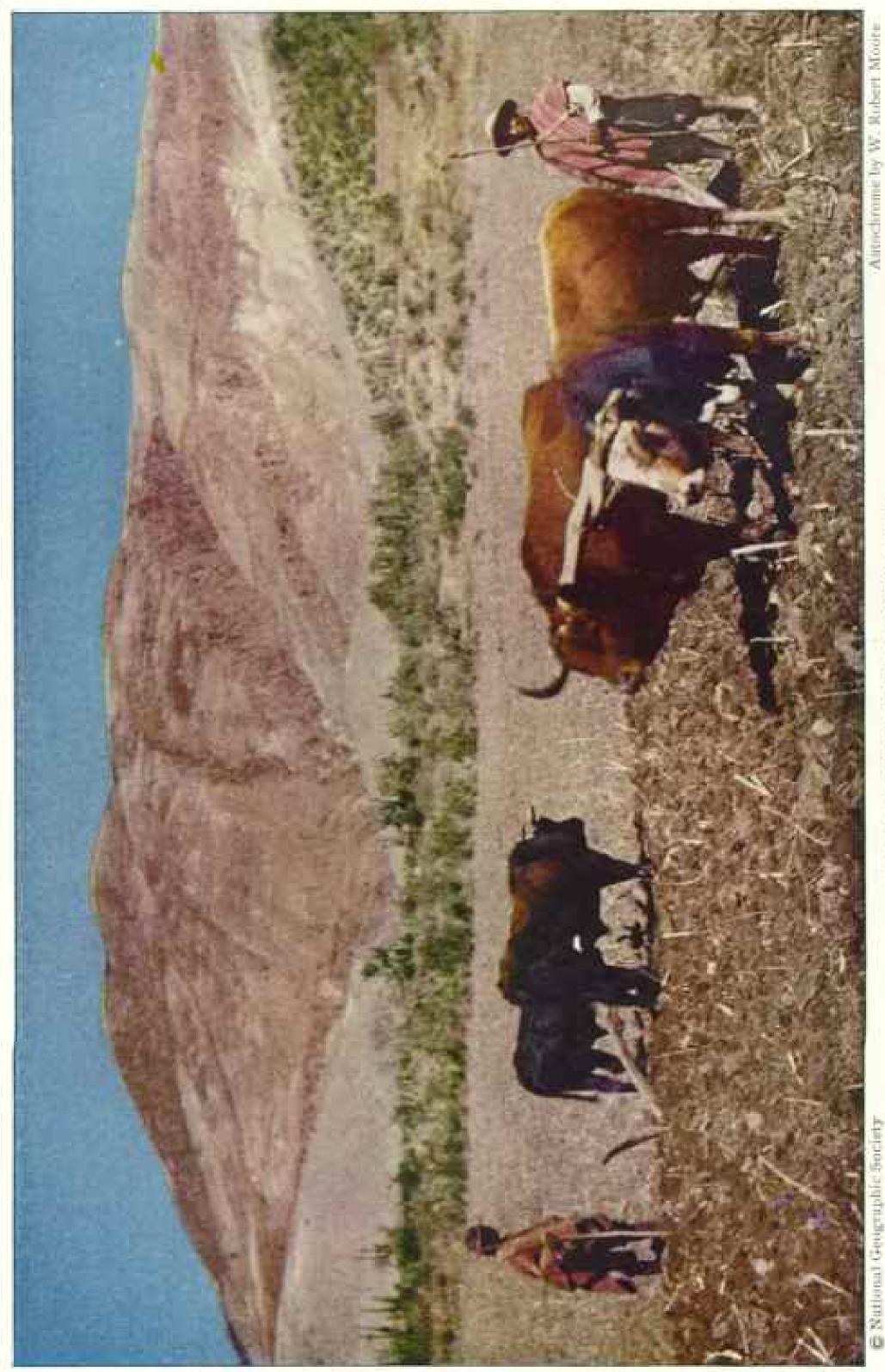


C Nariotal Gengruphic Society

OVERLOOKING THE VALLEY OF CURGO

Autochroma for W. Ridhim Misson

Front the Inca throne carved out of the natural rock (see Color Plate XIII) the pre-Colombian rulers of this land are supposed to have watched their patient subjects labor at the construction of the magnificent walls of the fortress of Sacsalmanian, the rules of which may be seen at the right. Some of the individual stones in these walls weigh as much as twenty tone. The selow-clad summit of Mount Ausangate, which rises to a height of nearly 21,000 foet, may be seen in the clictance.



C National Geographic Bociety

ARCHAIC AGRICULTURE IN MODERN PREU

Despite the fact that they employ much the same methods of cultivation as did their remote ancestors, these nutive farmiers generally obtain good crops.

The bullock is the usual draft animal and the plow is of such primitive construction that it can cut only a few inches into the ground.

rocks, with smaller ones solidifying the whole, but great quantities of the latter have been borne away by the Indians for fences, corner stones, and house masonry, until the whole work has become a ruin of ruins.

A stairway once led to the upper level, where a great basin of water stood. A part of the hill slopes near by have been sown to grain by thrifty Indian families without sentiment.

A canal of stone seems to have led down the side of this mound, for some purpose not now clear, and sections of the graystone trough conduits still exist in short pieces in one of the ruins below.

Whether this hill was the center of religious worship, a place for sacrifice, the home of monarchs, or a place of defense, will probably never be known.

# VANDALISM HAS MARRED THE TEMPLE OF THE SUN

North of Akapana, a thousand feet or less from its base, lies what is generally considered the oldest of the ruins, Kalasasaya, or Temple of the Sun. It is a parallelogram about 400 feet square, marked on all sides by upright menhirs from 15 to 20 feet high.

This ruin rises from a single terrace, about 10 feet above the surrounding plain, which is said to have been covered entirely with smooth paving stones at one time. The inhabitants of Tiahuanaco village and the residents of the country round about have borne away what they could for their houses, however, until almost no trace of the paving remains.

Monolith and statue bases, tops of great pillars, conduit sections, and pieces of doubtful origin still remain here and there, but this whole ruin is one great, silent testimony to the unthinking expediency of Aymara Indians, nearly everything movable having been taken. In times past troops have even been quartered among the ruins and have practiced their marksmanship on the priceless relics.

Pillars are deeply rooted in the soil and so cut and designed as to bear great slabs, platforms, and arches. They are from 16 to 20 feet apart. Even where their tops are not chiseled and sculptured they are nearly the same height, making it apparent that once they bore the lintels and other pieces of structural stone,

One enters this ruin on the east by a stone stairway of 8 or 10 broad, well preserved steps, about 20 feet long, flanked by two monoliths and leading up to the level of the quadrangle.

In the northwestern angle of Kalasasaya the Great Portal, Sanctuary, or
Gateway of the Sun, as it is variously
known, is the most interesting single portion of the mins to the east of the village. Once recumbent, it is now standing
upright, restored, though unfortunately
broken through the upper section to the
top of the doorway by a bolt of lightning,
it is thought, and the two parts rest
obliquely against each other.

This famous door, like others of Tiahuanacu, was shaped from a single block of gray volcanic rock about 16 inches thick. Standing erect, it measures some 11 by 15 feet and faces toward the east. Its central doorway measures 4½ feet in height and 2½ in width.

This surprising façade is wonderfully ornamented in low relief upon the eastern side above the door. The western face is comparatively plain. On either side of the door, on the west, is a niche about a foot wide by 2½ feet high and 4 inches deep. Above each are two smaller niches in the upper part of the stone, about 6 inches wide. I foot high, and approximately of the same depth as the larger ones.

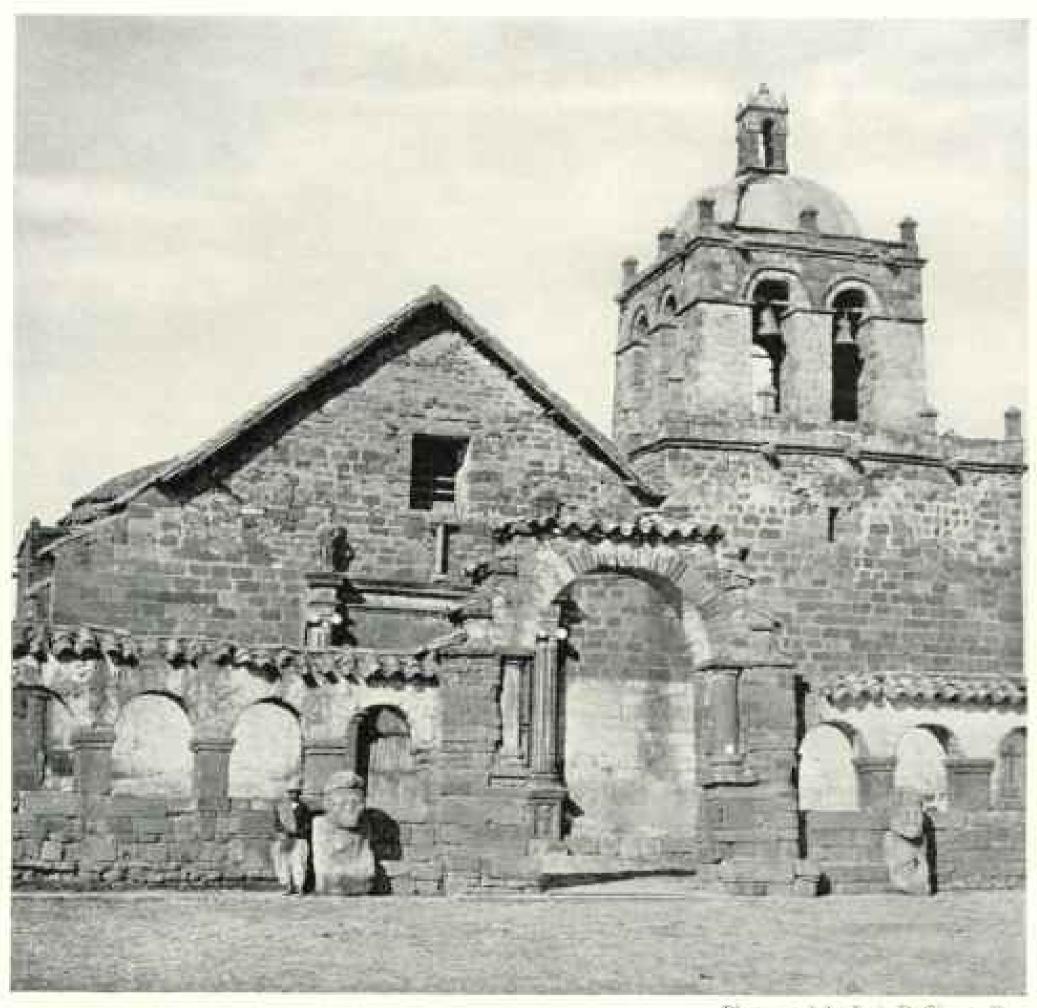
Photographs of the relief on the eastern side of the stone excel description in depicting the exact nature of the carvings (see illustration, page 238). The motif consists in general of a figure of the Sun God, the rays about his head, some of which terminate in small heads of a jaguar, the Tiahuanacu God of Night, and bearer of the moon in the sky.

# A MASTERPIECE OF PRIMITIVE CARVING

In each hand the Sun God bears a hoeshaped scepter. He is flanked by 48 figures, 24 on a side, consisting of three rows of eight figures each, about a fourth his own size.

These figures all face the god, are running toward him, in fact, and carry small scepters similar to his.

Upper and lower rows on either hand



Photograph by Luis D. Cinmondi

## CHRISTIAN WORSHIP IN THE ANCIENT CENTER OF THE SUN COD

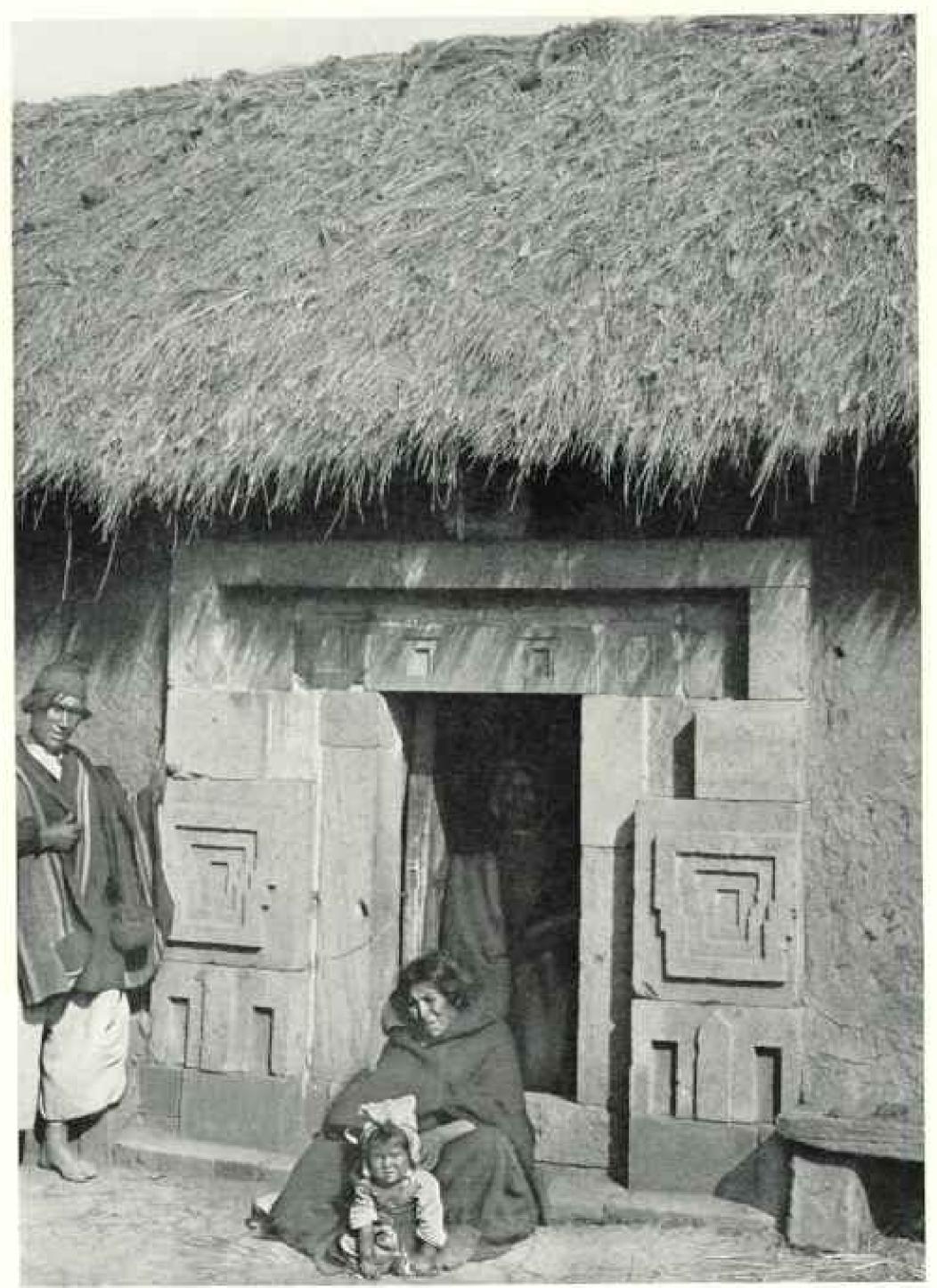
The cathedral in Tiahuanaco village is partially built with stones brought from the ancient site and is probably from 300 to 350 years old. Worn stone idols flank the entrance (see, also, text, page 250).

bear the likeness of a winged man, and all are crowned alike, being repetitions of a single figure. The middle row of figures on either side, consisting of 16, also a repetition of one figure, are like the others save for the head, which ends in a strong, curved beak, representing the condor, royal bird of the Andes, now appearing on Bolivia's coat of arms.

According to a Tiahuanacotan legend, a giant condor bore the sun daily across the sky. The earliest pottery of the region shows this, and sometimes also a great condor in conflict with a jaguar or puma, typifying the conflict between Day and Night. The figure of the Sun God rests upon a carved throne, below which another row of a different series of 16 carved characters extends across the stone from side to side just over the doorway. These consist of small heads similar to the god's save that the features are in flat relief. Each is flanked by four condors' heads in plain relief, two pointing toward and two away from the face.

## A COMPLICATED SYMBOLIC FIGURE

Thus far all savants visiting Tiahuanacu have failed to decipher the full meaning of the allegories and symbols of this celebrated monument.



Photograph by Luis D. Glemendi

HE HAS BUILT HIS HUMBLE SHACK FROM THE TEMPLE BUINS OF HIS ANCESTORS

The Spaniards used cartloads of stone from the ruins of hoary Tiahuanacu for building churches, and the Indians have borne away nearly everything else movable (or doorways to their barley-thatched buts.



Photograph by Luis D. Gianomik

#### A MASTERPIECE OF PRIMITIVE CARVING

Many students of antiquity aver that no better piece of stone-cutting exists in the New World than this striking Gateway of the Sun, in the Kalasasaya ruins of Tiahuanacu. It was shaped whole from gray volcanic rock, but the upper section, at the top of the doorway, was probably broken through by a bolt of lightning (see, also, text, page 235). Its intricate carved allegories and symbols have not yet been definitely deciphered.

One investigator has hazarded the surmise that the sun is here suggested bearing the double scepter of heat and light, with which he vivifies and dominates the world; that the crowned figures are of kings running toward him or the planets, his subalterns. They bear their own scepters of power, but are subject to him, and their power is limited to that which each can wield in the solar system, while the great Sun God dominates them all.

According to this theory, the condors are messengers or ministers—comets, stars, and various planets more rapid than the others in their flight through space.

East and west of Kalasasaya are several other ruins, neither so extensive nor well preserved. Some individual specimens are especially interesting, however. One is a sacrificial stone, nearly square, hollowed in the center, and with a groove

One investigator has hazarded the surise that the sun is here suggested bearig the double scepter of heat and light,
th which he vivifies and dominates the
orld; that the crowned figures are of
the investigator has hazarded the sursigned to accommodate the head and neck
of sacrificial victims, probably sheep or
young llamas, judging by the height of
the aperture from the monument's base.

The ground has been cultivated up to the very margins of the ruins, while here and there great slabs recline or stand sturdily erect in the yellow barley stubble. Heavy doorways and their lintels have stood well where left alone, but most of them have been taken away to form entrances to Indian huts (see illustration, page 237).

## THE MELANCHOLY CHARM OF BUINED AGE

Somehow, weathered thatches of the present-day village, with its mud houses, blend into the landscape and seem to intensify one's realization of Tiahuanacu's hoary age.



Photograph by Luis D. Cismondi.

#### GIANT GUARDIANS OF THE PAST

Among the remarkable features of Tiahuanacu's ruins are stone idols of heroes and divinities, some being more than eight feet high and of such size that they cannot be encircled with the two arms (see, also, illustration, page 241).

Away from the rains, low and fences lead everywhere, dividing tiny Indian properties. Here and there within mudwalled barnyards oxen and cows reflectively chew their cuds or nose around in heaps of barley straw. Down a narrow road come Indian women, brightly petticoated, driving strings of barros laden with barley sheaves. Donkeys, cattle, and sheep graze peacefully in lowland meadows.

A young shepherd drives his charge of white sheep and black, with a plentiful sprinkling of lambs, into a pasture and sits down against a rock to play a mournful, monotonous air on his sicu pipes (see illustrations, pages 217 and 245, and Color Plate XIV).

White and blue pigeons flutter about the thatched eaves of a hut.

An Aymará Indian drover with a train of Ilamas laden with Ilama-dung fuel starts off toward Illimani, bound for La Paz and its markets at the great snow giantess' foot.

Near me, facing north with gravely



Photograph by Genemann

#### THE TOY FAIR IN COPACABANA

The religious spectacle (see, also, illustration, page 247) is likewise a mixture of business and pleasure, for everything dear to the Aymara beart is offered for sale. These toy animals are used in certain native rites for the increase of the bends.

grotesque and unblinking face, stands, as he has done for possibly 20 centuries, a stone idol which the little boys of Tiahuanaco imitate in fashiotting the monoliths which they sell to visitors. The Aztec-looking Sun God of Tiahuanacu keeps his mystic gaze upon the east and imperturbably guards the secret of the symbols flanking his figure. Tiny insect life hums and flutters about. A blue-bottle fly settles on the god's nose (see illustration on opposite page).

What a tale those magnificent slabs, erect in the plowed ground or unturned barley stubble, could tell if only they might have tongues! I pace one of the pillars west of Kalasasaya and find it

approximately 6 feet broad by 3 feet long; it is 12 feet high. This is the average for these single worked stones left

standing upright in the ground. The upper and joining pieces, or lintels, have fallen.

#### AN ARCHITECTURAL LABYRINTH

The other section of Tiahuanacu's ruins, known as Tunca-puncu (literally, The Ten Doors), is nearly a mile southwest of the others (see illustration, page 242).

The ruins lie upon a hill made by artificial means. It is about 50 feet above the surrounding plain, and the mound, perhaps 150 feet square, slopes inward on all sides toward the east.

The sides and most of the top of the hill are now under cultivation and probably have been for hundreds of years; yet the contours are still so uniform and clear that it seems obvious it must have served as a seating place for a great andience intent on what was taking place in the structure near at hand.

Some believe that these ruins, known among archeologists in earlier times as the Palace of the Inca, once constituted a tribunal of justice. The four huge platforms, each made of a single stone, are supposed to have had ten lintels for ten doors, destined to support magnificent portals.

It is all an architectural labyrinth, but the sculptured faces and the deities, which could be moved with tolerable ease, have been taken away; so that heroes and divinities, with other attractive smaller pieces, are no longer there. One must seek them in museums and in the neighboring Indian homes.

The main parts of the rear of the temple must have been in great sections. Four well-defined ones are standing, and another, left unfinished, judg-

ing by the tracings, seems to have been added in Tialmanacu's second epoch (see text, page 217). The sections were probably bolted together with copper bars, since the bolt and bar channels in the stone are still plain, but the two main sections of each unit have parted or sunk.

#### MYSTERIOUS AND BEAUTIFUL CARVINGS

I mention copper here because this metal was worked by the Tinhuanacotans. Small copper implements are still found in the ruins and the hills round about contain much copper ore.

Volcanic stones are here carved and cut and grooved into sharp relief in a way



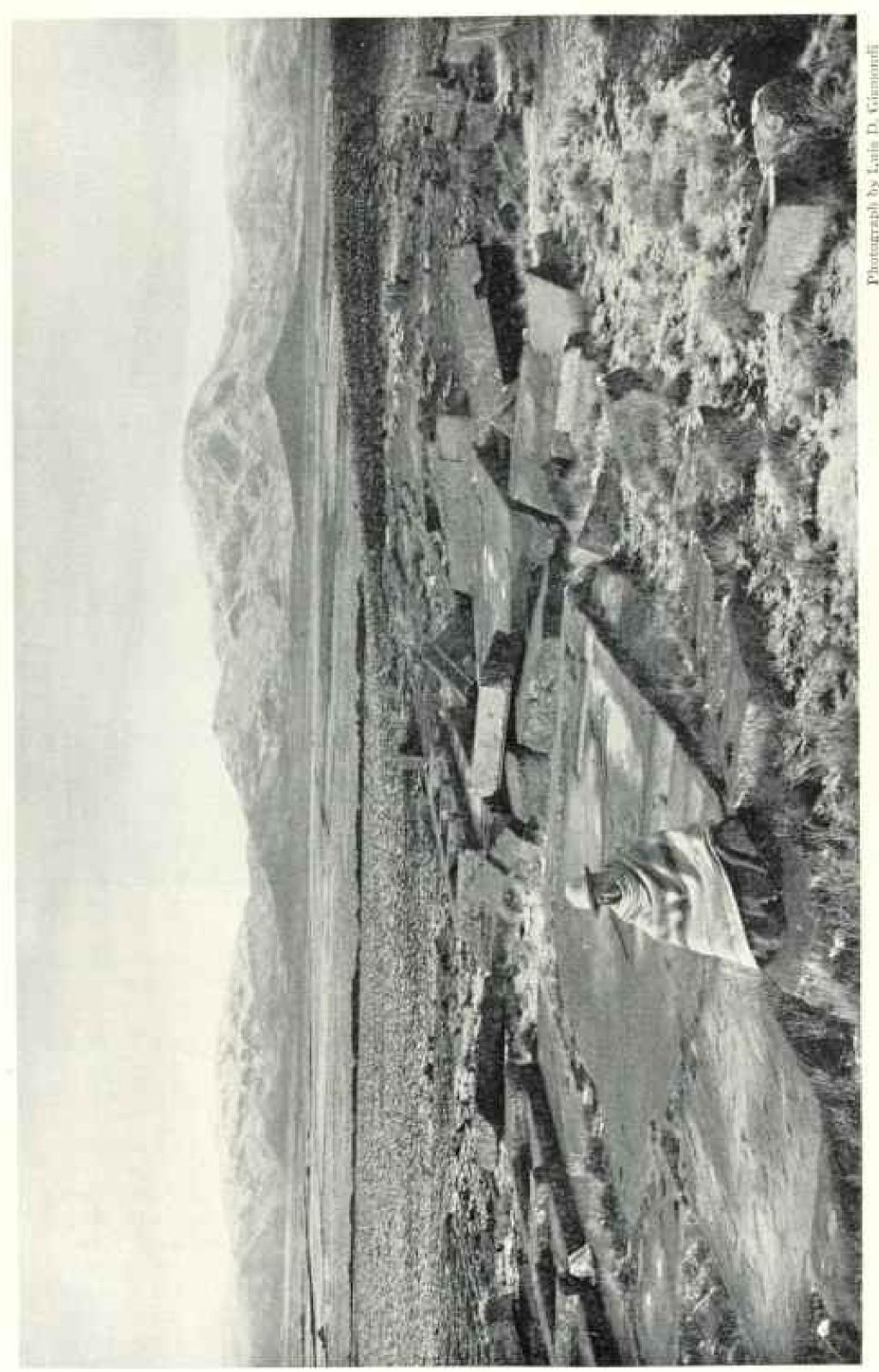
Photograph by Miller

#### PEERING THROUGH THE MIST OF AGES

"He keeps his mystic gaze upon the east and imperturbably guards the secret of the symbols flanking his figure" (see text, page 240). The Cubist features have been mutilated by rifle fire.

> both mysterious and beautiful. While most are decorated with a design of a severe yet graceful pattern, others plainly had some utilitarian purpose.

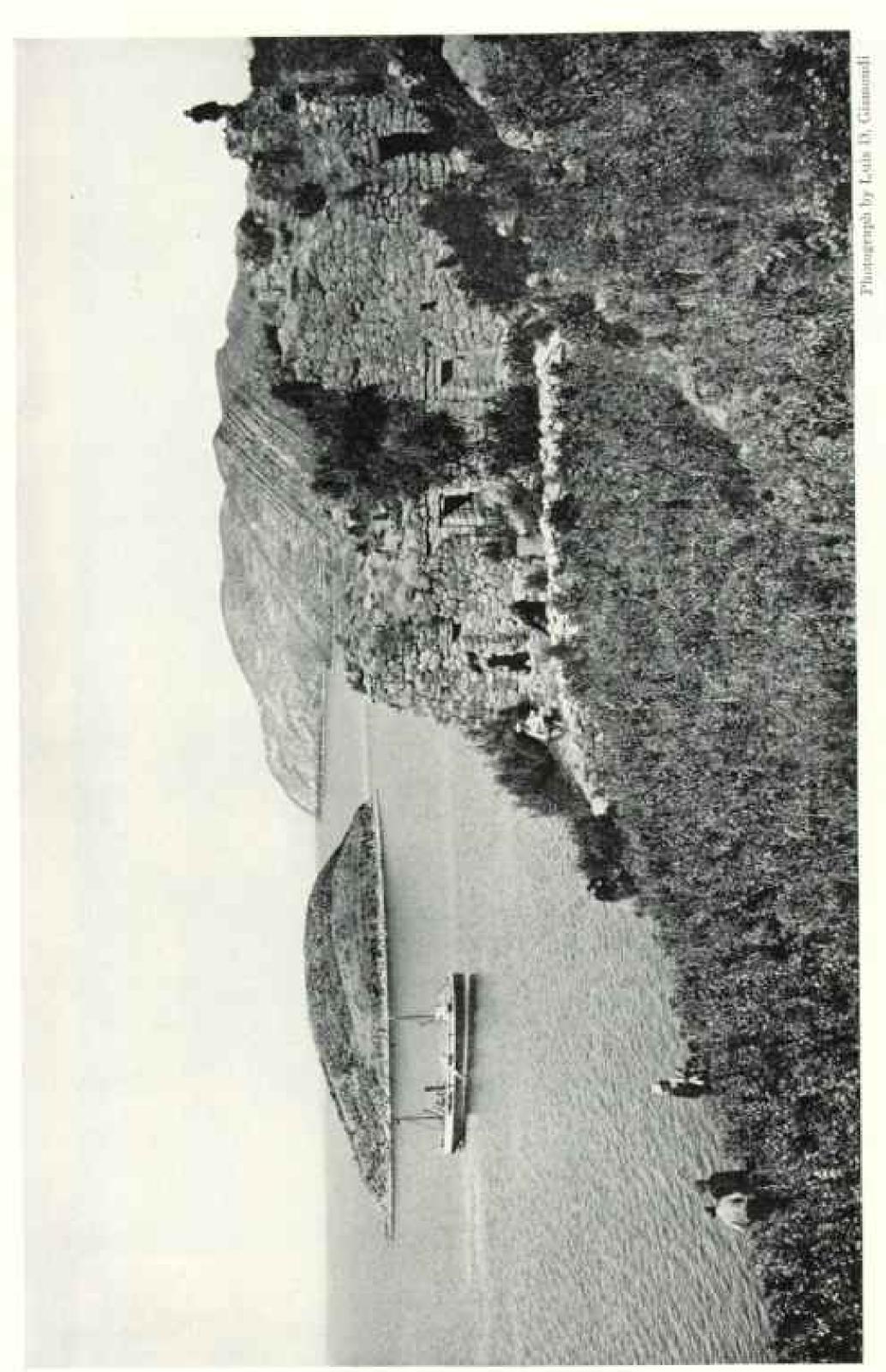
> There are pieces that appear to have been basins, having apertures at the bottoms through which water must have been discharged. There are plain and ornamented recesses which probably served as niches for idols to the sun, condor, jaguar, and other deities; and perhaps most interesting of all are the crosses, sculptured on the backs of great blocks of stone. One can speculate endlessly. Certainly the carving of these blocks, which occurred from one to two thousand



Photograph by Luin D. Cimpordi

"HEYOND THE REACH OF HISTORY AND TRADITION"

Tiahuanacu, lying under a Eght blanket of July snow, is one of the oldest cities of the New World, where Bourished the root advanced of the number of the New World, where Bourished the root is "El Palacio," known in history as Tunca-puncu (literally, The Ten Doors), and scens to have been a tribunal of justice, judging from the thronelike stones (see, also, text, page 240).



KR TITICACA ARR THE BIRTHPLACE OF INCA MYTH AND LEGIND THE ISLANDS OF LA

Sun (Isla det Sol) as the earliest home of Manco Capac, been of the Sun God and founder of the wo sacred islands, is still looked upon with reverence by the Indians because of its ruined temples the several boats which were built abroad, taken down, shipped to a Pacific seaport, carried in sections ke purts (see, also, text, page 255) Inca race, This, the larger of the cobalt lake's to over the mountains, and assembled at one of the lai and palaces. In the middle foreground is one of



Photograph by Linis D. Casmondi.

#### THE CARVED TREASURE OF SAN BLAS CHURCH, AT CUZCO

There is said to be a church for every thousand inhabitants in the ancient Inca capital of Peru, which was plundered by Pizarro, but none other than this little chapel can boast possession of one of the finest wood pulpits in the world. This elaborate masterpiece, carved by Inca descendants, is valued at many thousands of dollars.



"MERRY WIDOW" HEADGEAR ENLIVENS THE HOLIDAY DANCE

On festival occasions the men of Tialmanaco come forth, wearing a dazzling head covering of multicolored macaw feathers, bright cloth, and tinsel, and perform a shuffling dance to the accompaniment of drums and reed pipes (see, also, illustration, page 217, and Color Plate XIV). The players often imbibe too freely of their favorite beverage, chicha.



Photographs by José N. Pierola

#### TRANSPORTATION IN SANTA CRUZ, BOLIVIA

The unpaved streets in this town are sleep in sand, except when flooded by torrential summer rains; but progress has penetrated even its isolation in the heart of the eastern lowland, in the form of a recently established air-mail service with Cochabamba, the second city of the republic.

years ago, has nothing to do with the symbol introduced into Latin America

with Christianity.

These crosses are about 20 x 14 inches and may have been a detail in architecture, serving in place of masonry, since the reverse sides of the same blocks bear notches corresponding in dimensions to the lower part of the crosses.

#### PRIMITIVE POTTERS USED THE SWASTIKA CROSS

Perhaps one of the most interesting coincidences is the occurrence of another form of cross, the swastika. While this type is not seen often in the architecture, it occurs in almost every form of the potter's art which has been excavated from the first epoch of Tiahuanacu's ruins. If the capital has the age some students claim for it, here are some of the first examples obtainable of the use of this well-known good-luck or religious symbol. It is worthy of serious study and occurs so often in Tiahuanacu ceramics that ample examples are available.

Among all the Tiahuanacu ruins gray volcanic rock predominates. Probably the material for the capital was brought on great balsa rafts (see Color Plate I) from the sides of a near-by volcano. No one seems to understand how these gigantic rocks were chiseled so well through their flinty texture. They seem as if they might have been planed and beveled, so

fine of line are they.

Considering the first of two different civilizations into which the history of Tiahuanacu is divided, the earlier Tiahuanacu was once, in all probability, the capital of a great nation whose dominion extended over a vast territory. It must have been devastated by the warlike invaders of the second period, who leveled everything after conquering the city.

These were the Aymaras, ancestors of the present tribe, and a word of explanation is necessary here in order to avoid

confusion.

Aymará, it is generally granted, was the tongue of the ancient Tiahuanacotan, the one spoken on the Bolivian plateau since the beginning of human life there; but the Aymará language must not be confounded with the race of that name. The invaders themselves are supposed to have been conquered by the language and later took their name from it (see, also,

text, page 210).

If the Aymará-speaking nation had not been so numerous and covered so much territory, its language, so it is said, would have mixed with that of the victors or have been lost altogether, and theirs should have predominated, since the introduction of its language is one of the first cares of a conquering race, and only a name would have remained.

While the Quichua, perhaps more closely related to the original inhabitants of the country, was and is inclined to be docile, submissive, and obedient, the Aymara, immediate descendant of the conquerors, is jealous of his liberty, proud, stern, and turbulent.

To-day the pure Aymaras do not number more than 450,000—the Pacasas, Sicasicas, Omasuyos, Yuncas, Larecajas, and Carangas—yet they dominate the Bolivian Indian. The Aymara is warlike by nature and wedded to the soil only through the physical necessities of the stomach, taking but poorly to governmental restrictions of any kind.

The Aymaras of Tiahuanaco have little sentiment. Mud fences full of bits of human bone and fragments of pottery have been erected in fields where men

fell during invasions,

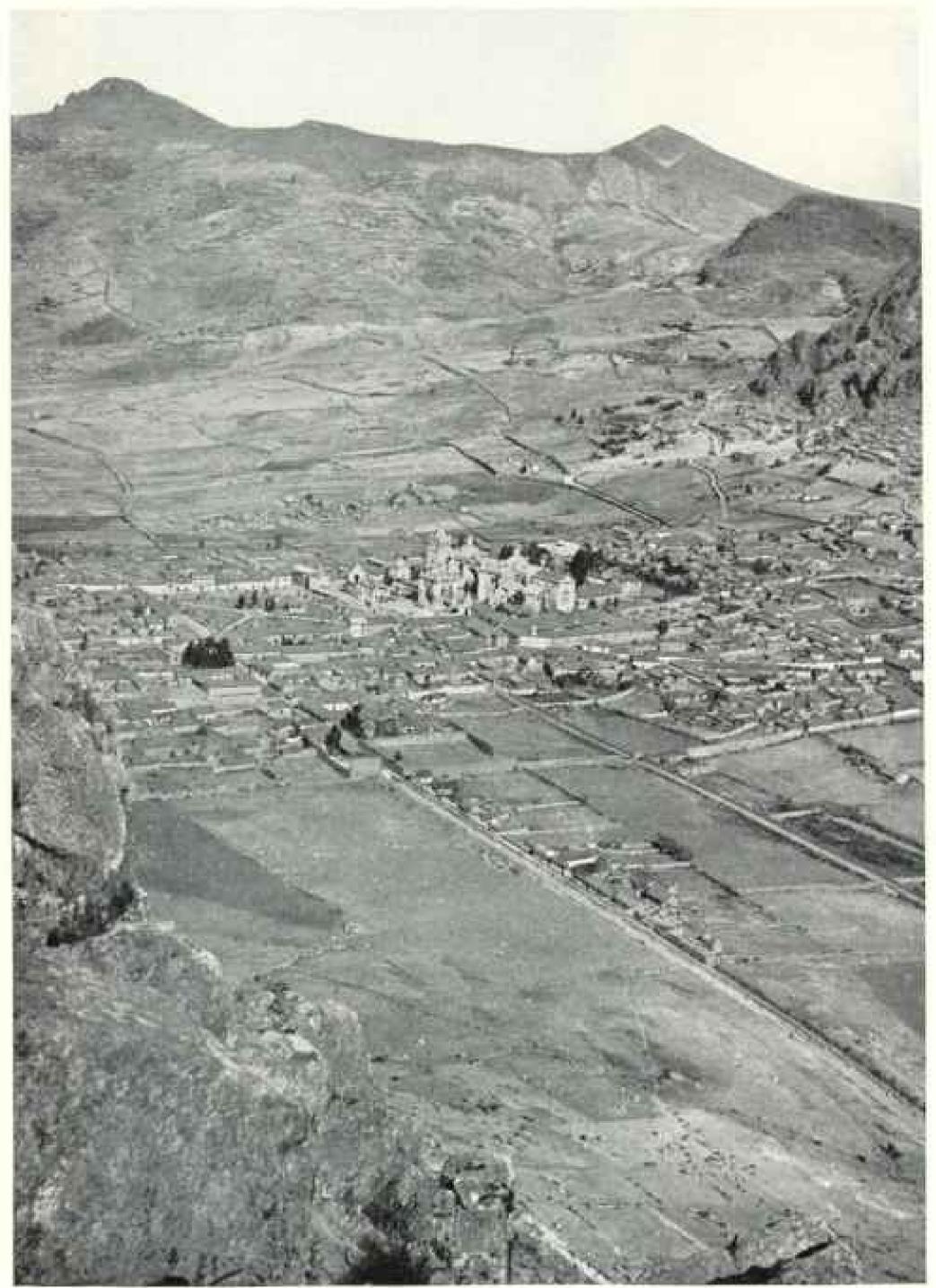
THE INCAS DISPLAYED SUBGICAL SKILL

In spite of the dry air, it is natural to suppose that few of the well-preserved remains now existing belong to ancient times. A mahogany-brown skull has been found which was probably a relic of early Inca times.

The Incas were great believers in trepanning. Apparently they thought that if a doctor removed a bit of the skull or tapped a hole in it a headache would be relieved and kindred disorders assuaged. Many of the skulls found in out-of-theway spots upon the Bolivian plateau and about the old lake district bear a little round hole in the forehead, indicating that the owner once sought relief from a native doctor.\*\*

The Incas had another favorite operation, that of deforming the skull. By a

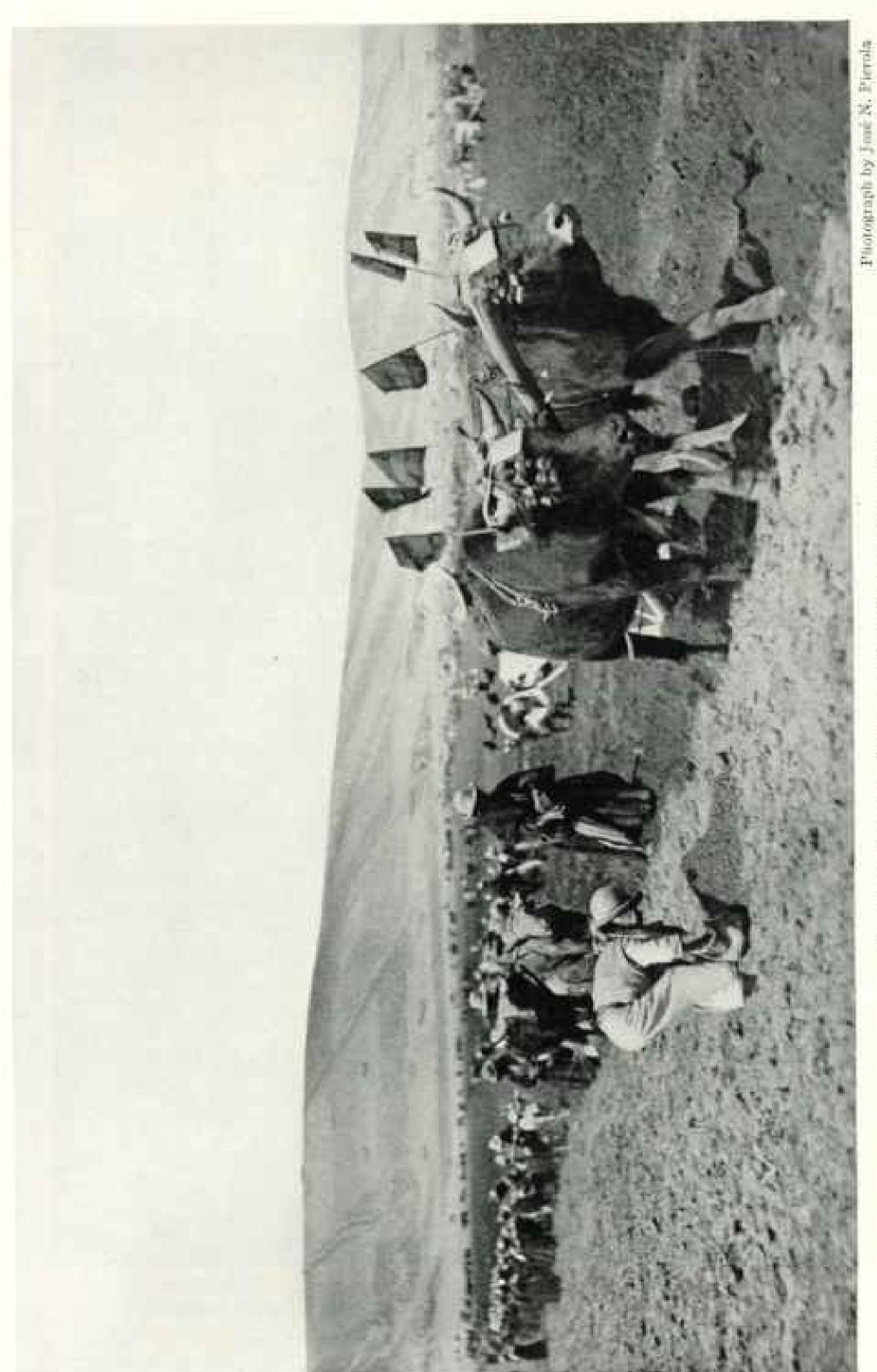
"See, also, in the National, Geographic Magazine, "The Story of Machu Picchu." February, 1915, and "Further Explorations in the Land of the locas," May, 1916, by Hiram Bingham.



Photograph by Gerstmann

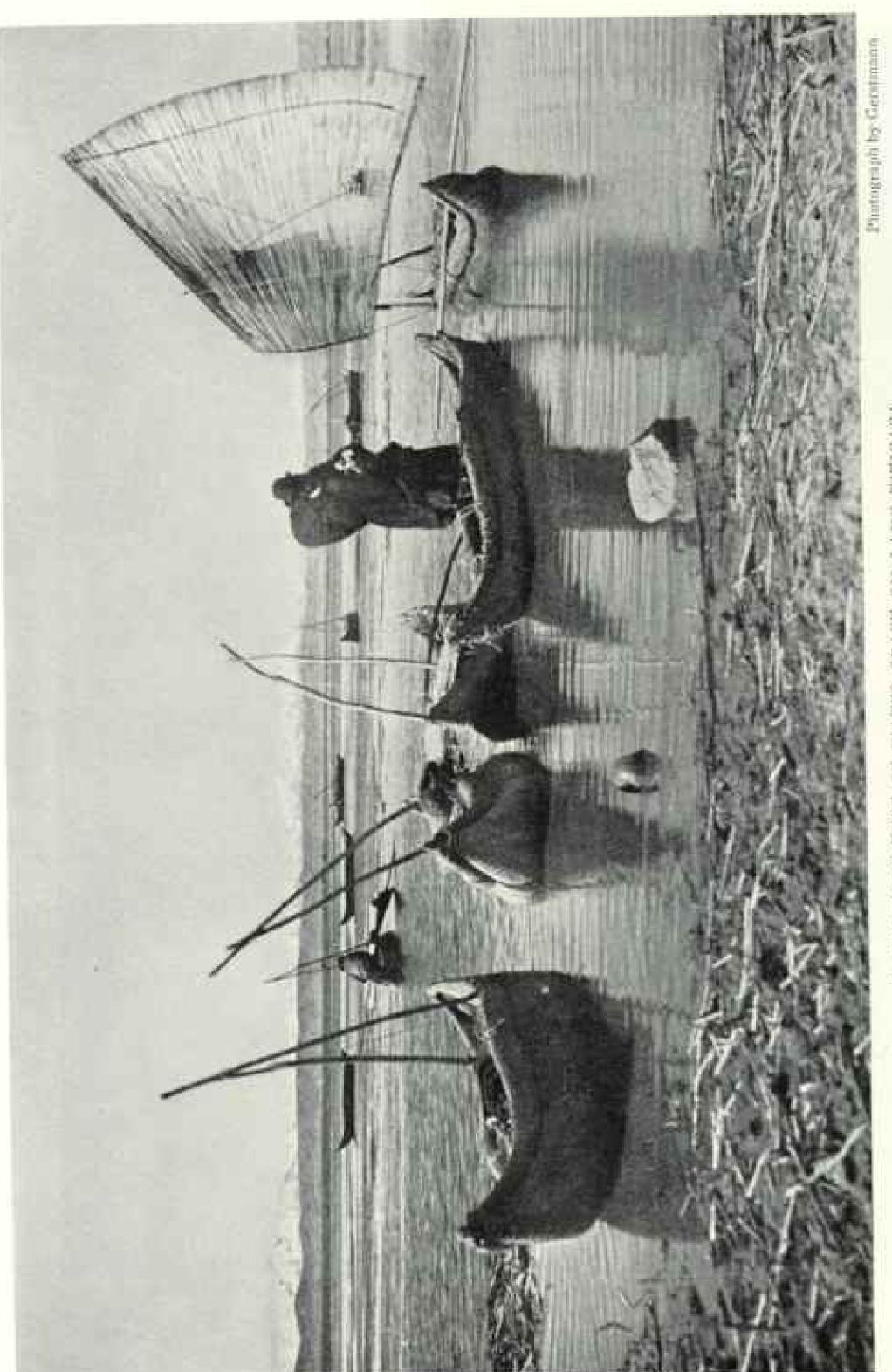
SOUTH AMERICA'S GREATEST SHRINE IN A MOUNTAIN-GIRT SETTING

Before the celebrated shrine of the Virgin of Copacabana, a little town on the peninsula of that name which juts out into Lake Titicaca, Indians from Bolivia, Peru, and elsewhere stage a vivid pageant every August, just before planting time. The pilgrims ask the Virgin's blessing on the fruitfulness of their fields and herds (see text, page 213).



COMMUNITY SEEDING IS A SURVIVAL OF INCA TIMES

y (see, also, Color Plate II). The early home of the potato was in the Peruvian Andes, and this Indian gift to mankind probably exceeds that of all the gold that the conquerors took from ents," by O. F. Cook, in the Navional Geographic Magazine for May, 1916.) It is the potato-planting season near La Paz, and at an altitude of 13,400 feet, in the Vincina Valley (s the present-day value of a single world crop of this the Incas. (See, also, "Staircase Farms of the Ancients,



A PRIMITIVE TYPE OF WATER CRAFT ON LAKE TITICACA

Centuries ago the lake dwellers learned how to dry giant bulrushes and to fashion them into these picturesque cancer (see, also, Color Plate I). Many of the balrax, which are large enough to use in ferrying live stock or passengers across arms of the lake, become water-logged after six months. The long pole lying athwart the boat to the right can be used as an oar when there is no wind for the reed sail, or to push the craft through the shallows. The Indians take care not to fall overboard, for few know how to swim and the waters of the lake are extremely cold.



Photograph by Luis D. Ginnondi

AN INDIAN BOY OF BOLIVIA

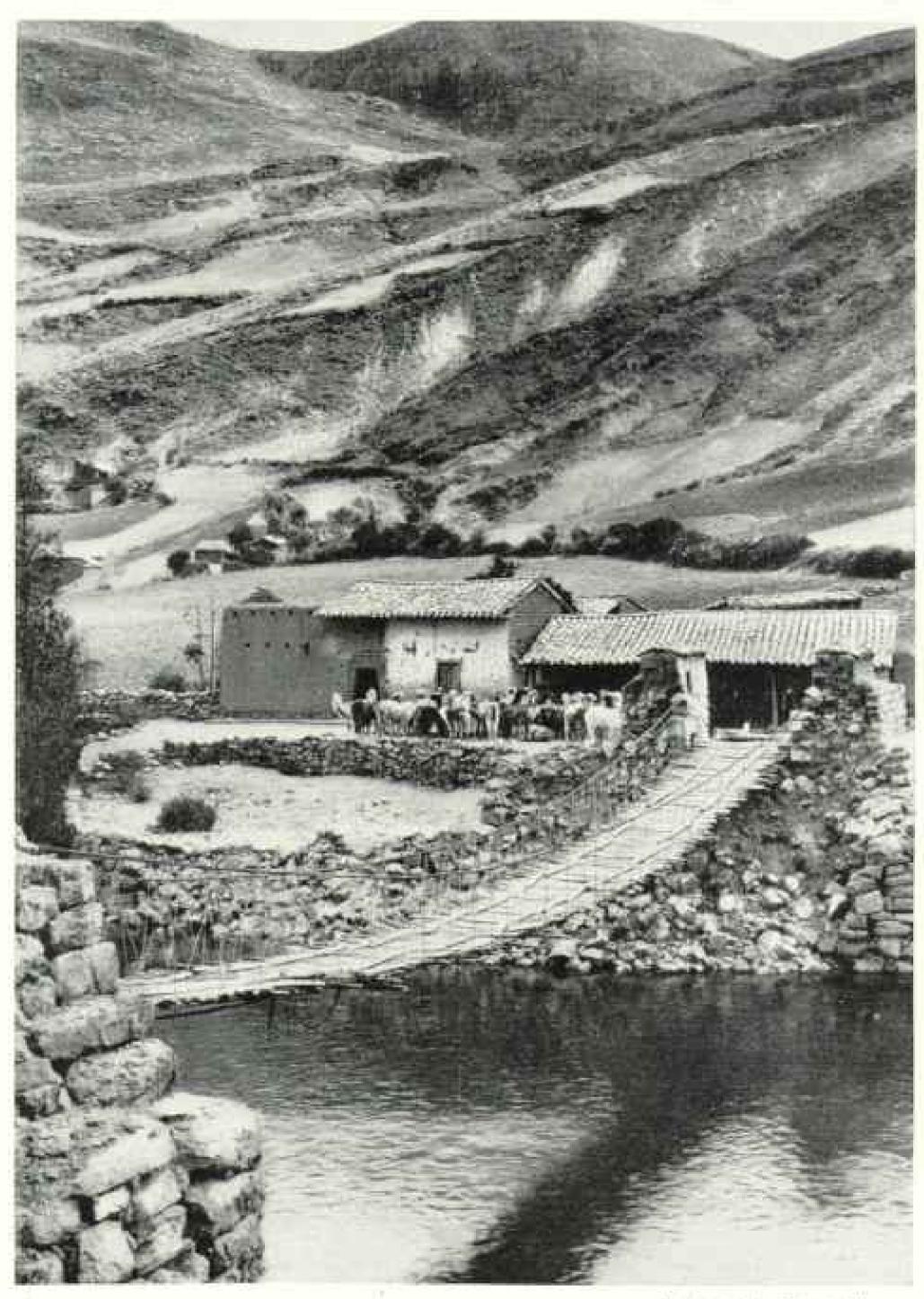
He holds the plaited alpaca wool rope common all over Bolivia as cordage. It is used for hawsers on vessels plying Lake Titicaca, and by porters in securing the heavy loads which they carry from railway stations to mercantile houses (see, also, Color Plate XII).



Photograph by W. Robert Moore

#### CUZCO'S PLAZA FROM A TOWER OF LA COMPAÑÍA

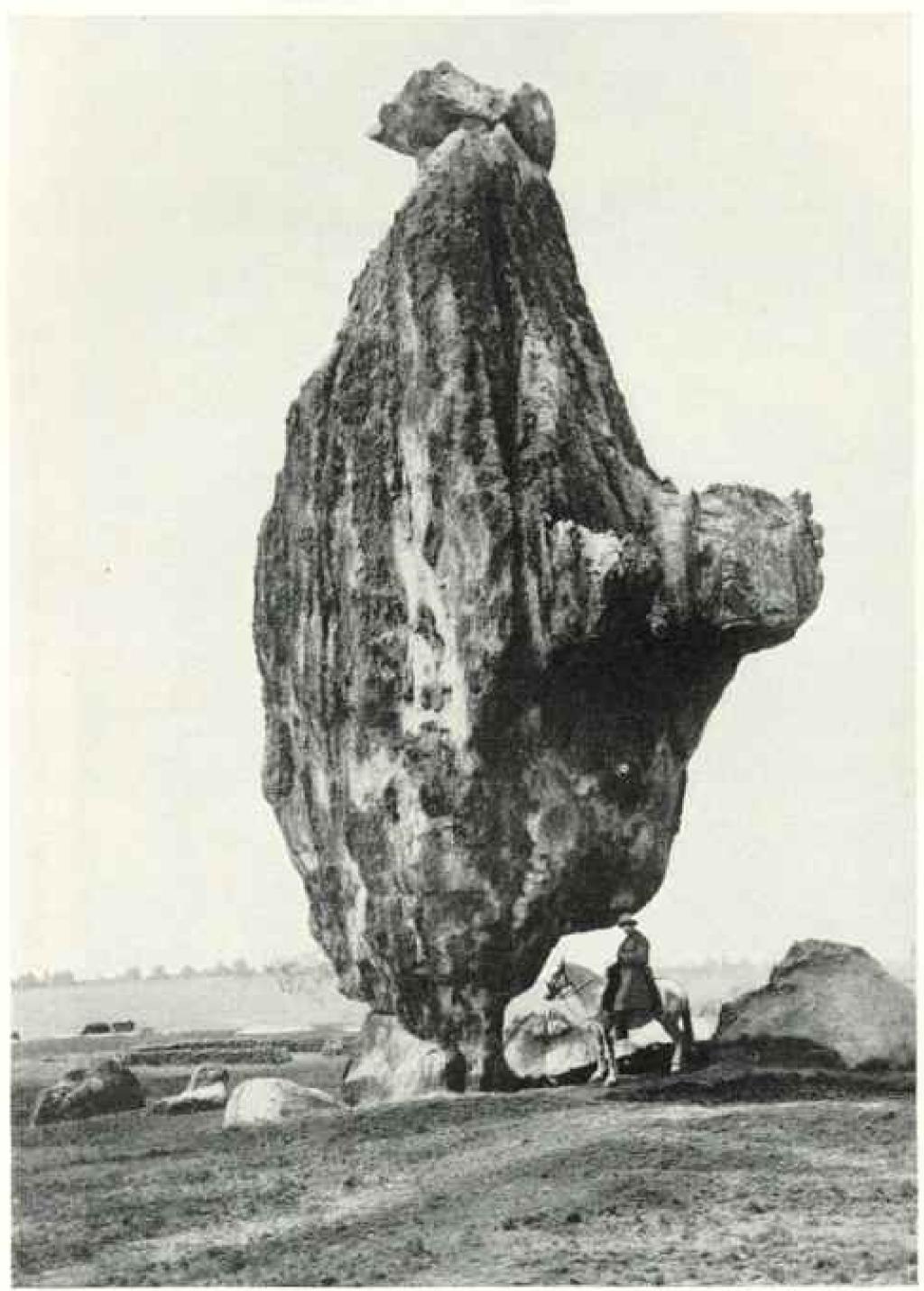
Formerly a church and convent (see, also, Color Plate VI), this university looks toward the Hill of Sacsalmaman and its ancient fortress, whose three walls of Cyclopean bowlders were once an impregnable defense for the Inca capital in the valley at their feet.



Photograph by Ewing Galloway

#### WHERE THE PRIMITIVE ENGINEER CREETS THE EXPERT

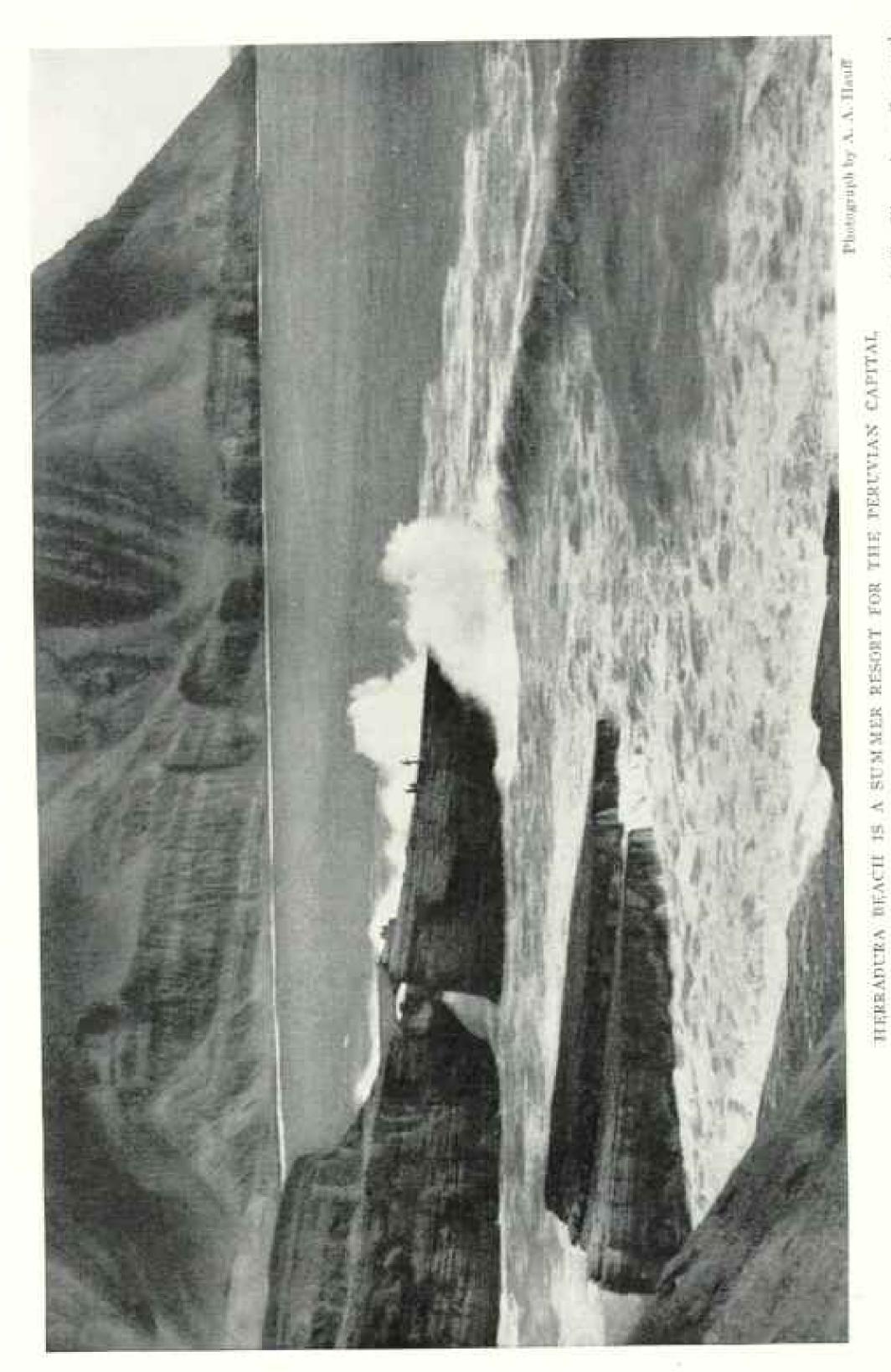
This native bridge spans a stream along the Huancayo branch of the highest railroad in the world, the Central of Peru. The latter, a remarkable feat of railway engineering, climbs from the Pacific coast to a height of 15,865 feet. When completed, it will form part of the Pan American system.



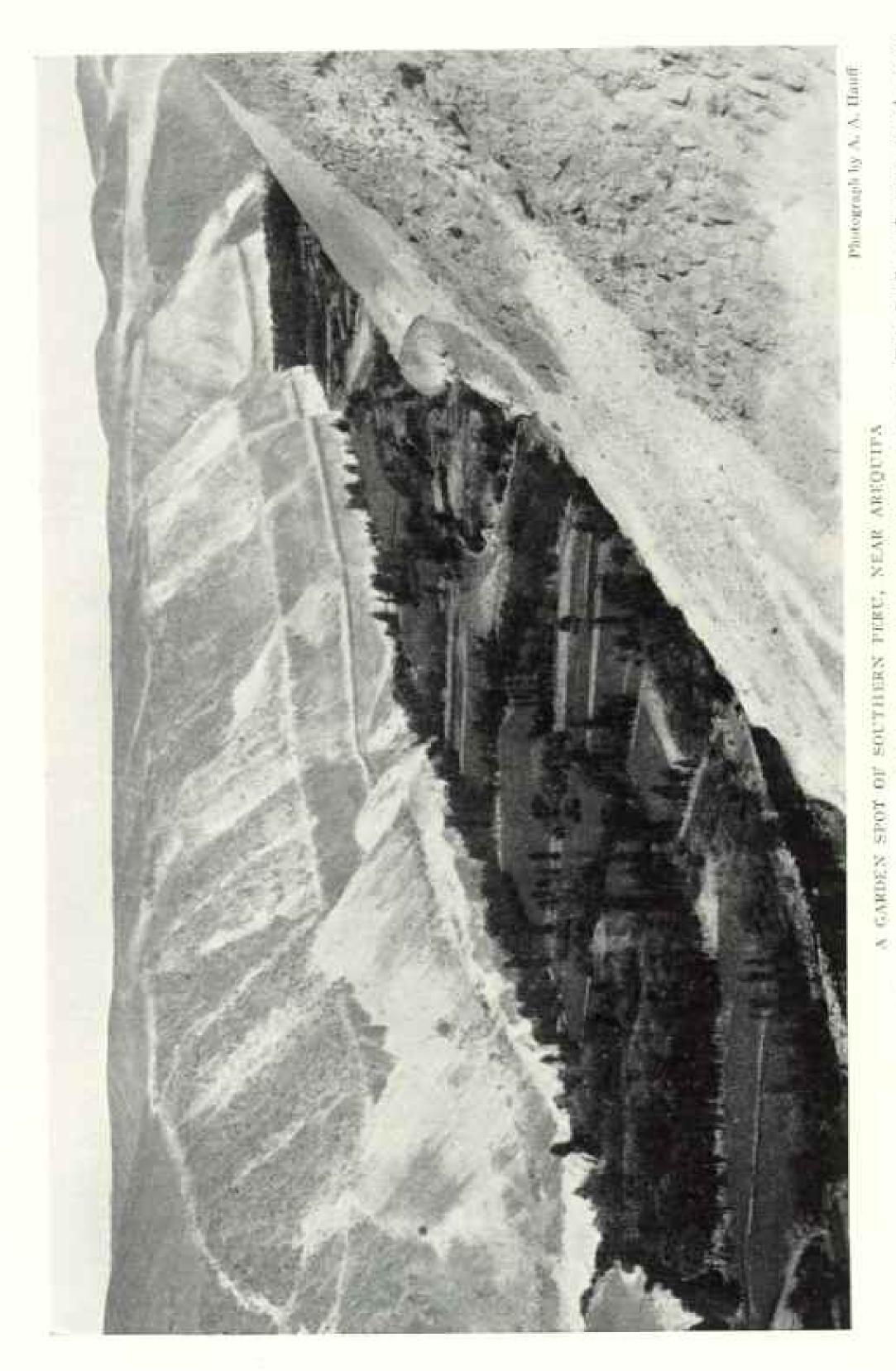
Photograph from Ernest Peterify

#### AN ANTEDILUVIAN GIANT OF PERU'S GARDEN OF THE GODS

This area of weird rock formations lies in the beart of the Andes near the copper mines of Cerro de Pasco, and surpasses in size and wonder Colorado's similar garden. Marine shells scattered about show that this region was once an inland sea. On one edge is a mountain of rock salt so clear that a newspaper can be read through two inches of it.



Hoavy fogs in winter drive many of Lima's residents inland, but in the warm days they patronize the resorts on the Bay of Chorillos, nine miles south, tony fogs in winter the parties, and water sports are popular.



This fertile cashs grows nearly every The Chile River here runs through a valley of perpetual green walled in by the arid Andes of the coast desert, fruit that can be raised in the United States.

255

system of binding, the top of the head was pressed back and down and the base forced upward. The forehead was considered the seat of individuality and initiative, and anything done to suppress its growth encouraged devotion to the needs of the mass and the public welfare.

The cathedral of Tiahuanaco, with its lofty nave and red-tiled double apse reaching to a level with the big front tower, is worthy of mention. Just how ancient it is is difficult to learn, for Spanish historians differ, but Spain's clericals were quick to establish priests and erect churches following the Conquest, and towns of the lake district were among the first, after Cuzco, to receive such attention. It is likely, therefore, that the cathedral of Tiahuanaco is from 300 to 350 years old (see illustration, page 236).

It contains no seats or benches. Worshipers kneed on the stones with which the ground is roughly paved, or before the harsh boarding in front of the enormous altar of hammered silver. Of the 26 old Spanish paintings upon the walls, depicting various happenings and teachings in the life of our Lord, 17 are very

large, nearly 12 by 15 feet.

#### THE FOOTBALL INVADES HISTORY

Outside the church gates stand two great idols fashioned among the Tiahuanacu ruins. While I stood in contemplation before one of them, suddenly a very modern football landed upon its worn stone nose and bounced off into the eager arms of ragged little boys playing in the square between the church and market place. History was far from their thoughts.

As we were leaving Tinhuanacu small boys grew clamorous in their desire to sell us monolitos. We bought many, ranging from 5 to 35 cents (about 2 to 12 American pennies) each, depending on their size and excellence of workmanship. The carvings, which consisted chiefly of two of the best idols, were in the likeness of the jaguar, and had been done in soapstone from the adjacent mountains. When this soft stone is long exposed to the air, it grows harder, and the efforts of the youthful sculptors often result in rather good and lasting work.

It is a 14-mile hike to Guaqui port, and we started off at 9 o'clock in the morning with two boys driving a well-laden burro. At 12:30 we were in old Spanish Guaqui, and a half hour later we had reached its lake port, two miles farther on.

Save for the railway station, a small hotel, quarters for a regiment of infantry, and the custombouse, there is very little to the port. Its importance has steadily decreased since the opening, some years ago, of a quick railway service between La Paz and Arica, Chile; so that a great part of the freight and passenger traffic formerly landing at Mollendo and reaching La Paz via Lake Titicaca no longer comes over that route.

#### THE WORLD'S HIGHEST NAVIGABLE LAKE

Three steamers ply the waters of Titicaca between Guaqui, in Bolivia, and the port of Puno, Peru. The largest, the Inca, 228 feet long, with 30-foot beam, was built in Hull, England, brought to the Bolivian plateau in sections, assembled there, and then put into service on Titicaca, the world's highest navigable take (see illustration, page 243).

But we travelers in Aymará Land had no ambition to take one of these steamers to Copacabana, for this would have meant a delay of two or three days in Guaqui; so we negotiated for a sailing vessel.

We were not as well versed then either about geography or about the Aymara mind as we were soon to become, and when a coppery-tinted son of Belial promised that his boat would land us without fail in Copacabana harbor before sunset, we believed him and went to lunch in the Guaqui hostelry with light hearts. What we should have done was to have tied a rock about his neck and dropped him into the lake some 200 feet from shore, where the cows of the port could have trampled him into the mad on their way out to feed in the reed marshes.

That, however, is another story—a trying prelude to our journey to one of the
world's greatest shrines, Mary, the Virgin of Copacabana (see, also, text, page
213), and to the Islands of the Sun and
Moon, set like gems in that great cobalttinted lake, earliest seats of the old Inca
rulers, who created a mighty empire before the advent of the Spaniards.

Our minds were still too full of ancient Tiahuanacu to deal adequately with the intricacies of the Aymara mind in Ay-

mará Land.

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IMMEDIATELY after the terrific eruption of the world's largest crater, Mt. Katmai, in Alaska, a National Geographic Society expedition was sent to make observations of this remarkable phenomcount. Four expeditions have followed and the extraurdinary acientific data resulting given to the world. In this widinity an eighth wonder of the world was discovered and explored "The Valley of Ten Thouused Smokes," a vast area of steaming, spouting formers. As a result of The Society's discoveries this area has been created a National Monument by prochamation of the President of the United States.

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discoveries form a farge share of our knowledge of a civilization warring when Pizarro first set foot in Peru.

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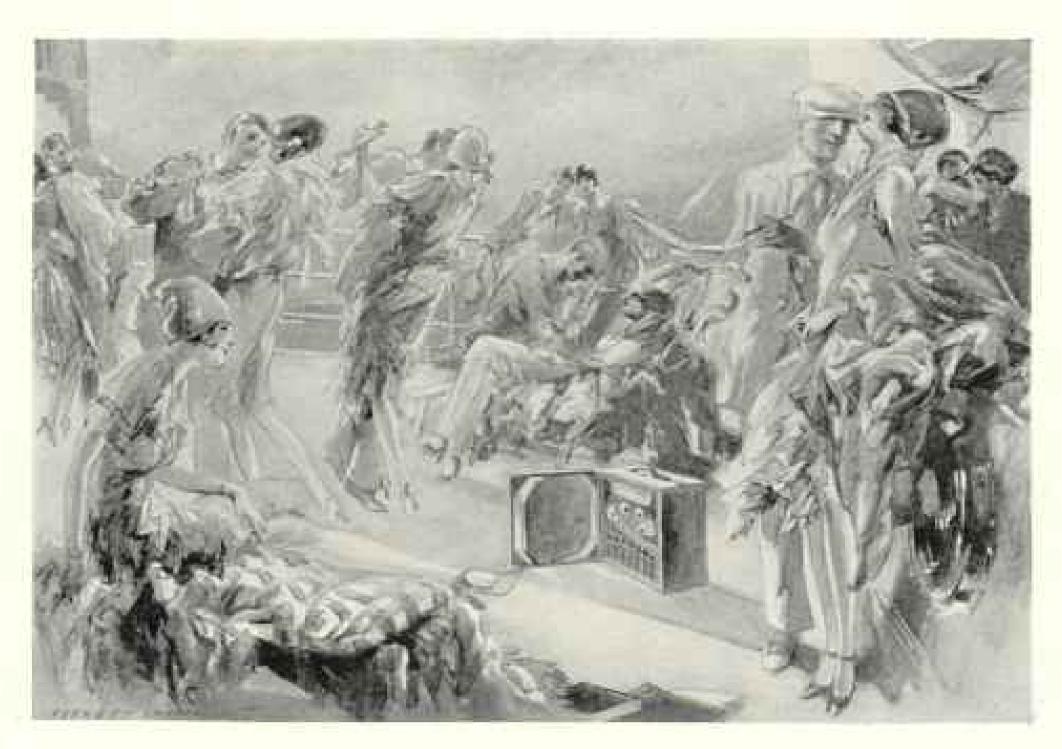
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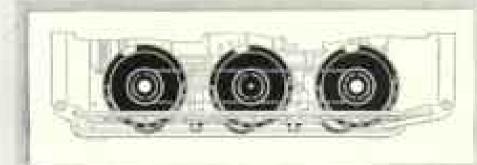
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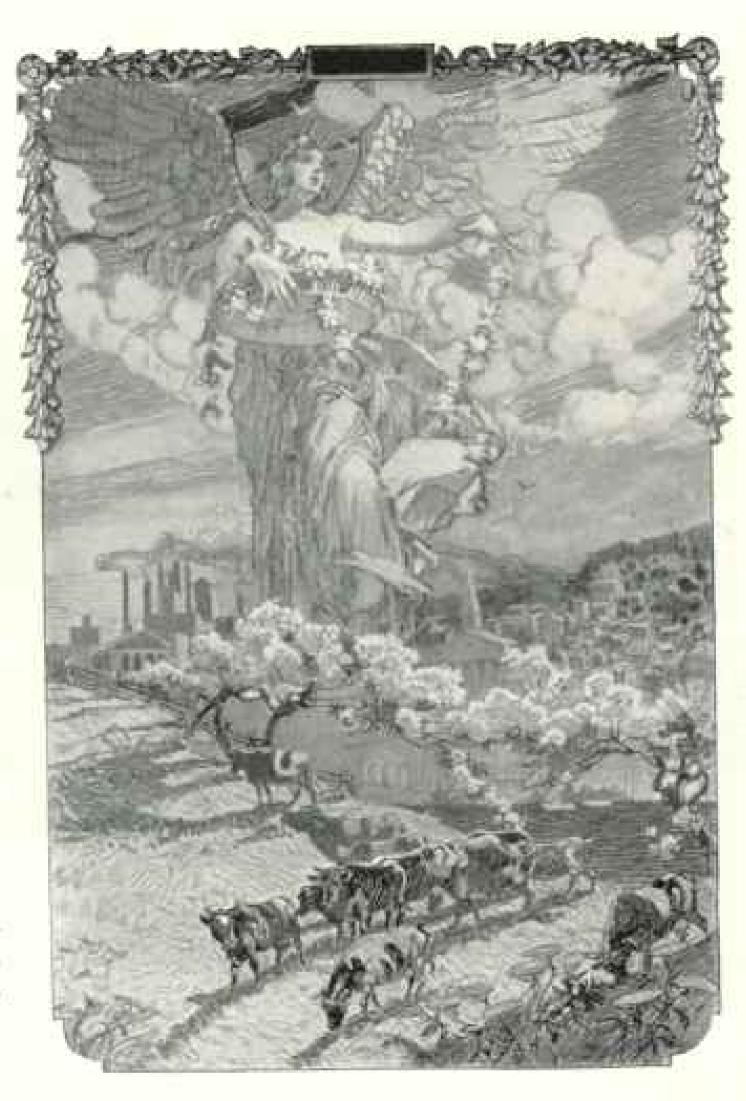
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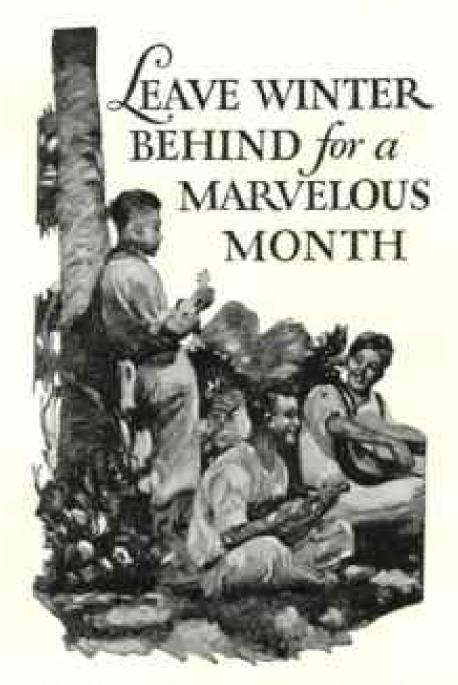
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# How The Outstanding Book Is Chosen Each Month

This is a reply to a criticism sometimes advanced against the "Book-of-the-Month Club" idea. The Book-of-the-Month Club has engaged a group of five critics to select the most readable and important book each month—Henry Seidel Camby, Chairman, Heywood Broun, Christopher Morley, Dorothy Canfield, and William Allen White. The book selected each month is sent to all subscribers, who pay the same price (no more) that the publisher himself charges. Many thousands of intelligent readers have now subscribed to this service. It has, however, met with an interesting criticism. It is: "I don't want any one to select what books I shall read. I want to choose my own books."

What force is there in this objection?

Have you ever given thought to the considerations that now move you in deciding to read any book? You hear it praised by a friend. Or you see an advertisement of it in a newspaper. Or you read a review of it by some critic, whose account of it excites your interest. You decide you must read that book. Note, however, what has happened: it is always recommendation, from some source, that determines you to read it. True, your choice is completely free, but you exercise your choice among recommended books.

Observe what follows, after you are thus influenced, quite legitimately, to read a certain book. Sometimes—but sometimes only—you go right out, buy it and read it. More often, however, if you are the average person your fine intention goes to seed. In the end—all too frequently—you miss reading it altogether; you confess sadly to someone that you "never got around to it."

Now, what would be the difference, were you a Book-of-the-Month Club subscriber? Strange to may, upon analysis, you will find that in practice you would be enabled to exercise a greater liberty of choice and above all you would actually get the books—without fail that you decide to read. How?

#### How the "Book-of-the-Month" is Chosen

All the new books each month are submitted for consideration by the publishers. Usually, each month, the choice narrows among from twenty to thirty books. A copy of each one of these books is rend by each member of the Selecting Committee. There is no discussion. Each one reads the books
independently, and gives them a
rating in the order in which he
himself prefers them. The book
which emerges with the highest
total rating becomes the "book-ofthe-month" and is forthwith sent
out to Book-of-the-Month Club
subscribers.

What is the effect of this method of independent voting? You will readily admit that a book so chosen is likely to be one well worth reading. Certainly, it will have as strong a recommendation behind it as behind the books you are influenced to read through other sources. The chances are all in favor of its being a book that you would not care to miss reading.

Nevertheless tastes differ. This combined vote of the judges is not infullible, and they would be the last ones to consider it so. Their

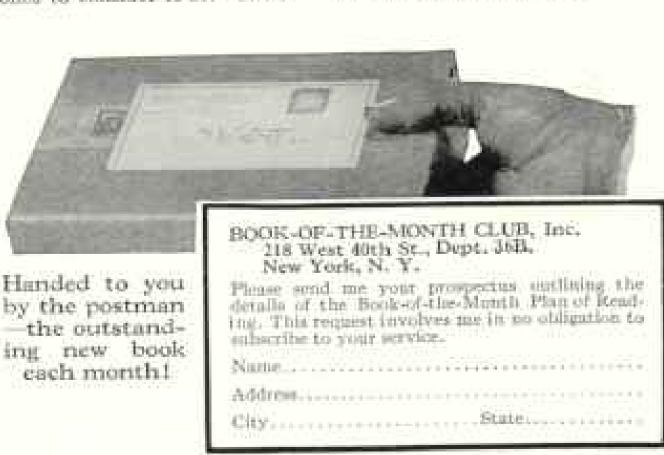
choice simply represents a sensible method of arriving at one outstanding book each month—and it works! The books they choose are outstanding; but nobody compels you to like them, nor even to read them. Your own taste is considered, for you, quite as sacred as theirs.

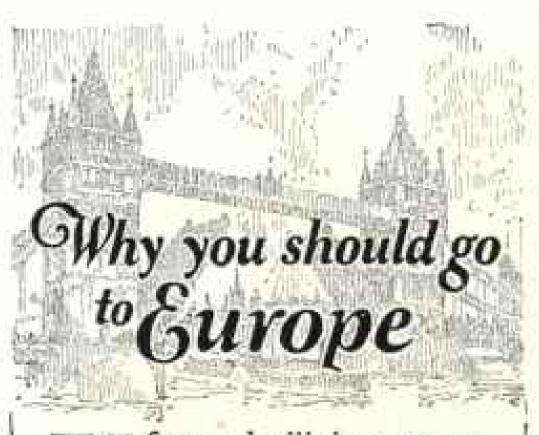
#### Your Choice is Widened

Therefore, when the "book-ofthe-month" is sent to you—at the same time a list of other important new books, which received a high rating in the vote of the judges, is sent with it.

And, in any one month, if the book you receive does not meet your particular taste in resding you may exchange it for ensume of the other new books, which are described for the very purpose of enabling you to make a choice. The ultimate result, therefore, is that you can actually, in practice, exercise a wifer and more discriminating choice among the new books than you now do, under your present hapharard method of reading. More important still, you find that you actually obtain the books you intend to read.

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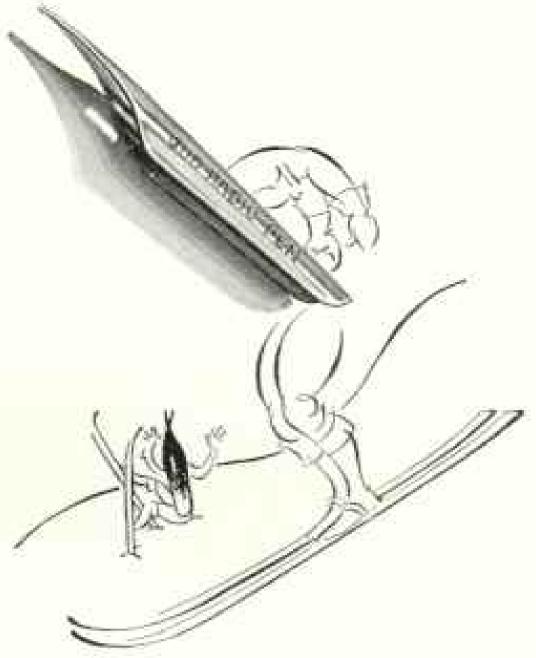


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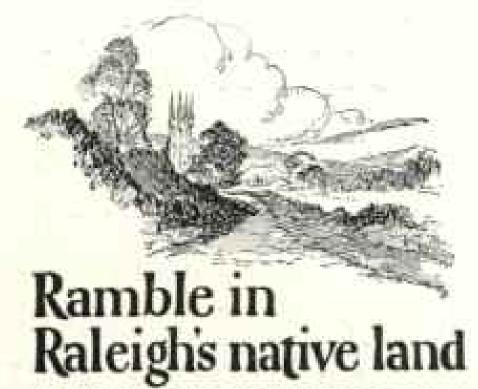
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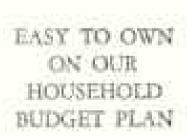
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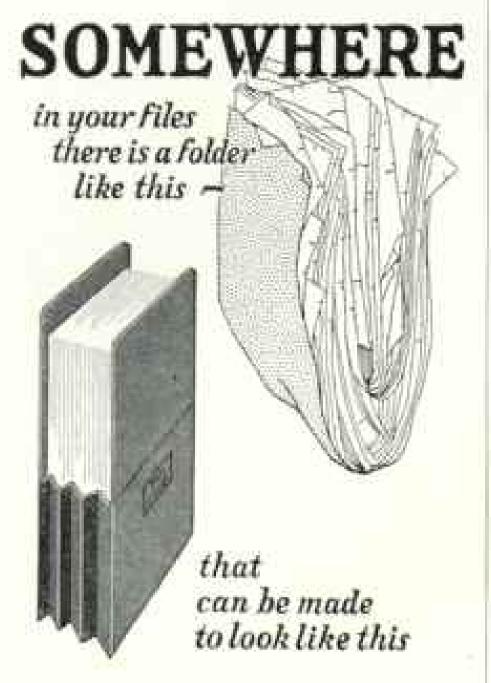
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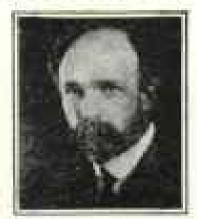
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"The Orthophonic Victrola captures the very soul of the violin." —Furrz Kunstau.



operatic gem, lively dance music, stirring band music, a song of yesteryear or one of the catchy tunes of the day. Whatever you prefer . . . whenever you say. This entertainer knows no limitations!

No less an achievement than the Orthophonic Victor Records. They have new beauty and depth. Made of a new material which has eliminated unpleasant scratch. There are many beautiful models of the Orthophonic Victoria, from \$300 to as low as \$95. Silent electric motor (\$35 extra) eliminates winding. You play . . . and relax.

The New Orthophonic





## This is the Heavy-Duty Battery in which the new Layerbilt construction provides greater economy

THERE'S an important discovery in radio economy awaiting all users of loud-speaker sets who have been buying the smaller Light-Duty "B" batteries instead of the large Heavy-Duty size required by such sets. Because the Light-Duties cost somewhat less to buy they seem like an economy, but the surprising fact is that the Eveready Layerbilt No. 486 lasts more than twice as long though it does not cost anywhere near twice as much, It is, therefore, much more economical-we believe it to be the most economical "B" battery ever built.

Eveready Layerbilt's remarkable life is due to its unique construction. All other dry cell "B" batteries are assembled of cylindrical cells, with much waste space between them, and many soldered connections bridging the gaps.

The Eveready Layerbilt, however, is built in layers of flat current-producing elements, making automatic connection with each other. Every available inch inside the battery is occupied usefully. You get more battery for your money, and that battery is more efficient. Remember this about "B" batteries: All loud-speaker sets require Heavy-Duty batteries, and the Eveready Layerbilt has proved time and again to be the longest lasting and most economical Heavy-Duty "B" battery.

Manufactured and guaranteed by NATIONAL CARBON Co., Inc. New York San Francisco Canadian National Carbon Co., Limited Totonto, Ontario

Tuesday night is Everendy Hour Night-9 P. M., Eastern Standard Time, through the following stations:

whar-Nee York
withe-Providence
with-Busine
witho-Worsester
wri-Philodolphia
won-Paffalo
won-Paffalo
won-Paffalo

WTAM-Cleveland
WWJ-Detroif
WUIF-Chicage
WUG-Durenpurf
WCOO | Minnespelia
Est-53, Leuts
WUC-Washington

## "Broke" - but Worth

AD earns \$50 a week. He has just paid the rent, the grocery bill and the milk bill. He says he is "broke but happy". He has his wife, his children and his comfortable little home. He feels far from rich, but in reality he and his family are worth a small fortune. Because they have good health, this typical American family represents \$79,100 of the nation's wealth.

As a useful American, Dad, at 30, can figure himself as actually worth \$31,000 today—for that is the present value of his future earnings

less his personal expenses. Dad is one of thousands who are earning \$50 a week—an average Dad. If Dad is frequently sick or if he dies young, he will be worth less than \$31,000. With-betterthan-average health and longer life, he should be worth a great deal more.

Mother's contribution to the family wealth—her time and energy, love and devotion—can never be measured in money. But at a very conservative estimate, the money value of her services must be at least half that of Dad's—\$15,500.

That rosy-cheeked, four-months-old baby boy is worth \$9,500 this minute, while big Brother, seven, and little Sister, five, are worth \$16,000 and \$7,100 each as future productive citizens,

\$79,100.00

But their fortunes are locked up in their own bodies. They will reach the full measure of

their wealth only by keeping healthy and fit for their daily work—otherwise their fortunes will shrink. Let Dad—every dad from coast to coast—learn how to use the great discoveries of modern medical science to prevent disease and prolong the lives of his children, his wife and himself,

And if he thinks that he is "broke", let him find out what he really is worth in dollars and cents to himself, to his family, and to his country.

Contrasted with the total material wealth of the country in 1922—railroads, buildings, land, mines, etc.—which amounted to 321 billion dollars, the economic value of the lives of the entire population was 1500 billions. More than six billion dollars were lost last year because of needless deaths.

With these tremendous values in mind the importance of health and welfare work becomes apparent.

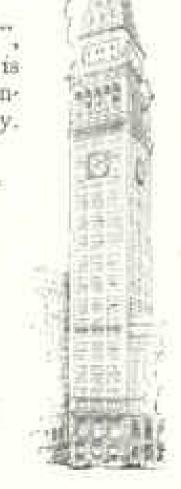
Seventeen years sgo the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company instituted a health and

nursing service for policyholders.

More than 20 millions of dollars were expended. During this period, the mortality rate of policy-holders declined more than 30 per cent and the accumulated saving has totalled the amazing sum of 43 millions of dollars.

The Metropolitan will gladly mail, free, its booklet. "The Value of Human Life at all Ages". It tells what you are worth, also the potential worth of each member of your family. Send for it.

HALEY FISKE, President.



Published by

METROPOLITAN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY-NEW YORK

Biggest in the World, More Assets, More Policyholders, More Insurance in force, More new Insurance each year



## The Sampler -a favored Valentine token



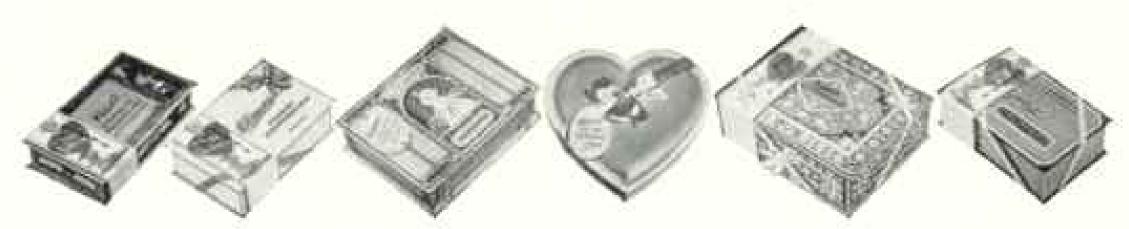
Do you want her to know who sent the Valentine? You don't and you do, especially A glance at the myste- celebrated Whitman pack-There's an air of unusualness about this famous box of sweets that you'll be proud to have her associate with your name. How she will enjoy the delicious chocolates and confections, the selections of the most critical candy tastes in America! Give the Sampler and you give a thrill.

An air of suspense as the package is opened. Then a real thrill of pleasure when she finds it's a box of

Whitmans

Chocolates

Suit the Valentine to the individual taste. Each of the if it's Whitman's Sampler. riously written address. ages has its own "personality" and its own admirers. The Sampler, A Fussy Package, Salmagundi, Cloisonne, Bonnybrook Milk Chocolates, The Heart Box. Selection is easy from these beautiful boxes, with their special Valentine bands and the charming variety of their assortments. Every box sent direct from us to our agents in your neighborhood.



Hearty pieces of nourishing meat in every spoonful!



12 cents a can

Look for the Red-and-White Label

## EAT SOUP and KEEP WELL!

SCIENCE is teaching us as never before that good health depends mostly on a few simple fundamental rules. Sleep, exercise, the open air, the right kind of food! Eating soup and keeping well go hand in hand. Soup is one of the foods the experts tell us should be eaten every day. Soup appears in the daily menus for the family table as recommended by the leading dietitians and teachers of domestic science. Soup is a hot, liquid food which has a special place and usefulness in the daily diet, well recognized by the authorities. So do not think of soup as simply a delicious dish to be served or omitted as your fancy pleases. For soup belongs in the daily diet and should be eaten regularly, not just occasionally.

AND here are the reasons: Soup offers to your appetite a variety of tempting and delightful flavors you cannot get in any other food. Soup stimulates the appetite, arouses the desire for food, not only satisfies you but makes you keen for your other food as well. Soup causes the digestive juices to flow more freely. This has a favorable effect both on appetite and digestion.

Let no day go by without its plateful of hot, nourishing, delicious soup.



OR AS A MEAL SOUP BELONGS IN THE DAILY DIET!



### Service All the Way

An Advertisement of the American Telephone and Telegraph Company

It is impossible for a railroad train or a ship to call at the doorsteps of its passengers when they wish to take a

journey. To take even a trolley or bus ride, one must go to some definite point where the conveyance stops. On the other hand, the telephone goes all the way to meet the public's convenience.

Each telephone call may be compared to a taxicab, whose destination is controlled by the subscriber. The telephone company extends its wires to the homes and offices of those who desire service, placing its telephones within immediate reach. The call is made at the time, from the point,



and to the place that the subscriber desires. He speaks to the person he wants—wherever he may be,

At the disposal of each telephone subscriber are the talking channels of the entire Bell System. He may make a call a few or thousands of miles, and he may extend his voice to any point, to any person who has a telephone.

This is the essence of communication. Because of it, the number of telephones has increased in the last five years three times as fast as population. Because of it, the Bell System carries more than twenty billion messages in the course of a year.



### -for closer scrutiny



CLOSE scrutiny, supported by seasoned judgment, forms the background for our varied bond offerings. All the benefits of intimate world-wide contacts, broad statistical resources, long experience in all fields of finance become yours when you buy bonds recommended by The National City Company. Monthly lists of current offerings will be sent you regularly upon request.

#### The National City Company

National City Bank Building, New York

OFFICES IN 50 AMERICAN CITIES . INTERCONNECTED BY 11,000 MILES OF PRIVATE WIRES . INTERNATIONAL BRANCHES AND CONNECTIONS



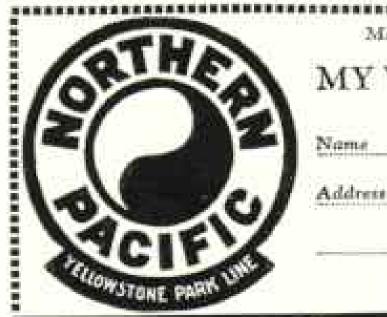
### Grand Canyon of the Yellowstone

The Canyon rises to pinnacled heights aglow with color—ever changing—infinitely varied; its beauty takes hold of you as the radiance of its colors and the mystery of its shadows melt and change. You are caught in the spell of its divine silence and lifted out of yourself into a realm of loveliness. The glory of the Grand Canyon of the Yellowstone transcends the dreams of man!

The way to go to Yellowstone Park is Northern Pacific Ry.—"In Gardiner, Out Cody"—then Nature's climax comes where it should.

Why not go this summer? If you are really interested I would like to send you a book about it.

A. B. Smith



#### Mail this coupon to A. B. Smith, 745 Northern Pucific Bldg., St. Paul, Minn. Books or trips I am Kound Trip Summer

#### MY VACATION TRIP Books or trips I am interested in ( )

Yellowstone Park \$ 59.35 Rocky Mountains (Helena Butte) 61.95

Rocky Mountains (Helena-Butte) 61.95
Inland Empire (Spokane) . 85.05

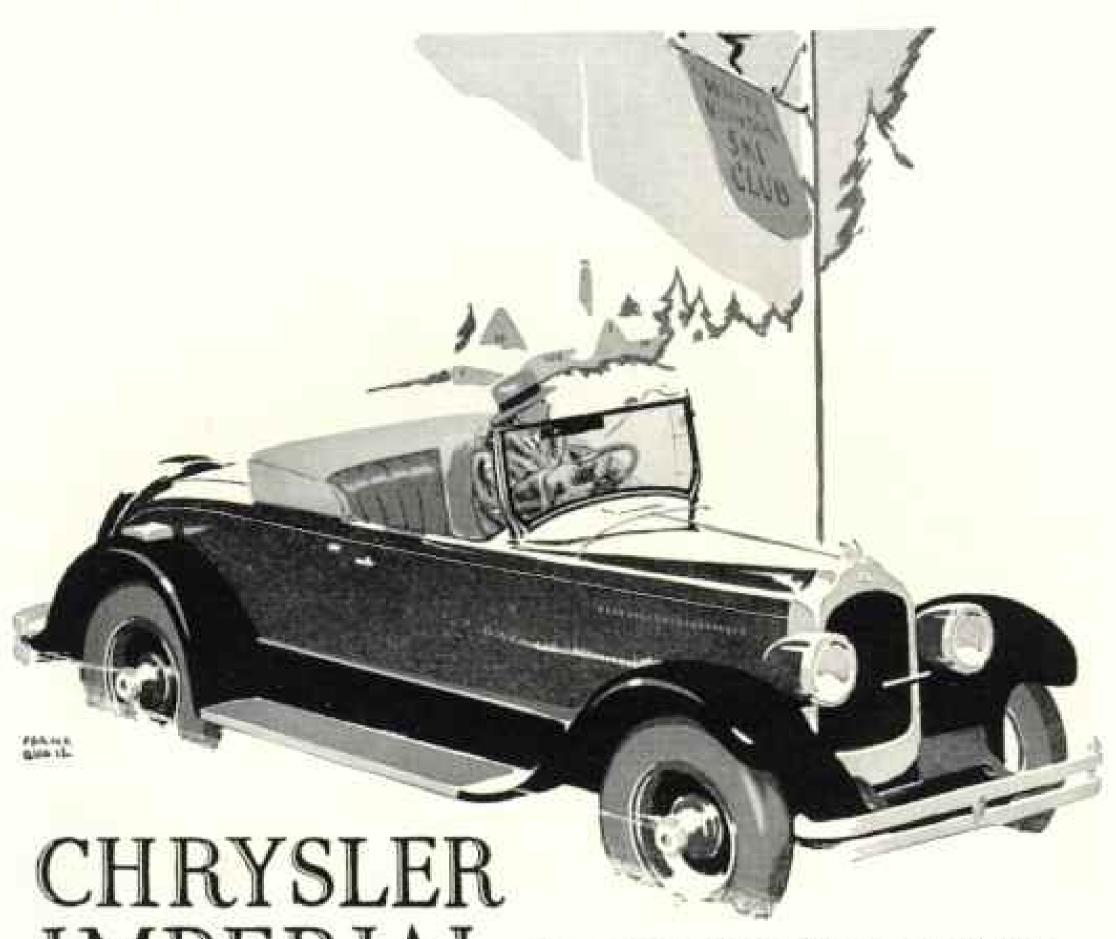
Fare from Chicago

□ Pacific Northwest | Portland . 90.30 □ Rainler Park . | Tacoma . 90.30

(all expense) \$199.00 to 226.00 Fit gladly make your flatel or Follows reservations

"Route of the North Coast Limited"

11



IMPERIAL "80"

> The Chrysler plan of Quality Standardization differs from, and is superior to, ordinary manufacturing practice and methods, because it demands fixed and inflexible quality standards which enforce the same scrupulously close limits—the same rigid rule of engineering exactness -the same absolute accuracy and precision of alignment and assemblave—in the measurement, the machining and the manufacturing of every part, practice and process in four lines of Chrysler cars - "50". "60", "70", and Imperial "80"-50 that each individual car shall be the Supreme Value in its own class.

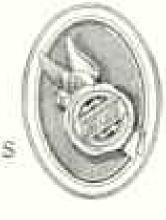
دي

Eight body styles, priced from \$2495 to \$3595, f. o. b. Detroit, subject to current Federal excise tax. No matter how much you may admire the car you now own, the Chrysler Imperial "80" offers a decidedly new and unique adventure in joyous motoring.

From the moment of your initial experience in the Imperial "80" you will be satisfied with nothing less.

In speed, power, smoothness, luxury of appointment, riding and driving ease, the Imperial "80" is a challenge to you to be dissatisfied with the conventional and the commonplace.

It is an invitation to know the sheer delight of stepping from the finest car of yesterday to the finest that money can build.





DH. J. H. CO.

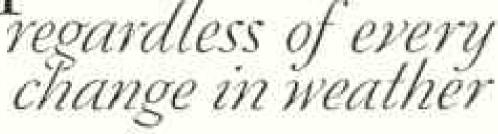
His wife knows it, too. So she sees to it that the home table is graced with this same quality condiment which looks so good and tastes so good—always.

## HEINZ TOMATO KETCHUP The taste is the test

H. J. HEINZ COMPANY
WHEN IN PITTSBURGH VISIT THE HEINZ KITCHENS



Frigidaire keeps food fresh regardless of every change in weather



VINTER weather is never a safe substitute for refrigeration. Outdoor temperatures change from day to day. Icy cold days, too cold for proper food preservation, are often followed by days so mild that foods of all kinds may spoil very rapidly.

With Frigidaire Electric Refrigeration in your home you will be protected against every change in weather. Day and night, and day after day, your foods will be kept at low, even temperatures -fresh, pure and wholesome, retaining all of their original flavor. You will enjoy the better, more convenient, more dependable, and more economical refrigeration that is now being enjoyed by more than 250,000 Frigidaire users.

New low prices have made the value of Frigidaire greater than ever before. Metal cabinet models are priced as low as \$225-and mechanical units for installation in the standard makes of iceboxes as low as \$170. (All prices f.o.b. Dayton.) The General Motors deferred payment plan affords the most convenient and economical way to buy.

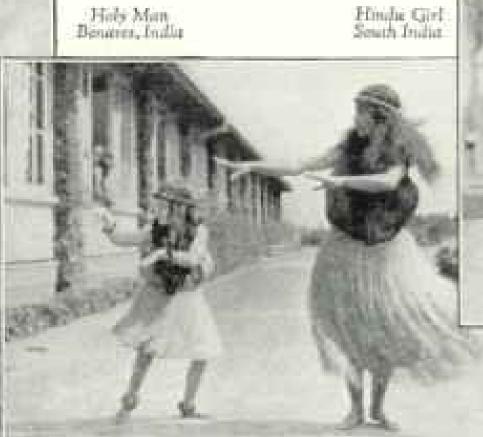
Visit the nearest Frigidaire Sales Office and see Frigidaire in actual operation. Or mail the coupon below for a copy of the Frigidaire Catalog.

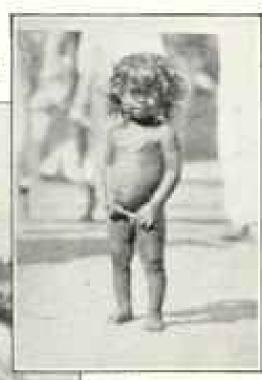
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d	Please send me a copy of the Frigidaire Catalog.	Ga.
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Hula Duncers Hilo, Hawaii These Graffex patterns by Howard B. MacDinald

## PICTURES are SECONDS SNATCHED from TIME

DRAMATIC things happen on dark days. Picturesque scenes spring up from shadows. They seldom wait on the convenience of the traveller's camera. They must be caught as they come or are lost forever. Consider the pictures reproduced here. Some were taken in vivid sunlight, others in deep shade. What camera could have caught them save the GRAFLEX? The same speed that made the sunlight pictures possible also made possible those caught in the shadows.

Pictures you would never attempt to take with an ordinary camera you confidently take with a GRAFLEX. On dark days or fair, indoors or out, on dull early mornings or late cloudy afternoons the GRAFLEX will serve you well on your travels.

The extra fast lens gathers more light; the shutter curtain admits more light; through the Grafiex hood you see, right side up, just what your picture will be—strong, clear and in focus. And Grafiex is simplicity itself to use. Set for light and action, then press one lever.

Ask your dealer to show you a GRAFLEX or write for booklet "G" direct to

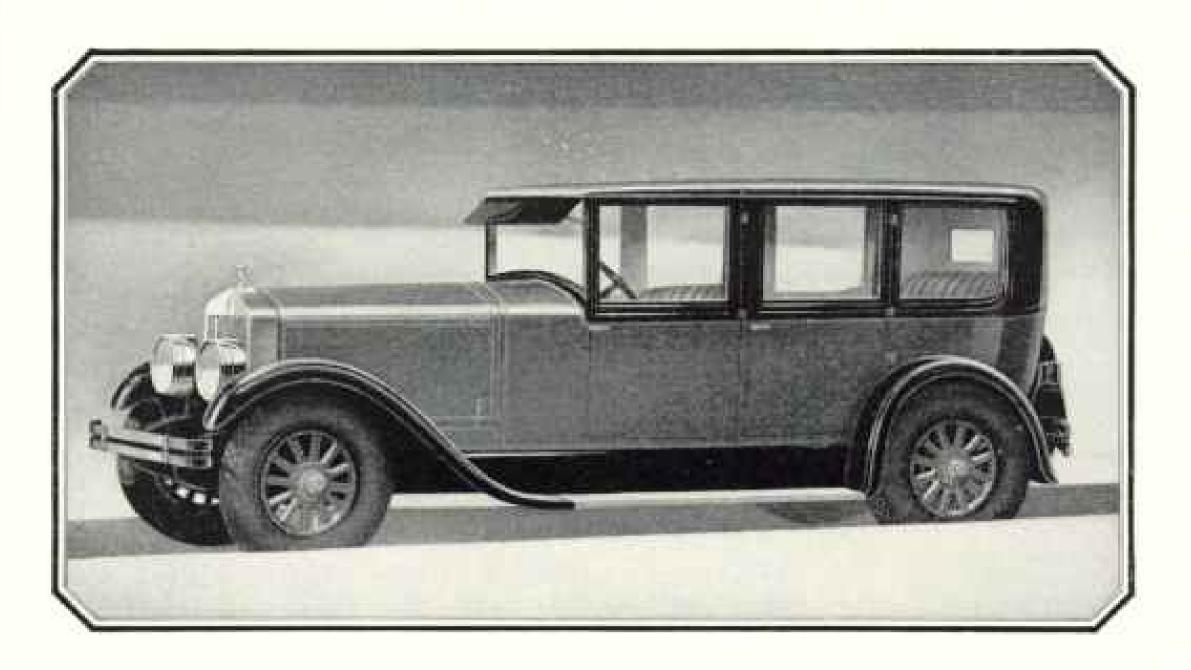
FOLMER GRAFLEX CORPORATION ROCHESTER, NEW YORK

Sold by Eastman Kodak Company Dealers



Cantum, Chius

Compare its size to a Boodeker—and far easier to carry. Revolving back GRAFLEX series B with Kodak Anastigmat Lens—f 4-5. \$85. Other Models up to \$260.



## The 25<sup>th</sup> Inniversary Franklin

## This great car is the climax of the Franklin policy of always keeping ahead

On VIEW AT ALL DEALERSHIPS. Now offered at the most favorable price in Franklin history, with a special 25th Anniversary Easy Ownership Plan also available.

## FRANKLIN

# LEE of Conshohocken

YOU may not know or care what or where Conshohocken is; but if you own a car you ought to know and care who Lee is.

Conshohocken is a town; the Lee Tire & Rubber Company is one of its principal industries. A genius named Lee started it; he had the quality idea; a true craftsman.

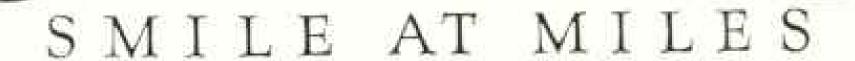
Fifteen years ago Lee made the only real Puncture Proof tire; still making it. We make also the Shoulderbuilt balloon; the DeLuxe high pressure cord for passenger cars, trucks and buses; we're making them better all the time.

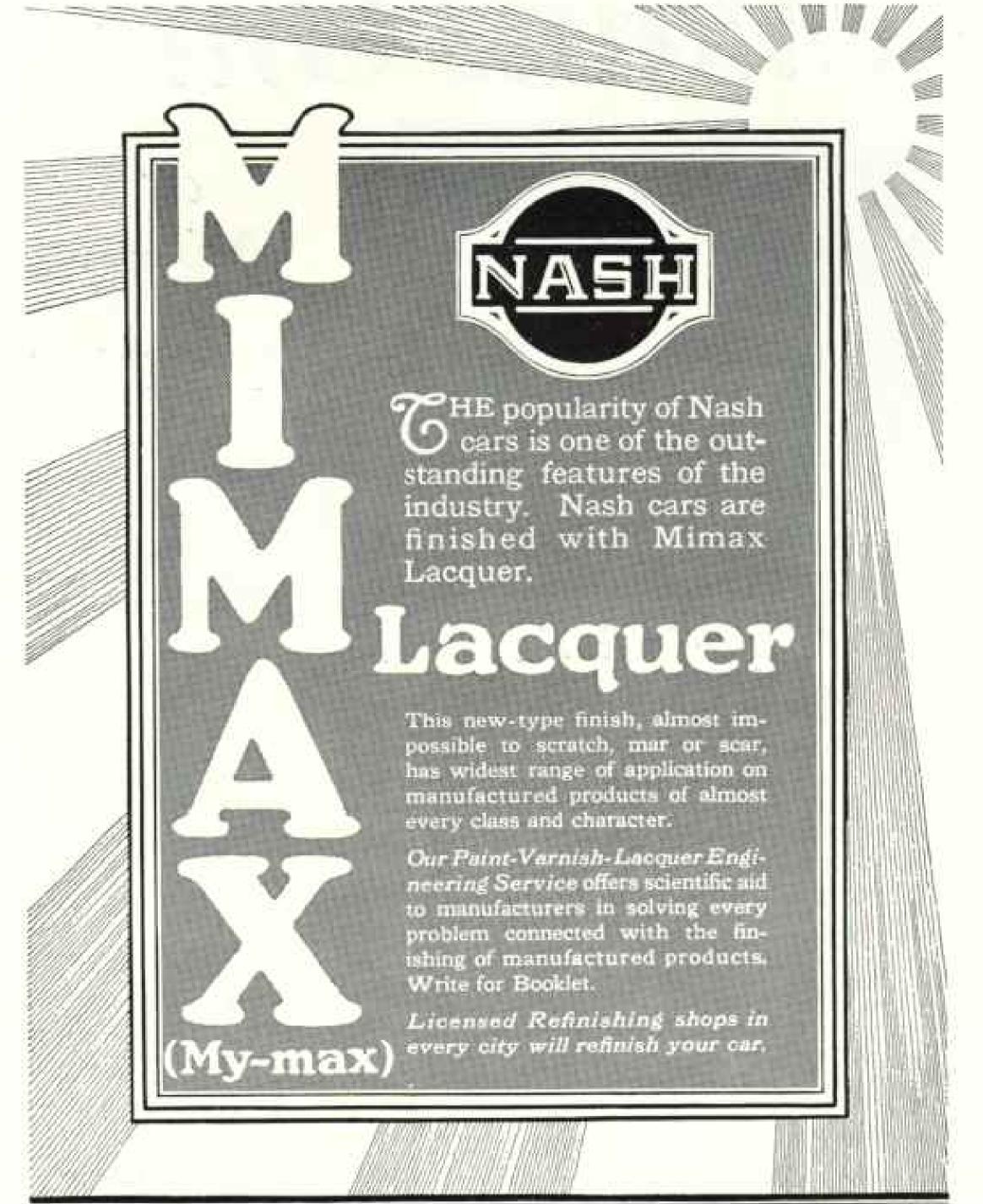
The one idea, always, has been to make as good a tire as the best materials and the most scientific methods can produce; to make your tire-money go farthest.

> If you believe in this sort of spirit in your own product or service, you must believe in Lee Tires; and if you believe in them, you'll buy them.

LEE TIRE & RUBBER COMPANY

Conshohocken, Pa.





### PITTSBURGH PLATE GLASS CO.

Paint, Varnish and Locquer Factories, Milwaukee, Wis.

PITTSBURGH Products wark, N. J., Portland, Ore., I

Los Angeles, Cal.

## Mardi Gras



## New Orleans

## See it on your Way to California

ALL the gorgeous revelry of France and old Madrid, joyous, carefree and colorful—a tale from the Arabian Nights which comes to life each year in America's most fascinating city.

Street parades and festivities February 24th to March 1st. Also many balls are given during February. See them on your way to California via

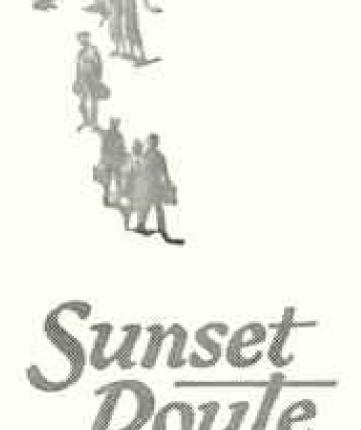
#### SUNSET LIMITED

A splendid, de luxe daily train New Orleans to Los Angeles, Sun Diego, and San Francisco. Stopovers at New Orleans allowed on all tickets via Sunset Route.

Club Car, Observation Car and latest type Dining and Sleeping Cars. Convenient service for the 120-mile motor side trip over the famous Apache Trail and for the marvelous Carriso Gorge.

For further information address any of the following offices:

New York 165 Decadway Les Angeles Pacific Electric Bldg. Chicago 33 W. Jackson Eled. Houston Southern Pacific Bible. New Orleans
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San Francisco
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SOUTHERN PACIFIC LINES



A landscape at Plintridge-ever Paradona

### World's Greatest Playground

At Your Very Door



Perka compeliera

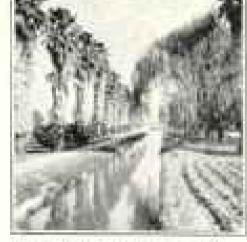
And Southern California has a twelve-months "season" of guicty and sport. So, whenever you are ready, come!

The fundike the foliage, is in "full bloom" in Southern California now—motor trips, fiestas, beach parties, golf, tennis, borseback riding, mountain climbing, camping, fishing, hanting—everything and anything that's pure, unadulterated joy!

Why wait? There's still time if you want to "winter" here—or string it out through April, May, June, and all summer if you wish.

For this is the great playground that's famous for its Year 'Round springtime—genially warm in 'winter' as the gorgeous flowers, the sunshine and all these "Springtime-Winter sports" can testify. For summer, let the U.S. Weather Bureauspeak through their authentic records—the average mean temperatures for June for fifty years have registered 66 degrees;

50 Julys, 70; 50 Augusts, 71; 50 Septembers, 69;—these records (not our own, but Uncle Sam's) were taken in Los Angeles, the central city of this favored land. And humidity is always low. No discomfort here that you've often felt from the damp heat of other climes.



Pidm-lined trigation month— Discreptor County

Come as a sight-seer, a sendent, an artist, an educator, a sportsman, a scientist, or whatever you are, getting right into "your element" and doing those things that are peculiarly yours in the world's most ideal setting for them.

Come now or come this summer. When you plan your trip, arrange a circle tour to see the entire Pacific Coast from San Diego to Vancouver-your railroad ticket agent will explain. Low rates in effect on all railroads from May 15 to October 31.

Mail coupon below for new illustrated booklet.

Living costs and tates are very reasonable.

There are hotels, furnished apartments and bungalows to suit every taste.

#### Southern California

All-Year Vacation Land Supreme

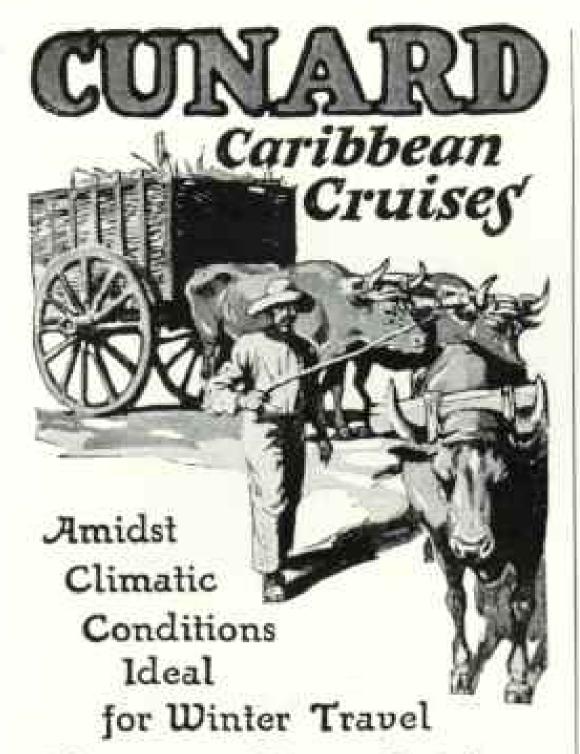
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agricultural como		0.00			

The greath, wealth and marratana renounces of feathern California are redicated by the following facts and figures pertaining to the County of Los America alone:

Value of Agricultural and Live Stock Products (1971), \$65,912,784; Value of Citrus Products (1975), \$23,281,585; Oil Production (1821), 148,008,008 Monta; Harber Limouts (1925), 4,136,177 Usin; Harber Edgerts (1925), 16,155,— 506 Usin; total Harber Tomonge, 28,139,763,

A precising season of 265 days a year permitting sear 'zound stups.

Att. Ymin Cain or Sor Dort 2-D, Chamber of Co	ministre Bildg., Le	crisk, s Angeles, Cultivente	
Please send as your free booklet about Bouth- ern California countima. Also booklets telling espe- cialty of the attractions and opportunities in the grantics which I have checked.	Los Angeles Grungs Name Stabby	Han Bernardina Handa Harbara San Diego	E Hierride Fentura
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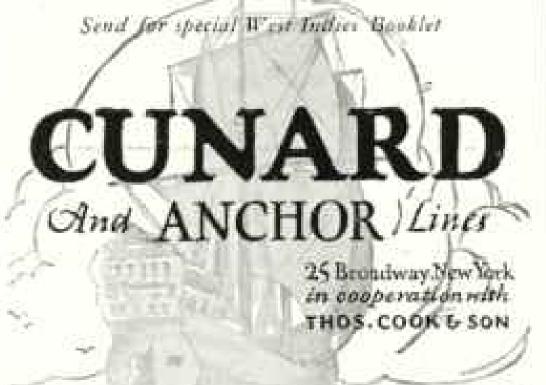
## Two 31 Day Cruises on the new CALEDONIA

Inclusive Fares \$300 and up From New York Jan. 22 to Feb. 22 From New York Feb. 26 to March 29, 1927

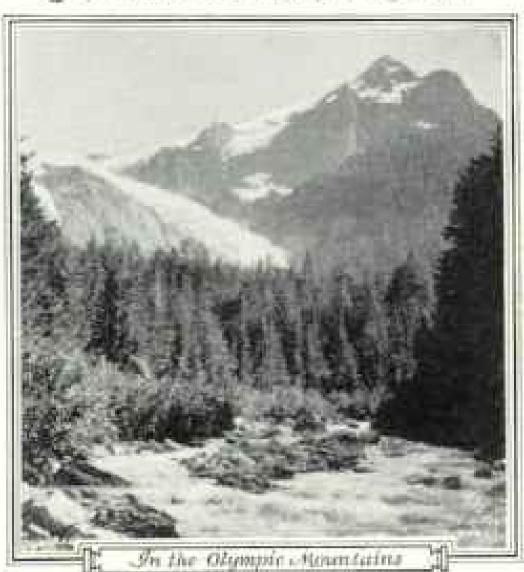
To Nassau, Havana, Port au Prince, Kingston, Colon, Curacao, La Guayra, Trinidad, Barbados, Martinique and Bermuda.

The Caledonia is a beautiful, modern ship, equipped with the new thermo tank ventilation system which supplies a current of cool fresh air—under the passenger's control—to every stateroom, an innovation of great comfort while cruising in the tropies. Electric funs in every room,

NO PASSPORTS REQUIRED



## Come This Year



#### Where "All Outdoors" Awaits You

SEE lofty mountains, rushing torrents and silvery waterfalls; wander through green forests of trees like Karnak columns; cruise over sparkling waters of a great inland sea; breathe the ozone of the woods and ocean; visit the rugged Olympic Mountains; enjoy in one vacation the variety that would otherwise require many tours.

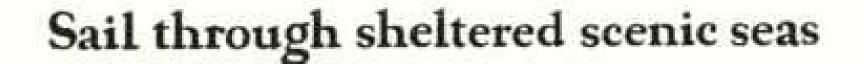
TACOMA offers all these foys and many others within a short distance from its metropolitan center. Some are right at hand, none removed more than a few hours ride. All easily acces-

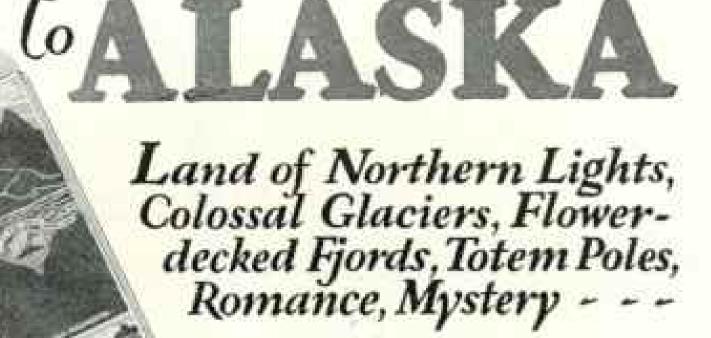
sible over perfect roads.

Far famed RAINIER NATIONAL PARK, with its lordly peak, is reached directly by motor or rail from Tacoma, the closest city to it. The view of the Mountain from the city itself is pronounced by famous travelers one of the most wonderful the world affords. You'll find Tacoma a hospitable city with line hotels and every accommodation.

See the whole Pacific Coast this year-Washington, Oregon and California.







RUISE through sheltered scan, sentinelled by majestic mountains and glittering glaciers, past primitive Indian villages with towering totempoles. Wind through the beautiful Lynn Canal, Visit en route Prince Rupert, Ketchikan, Wrangell, Juneau, Skagway.

From Skagway go by rail to the Yukon-every mile of this

historic trail has its story of romance and tragedy.

Fare only \$00 including meals and berth from Vancouver to Skagway and return-a ten day trip on palatial Canadian National steamem-all outside rooms.

For detailed information fill in the coupon and mail to our meurest office, or call for the hoowlet listed.

### CANADIAN NATIONAL

The Largest Railway System in America

AAR Washington St. Buffelo. 11 Su Division St. Chicago 100 W. Adams St. Cincinnati **在发表,现代的特别。** 发生 Cleveland BUS Excelled And, Detroit. tmin Grismold Zir. Darburth:

130 W. Supertie St. Kunsus City 70ff Grand Ast. Los Angeles 507 So. Grand Ass. Souttle 1889 Faurth Ann.

Minmenpolis New York for Fifth Air. Philadelphia 1500 Cherina St. Pletaburgh. 原原在 肝脏的。进行的 Portingd. Me. Grandf'rund By Sha. Portland, Ore. the Third St. Sr. Louis St. Paul BA East Fillh M. Son Francisco

689 Market St.

ANADIAN NATIONAL operates over 22,000 miles of track, a chain of hotels, florer of courtal and occurs attenuers and Nation-wide East press and Telegraph service—the largest nalway system in America.



Please smal me your free Alanka Booklet

(If strubent, state grade)

State ...... NAT. OBO. I

#### All-Expense Tours to

## EUROPE













#### Summer of 1927 37 Days \$385

VOU can so abroad for thirty-seven days or more. at modert expense, with the Arr Crafts Guild Collegiate Tours. Our congenial parties are composed of college studenra, seachers, artiss, clob members, business and professional people-each party personally conducted. A dence orchestra from a famous American University accompanies each tour. Plenty of deck space on shipboard for dancing, games, reat and recreation. See Figured, Holland, Belgium, France 37 Days, All-Expense trip, personally conducted, \$38%.

#### CANADIAN PACIFIC

"World's Greatest Travel System"

Weekly sailings from Montreal and Quebec during June, July and August. Two days down the picturesque St. Lawrence. Only four days open sea. A week in London. Eight days in Paris. Three days in Ostend. Fascinating trips to English custles, the Shakespeare country, Oxford, The Hague, Bruges, the battle areas and other places famed in history and literature. Ample time for individual sight-seeing and shopping.

Tour price includes all necessavy expenses on ship and shoer. Extensions to Scotland, Ireland, Switzerland, Germany and Italy at the same low cost.

#### Collegiate Cruises to the

Sailing June Fund June 30 from Vancouver, B. C.; visiting Japan, China and the Phillipines. All-Expense, 53 day cruise, 5655 and \$985. Write for illustrated literature giving complete detailed itineraries. Mention Europe or Otient.

ART CRAFTS GUILD TRAVEL BUREAU

Dept. 346, 500 N. Deurborn Street, Chicago, Ill.



Collegiate Tours



S. S. Veendam 25,620 TOHE

Enjoys universal prestige for the unexcelled lusury and comforts of her appointments, for her superlative cuisine, and for the exceptional character of service and management on board (arrively 1st class). Under the management of the Holland-America Lose in cooperation with the Frank Towart Company.

For their selection of accommodations make reservations now.

HOLLAND-AMERICA LINE
21-24 State Street New York
FRANK TOURIST CO. 542 Fifth Avenue, New York

or any authorized Stramship Agent

## Phoenix

at Christmas our thermometer says "60"

Always Springtime in Phoenix! Green lawns, blooming flowers, outdoor sports— January to December!

No zero weather! No fog! World famous sunshine — healthy, invigorating. Come this year to Southern Arizona, land of blue sky and scenery.

Golf, teenis, hunting, riding, fishing, mountains, deserts, canyons—all outdoors awaits you! A real Western vacation.

> Compon brings free de Inne booklet then comes Southern Puckle or Sonta Fe. Stop-overs on all tickets.



#### Phoenix-Arizona Club

HOT-A Chamber of Communic Hidge Prosents, Artz.

Please send free Bucklet and information.

Name .....

Address



THE woman's eye will note the thoroughly practical interior arrangement and distinguished exterior of this Face Brick house. Time enhances the charm as age enriches the beauty of its color tones. The passing years exact little toll, for the Face Brick house is truly the permanent economical house. The "Story of Brick" contains interesting facts for the prospective home-builder—sent free on request.

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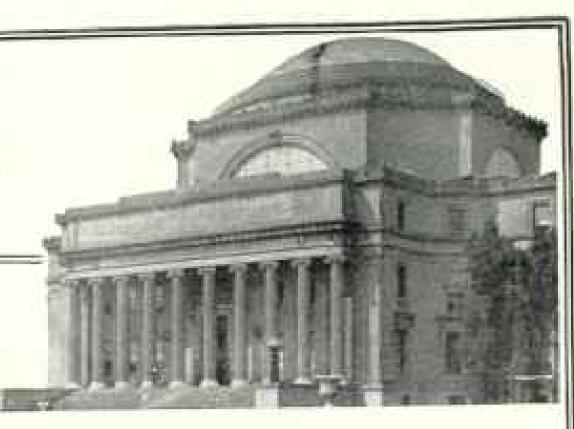
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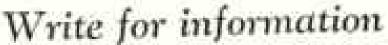
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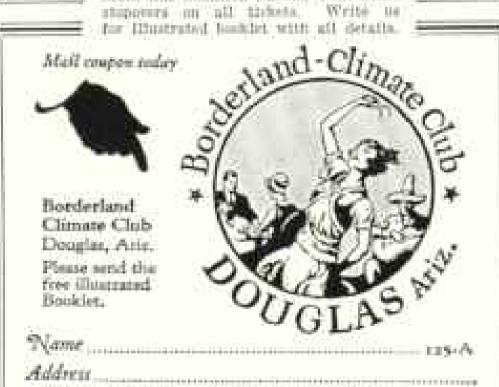
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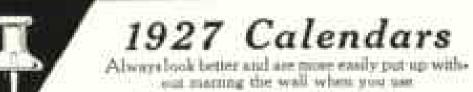
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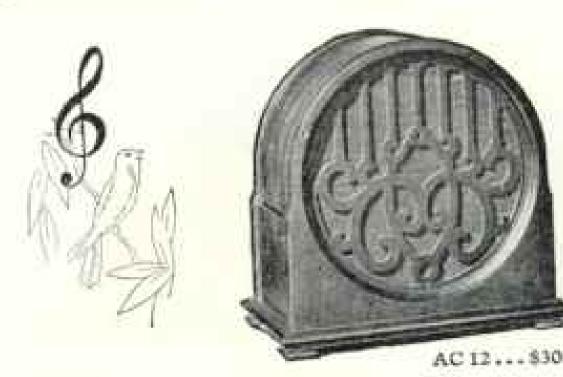
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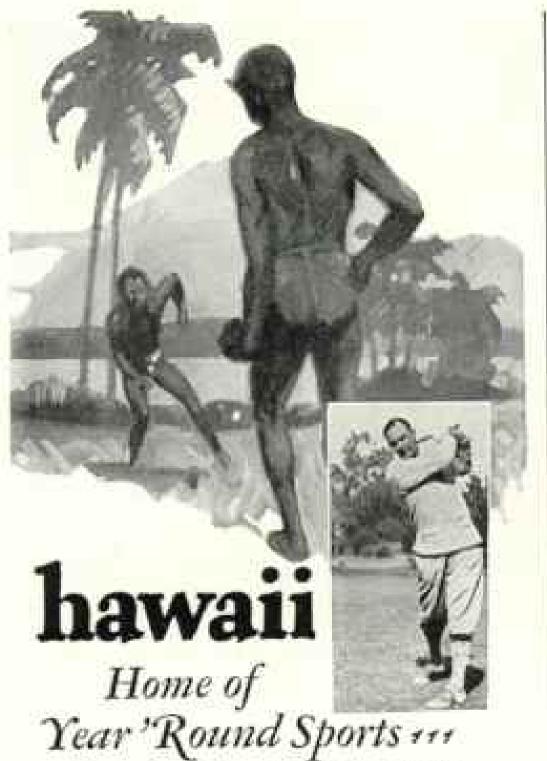
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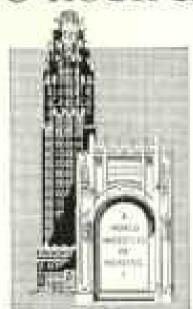
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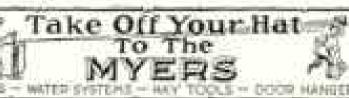
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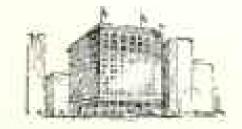
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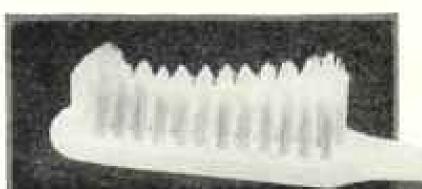
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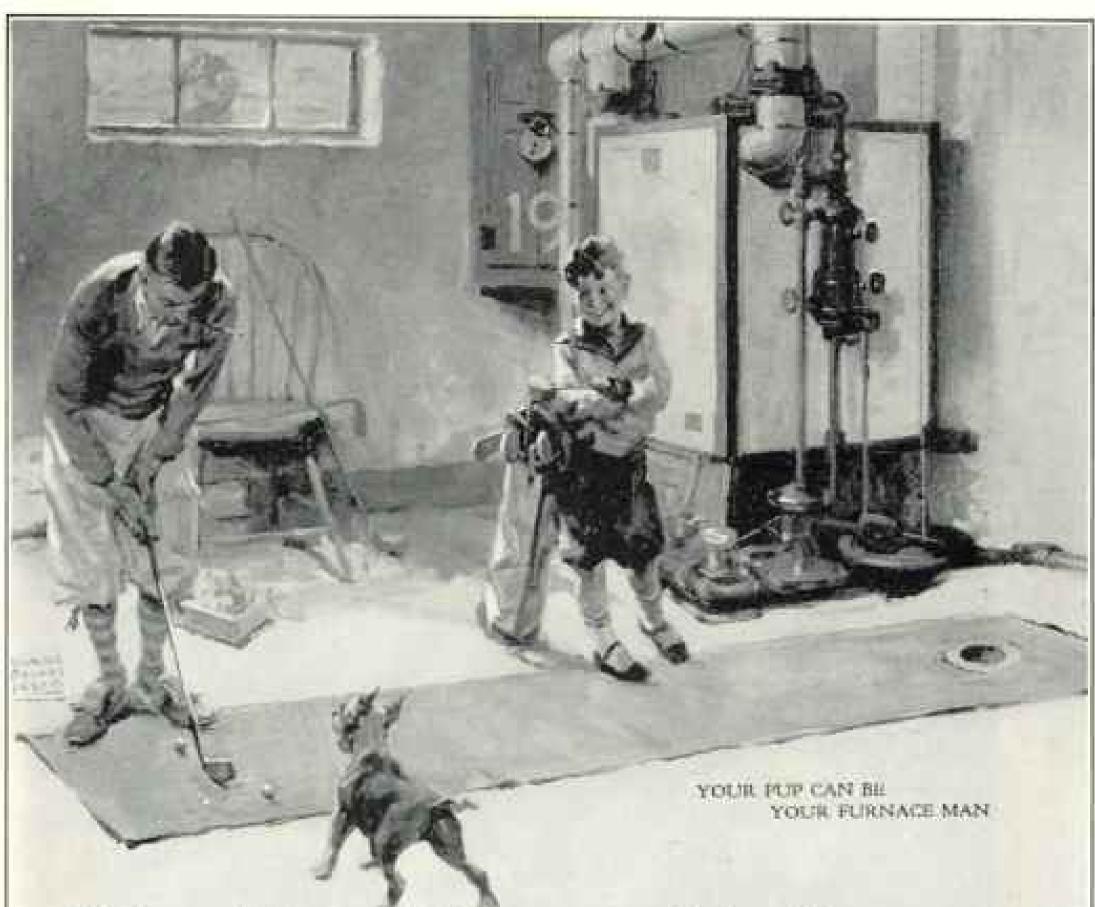
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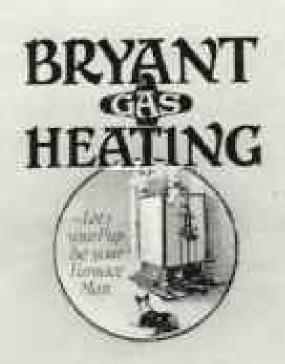
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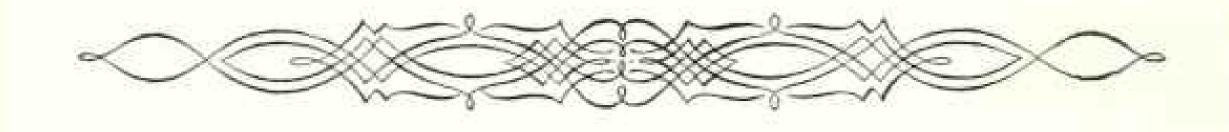
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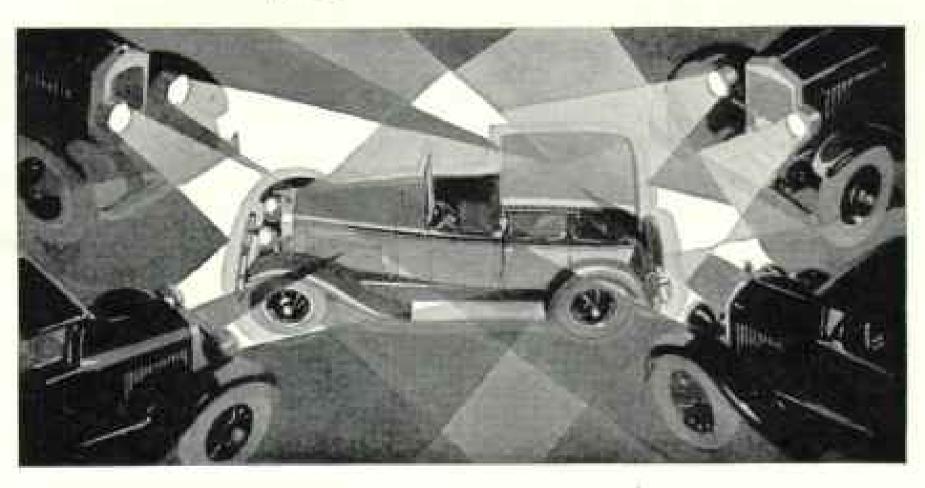
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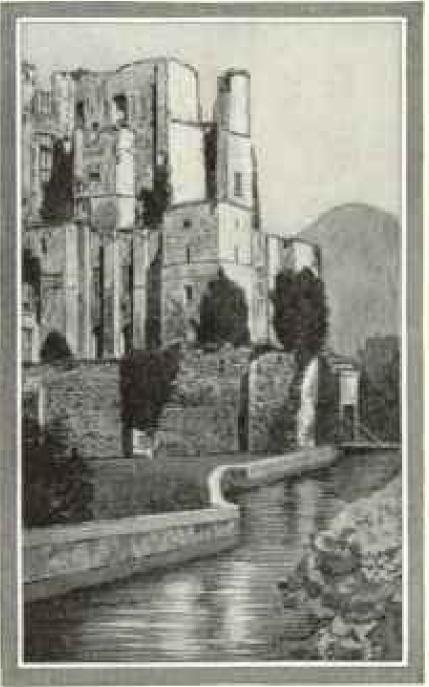


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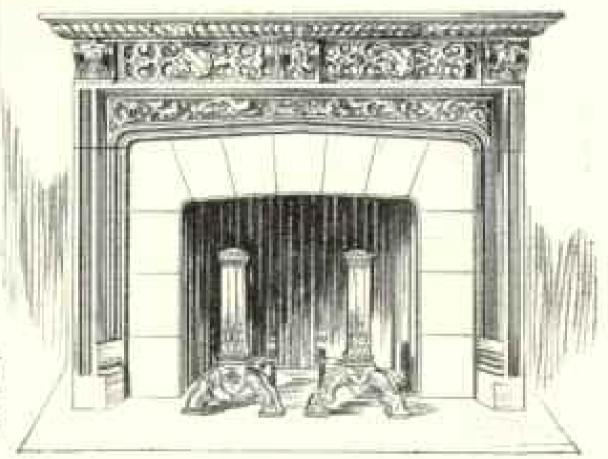
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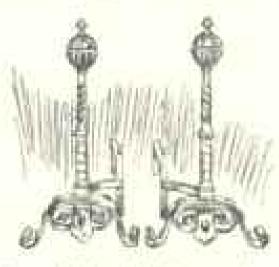


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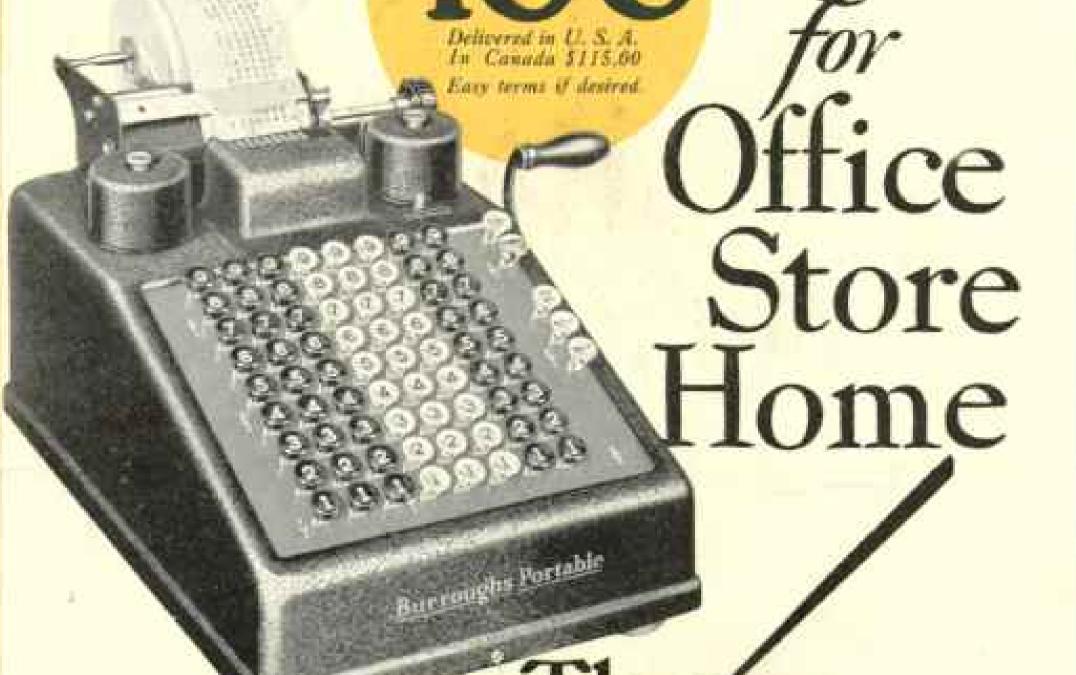
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